The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 1 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

PROHIBITION A MENACE TO THE WORKERS.

VIII.

Poking the fire from the top is a characteristic pastime of those who advocate the suppression of alcoholic drink. Tney insist that the workingman is not to be trusted to control himself, but must be protected from intemperance, and the working woman from immorality, by the removal of the opportunity rather than by strengthening of character or the elimination of those causes which create a craving for excess.

It was on similar grounds that in the early years of the efforts to reduce the hours of labor objection was raised to affording the workers more leisure. It was pretended that the workingman would spend his leisure time in intemperance, the working woman in immoral practices.

Experience has disproved these fears, real or pretended, since hours of work have been reduced and labor regulated in various countries and a variety of occupations. It has been found that lax morals are commonly the result of physical ill health or weakness, induced largely by overwork. "Drinking is most prevalent among working people where the hours of labor are long," said a witness before a United States Senate Committee in 1883. "Too often the very intemperance is created by the conditions of employment, by the excessive overstrain of endurance," said the British Chief Inspector of Factories and Workshops in 1902. "Saint Monday is now a thing of the past," said a report of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, in discussing the effect of legislation regulating labor.

There is abundant evidence to show that intemperance and other vices are the effect, not the cause, of ill health and inefficiency among working people, the physical debility in turn being produced by long hours and unwholesome factory conditions. The physical and moral status of the laboring people has improved greatly since the conditions of work have been more humanized.

If the people who are preaching prohibition would confine themselves to the restriction of intemperance, that is, of the excessive use of alcoholic drink, they would have the cordial support of the working people. And they would speedily learn that one of the essential steps to that desirable end would be the shortening of the hours of work and the general betterment of working conditions so as to diminish fatigue and minimize other debilitating influences. Excessive fatigue induces a craving for excessive stimulation, and other conditions, such as foul air generate excessive thirst.

To allow the causes to continue which lead to intemperance, and then to remove the means for gratifying cravings created by these causes, is about as rational as to build a big fire under the boiler and then sit on the safety-valve.

The working people need no guardian to keep them sober and moral, nor are they children who must have things put out of their reach. The attempts of prohibitionists in that direction are insulting, and their success would be degrading. Our working people are strong enough, if only we can do away with the health and strength-destroying influences of conditions of labor. Much has been done in that line. More remains to be done. We invite prohibitionists, and all others who may be sincerely interested in our forward movement, to give us all possible assistance in eliminating the evil influences of working conditions. We cannot escape them. We can gradually better them. But as to our recreation, we are fully able to control it and ourselves.

DISCUSS WORK IN FOUNDRIES.

Rochester, N. Y.—Representatives of the Iron Molders Union and their employers discussed foundries and working conditions with a representative of the State Labor department. The workers insisted that their health required vestibules, to exclude cold air from foundries when the doors were opened, and ventilators were suggested to carry off the fumes and gases created in the making of castings. The employers raised the question of expense, but the conference impressed them with the necessity of providing sanitation for the molders.

WOULD PRINT SCHOOL BOOKS.

Washington.—A new use for the government printing office is suggested in the bill introduced by Representative Hughes, chairman of the Committee on Education. He introduced a bill which provides that the public printer be authorized to print textbooks for use in public schools in the various states. The bill stipulates that the books should first be approved by the proper state authorities, and that a charge amounting to the actual cost of printing should be made against the states.

THE FRATERNAL SIDE.

San Francisco.—In his report to the convention of the Brotherhood of Boilermakers and Iron Ship Builders of America, President Franklin stated that $9,800 had been paid in death benefits during the past two years. He urged that the constitution of the union be so amended as to provide for a disability benefit ranging from $50 to $800.

EDUCATION THE SOLUTION.

Washington.—From a coal miner to a member of the President's cabinet and the recipient of the degree of doctor of laws from the Maryland Agricultural college, Secretary of Labor Wilson talked to the graduates of that institution on some of the problems confronting the workers. He said the difficulty in setting the capital and labor question was the proper distribution of the world's products, which must be accomplished through education. He added that labor and capital must get together and settle their differences of their own accord. He opposed compulsory arbitration because more often than otherwise neither side was ever satisfied.

OPPOSE THE INEVITABLE.

Davis, Cal.—Opposition of ranchers to the proposed eight-hour law featured meetings of the California Fruit Growers' Association, which appointed a committee of seven to devise ways and means of "educating the people to the danger" of this act. The committee secured a $5 contribution from those in attendance, and headquarters will be opened to combat the shorter workday idea.

AGREE TO EARLY CLOSING.

Hazelton, Pa.—Retail clerks report that their early closing movement is meeting with success. Practically every merchant has agreed to close his store afternoons at 5 o'clock with the exception of Wednesdays and Saturdays during July and August. Some of the business men favored closing at noon on Fridays and at five o'clock on other days.

G. P. O. NOTES

George W. Jordan of the forwarding and finishing division of the bindery left Friday for his home in Macon, Ga., where he will put in three weeks visiting.

Miss Kitty O. Keenwright of the stamping and casemaking division left last Friday for a three months' visit with relatives in Arizona.

Joseph H. Babcock of the day proof room is back at work again, after a week's absence on account of sickness.

Miss Mary Fitzpatrick of the stamping and casemaking section will spend a month's vacation visiting with her sister in Connecticut.

Timekeeper B. W. Butler of the day proof room finished up the balance of his annual leave and is on duty again.

Leonard Kukart of the forwarding and finishing section of the bindery has been confined to his home the past three weeks suffering from an attack of rheumatism.

The rumor committee is on the job.

George E. Dill of the foundry returned to work Wednesday, after enjoying the balance of his leave.

John J. McLean was acting inspector of the foundry last week during the absence of Inspector Dill.

John J. Burns of the foundry has the sympathy of his fellow employees in the death of his wife, which occurred last week.

George Loughery, assistant forman of the foundry division, finished taking the remainder of his leave last week. John J. McCauley was acting foreman in his place.

The following employees of the forwarding and finishing division have applied for leave: Martin Dreis, Thomas Easthurn, and William Milligan.

Clarence W. Hogarth, Miss Maria Watkins and William Evans were transferred from the forwarding and finishing section of the bindery to the ruling and sewing section Thursday.

The many friends of Charles Russell of the foundry division extend sincere sympathy to him in the loss of Mrs. Russell, whose death occurred on last Monday.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

Mr. Munsey's Philadelphia Times has suspended publication, throwing about 100 persons of employment.

La Parrae, La Patrie, the French daily at Montreal, has installed six monotypes, three for the job room and three for the newspaper.

Mr. Simpson disputes with Mr. Peake the credit for securing the screens for the windows of the G. P. O. Giving credit where credit is due, I can say that Mr. Goodkey was one of the first to suggest the pressing need of such accessories. So, between the several "claimants" the screens should be speedily forthcoming.

An heir arrived at the residence of M. B. Harran, monotype operator.

A daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Weitzel is to be married Friday evening of this week.

Edward W. Morcock is again on the sick list.

Oscar Bellinger was among the first of the G. P. O., employees to avail themselves of a full-time vacation period.

PLUMBERS ON STRIKE.

Winnipeg.—Plumbers union has called a strike in those shops that have refused to pay the new rate of 60 cents an hour. The old scale was 55 cents.

MAKES MINORITY REPORT

Sacramento, Cal.—Secretary Paul Scharrenberg, of the State Federation of Labor, and member of the California Commission of Immigration and Housing, does not agree with the report of Dr. Parker, executive secretary of the California Commission of Immigration and Housing, on the so-called Wheatland hop fields riot investigation. The minority report covers "the remedy" phase of the investigations from the standpoint of the organized workers and in forceful language points out the fact that all that has been done for the man or woman who toils has come to them through the initiative of the bona fide organized movement as at present represented by the American Federation of Labor.

The unionist scoffs at the idea that a band of self-styled "revolutionists" can make substantial progress, and indicates he is not alarmed at these periodical outbreaks.

In answering claims made by the majority report, Scharrenberg says:

"Why not give credit where credit is due and acknowledge that the labor movement of California—the 80,000 men and women under the banner of the American Federation of Labor—has already actually cured some of the worst evils under which the unorganized seasonal workers have suffered?

"The labor movement has spent thousands of dollars in an effort to inculcate the spirit of self-help (i. e., rational and permanent organization) among the casual and migratory workers of the State. The very law regulating sanitation and ventilation in the camps upon which the report dwells in detail and which it is hoped will make impossible a recurrence of the Wheatland riots, was drafted and placed upon the statue books mainly through the efforts of organized labor."

PAINTERS INCREASE WAGES.

San Francisco.—A conciliation board has decided that the wages of painters shall be $4.75, dating from May 14, and shall continue until December 31. After the latter date the rate shall be $5 a day on all work not specified in any previous contracts. This is an increase of 25 cents and 50 cents, respectively. The painters struck several weeks ago to enforce a $5 rate, and the issue assumed serious proportions when the employers threatened to lock out all union building mechanics. Both sides agreed to arbitrate, and the painters declared the strike off and returned to work. The unionists were represented by James M. Barry, editor of the San Francisco Star. Louis Saroni, a prominent merchant, represented the employers.

INSIST ON HIGHER WAGES.

Boston.—The executive board of the Pulp Sulphite and Paper Mill Workers union held a meeting in this city on the question of a renewal of contract with the International Paper company; which is being urged by this union and the International Union of Paper Makers. A strike vote will be called if necessary. The contract which was made between the men and the mills for one year expired May 1. The unions asked that the contract be renewed with the addition of a general increase of wages and a minimum wage limit to be fixed at $12 per week. The Great Northern Paper company has granted these concessions to their employes but the International has refused thus far.

"BLACKLISTING" ILLEGAL.

Washington.—The United States Supreme Court has sustained the government in its suit against the Eastern States Retail Lumber Dealers' Association, the so-called "lumber dealers' trust." The court declared that secret "blacklisting" of certain retail dealers was a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

THE MINIMUM WAGE LAW

Seattle, Wash., June 27.—Several firms in this city are evading the state minimum wage law for women, which calls for a minimum rate of $10 a week for merchantile positions. The apprentice wage, under the law, is $6.50. A considerable number of girls who were receiving $8 and $9 before the law went into effect have been discharged. In some cases indirect offers have been made to the girls that they can secure positions as apprentices, which would mean that they would work a year for $6.50 a week. The Seattle Herald comments as follows on this situation: "How much farther this extends through the city, we are not prepared to say at this time, but there is evidently a decided move on by the employers of the city to make matters even worse for their women workers than they were before the minimum wage law went into effect. They will so work it that the apprentice wage will be the maximum wage."

Olympia, Wash., June 27.—The state attorney general has notified Labor Commissioner Olson that merchants can, by reducing the number of work days to less than six, of the daily number of hours to less than eight, legally pay a smaller wage than $10, which is the minimum wage rate fixed by state law for mercantile establishments. It is held that the minimum wage law gives the commission authority only to fix a "weekly wage rate," and not a "weekly wage." Under this ruling department stores could arrange for half of their forces to report two hours late each day. The result would be that these employes would, at the end of the week, be entitled to only three-quarters of the minimum wage, or $7.50. It is said that many stores will experiment with some such method, operating their stores with only a partial force during certain hours during the week.

FARMERS FAVOR INITIATIVE.

Seattle, Wash.—Washington farmers have declared in favor of the seven initiative proposals for which petitions are being circulated throughout this State. At the Spokane convention of the Farmers' Union, and at the convention of the State Grange, held in North Yakima, strong resolutions were passed in favor of the measures which are being opposed by an organization known as the "Stop, Look, Listen League." The Farmers' Union declares this organization is using money unlawfully, and has adopted the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the Attorney General of the State of Washington and the prosecuting attorneys of the various counties be required to investigate the use of money by the 'Stop, Look, Listen League' in an attempt to hinder the securing of signatures and petitions for initiative measures to be placed on the ballot, and particularly the use of money for advertising throughout the state; for the hiring of managers and agents throughout the state. This is contrary to provisions of the law govering the initiation of measures, and if violation of law can be found, the prosecuting officials are urged to prosecute the offenders."

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Boone, Iowa.—Beginning July 1, printers in this city will receive a wage increase of $2 per week and $1 a week additional for two years thereafter. Carpenters are standing firm for their demand for a 5-cent-an-hour increase. Three contractors have accepted the new rate.

PLUMBERS RAISE WAGES.

Holyoke, Mass.—Officers of the Plumbers' union report that practically every employer has agreed to the new wage schedule of $22.50. The union is enjoying a 44-hour week, which will be continued under the new schedule.

UNIONS ARE NOT TRUSTS

Duluth, Minn.—The Labor World prints a letter written by Judge John W. Willis of St. Paul to President Wilson in which the well-known jurist urges that labor be released from classification under the Sherman anti-trust law. Judge Willis said, in part:

"It was never contemplated by the makers of the Sherman anti-trust statute that mere negation or the mere absention from work should be reckoned as an interference with commerce between the states. Indeed, since slavery and involuntary servitude have been abolished by the all-potent voice of the people, speaking through constitutional amendment, it is difficult to say how any enactment can be framed having for its design the punishment of abstention from labor without rendering such enactment absolutely obnoxious to both the spirit and the letter of the Federal constitution.

"A strike is the cessation of labor. Cessation from labor is the absolute privilege of the individual. A 'boycott,' so-called, is the abstention from the purchase of commodities. It is pure negation; not compulsion. It does not interfere with the crossing of state lines by any commodity and does not have any tendency to create a monopoly in commodities.

"An old English theory which has been expressed in certain adjudications that a workingmen's strike was an illegal conspiracy, has been exploded by the progress of humanitarian ideas and has been conclusively negatived in England by parliamentary enactments.

"The statutory measure known as the Sherman anti-trust act was designed to restrain the owners, buyers and sellers of material substances and not the mere possessor of producing capacity embodied in human form; such producers constituting the great majority of the citizens of the Republic. This act left each individual free to labor or not to labor, to buy or not buy as he might elect.

"In curtailing production or in keeping their products in their own hands, they are transgressing no rule of social or civic well-being since they were under no absolute obligation (being free men) to create the products in the first instance nor afterwards to sell such products to any person or in any market. The refrain from selling is, therefore, an act of negation not properly subject to the animadversion of penal statutes."

FIREMEN REDUCE HOURS.

Boston.—Stationary Firemen's union, No. 243, is making the long workday a thing of the past for men in this calling. A strike of a few hours in a distilling company's plant forced an abandonment of the nine-hour day and an agreement with the union that the eight-hour three-shift system would be adopted. At another large establishment in East Somerville the shorter workday and union conditions have been secured. The firemen report that the Boston & Maine railroad is accepting eight hours for stationary firemen. In one of the company's plants the manager granted the shorter workday and the union officials are holding conferences with the railroad management to settle another controversy.

SECURE EARLY CLOSING.

Massillion, O.—The Retail Clerks union has won a complete victory in its effort to secure early closing and union recognition. At one time the situation indicated a long struggle, because of the attitude of several merchants, but the strong trade union sentiment in this city made an adjustment possible.

LABOR TEMPLE PAYS.

Quincy, Ill.—Directors of the Labor Temple association report finances to be in excellent shape, with good prospects for greater increases in the future.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL AND UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 3, 1914.

LABEL AGITATION.

The Cincinnati Chronicle makes the following plea for more gitation for the union label:

Loyal trade unionists should never forget that it is their duty to continuously agitate for the union label.

In these days of adverse judicial decisions—one following fast upon the other's heels—the label is the weapon by which assaults from any quarter may be met and repulsed.

Injunctions may come and injunctions may go, but the label goes on forever.

It is the organized wage-earner's sword.

It is the organized wage-earner's shield.

Upon the union label might appropriately be inscribed: "In Hoc Signo Vinces."

The label is all-eloquent.

It speaks for a living wage.

It speaks for a shorter work-day.

It speaks for sanitary conditions.

It speaks for the child at school and not in the workshop.

It speaks for the union factory as against the sweatshop.

It speaks for woman, that when forced by injustice to earn her bread, she shall be on an economic equality with her male co-employe—equal pay for equal work.

It speaks for the protection of life and limb by forcing employers to provide safe and adequate tools, machinery and appliances.

And yet, why is this most potent of agencies not utilized to the full by organized toilers?

Why are not the wives, the mothers, the sisters, the daughters instructed—nay, commanded always and always to ask for the label?

It is time this indifference should cease.

Remember the label is the sacrosanct sign that no injunction can reach.

Then, now is the time—yet all times are opportune for such a resolution—that you should resolve:

To agitate with greater and greater energy.

To see that nothing is purchased by you, or those dependent upon you for support, that does not bear the label.

With these resolutions in the breasts of the trade unionists throughout the land, the labor movement could smile at the Kirbys and the Posts.

Petty dissensions, little jealousies and fault findings, carelessness and indifference, are the greatest of all reasons why some members of unions come to the point where they believe they should drop their energetic work for the advancement of the common cause. Perhaps of all these the greatest cause is the petty quarrels that will arise wherever a body of men argue out points in discussion of local topics.

Some of our members are big enough to understand that in the heat of argument they use strong terms and that they must let their opponents in the debate use strong terms, for strong terms are most forceful. These men, when the question has been decided, abide by the majority rule, dismiss the subject from their minds and take up something else that they believe will bring good to the organization. Some of the members are not able to do this. Instead of turning their attention to other matters and forgetting differences of opinion they remember the little tilts and by the second time such thing occurs they begin to believe it is personal.

Those who grow indifferent and careless about their union affairs naturally become anything but a help in the advancement of the cause. The fault is all with them and the sole cure is for them to attend meetings and get interested again.

Some members get a little jealous of the good work their brothers are doing, and brooding over these little jealousies soon make mountains out of mole hills. They begin by finding fault with some of the actions of their more active brothers and end by criticising all of them. Jealousy, in a way, is an acknowlegement of inferiority, for you surely would not be jealous of any one under or lower than you, and any one should be ashamed to acknowledge or show jealousy.

When the motto "Labor Omnia Vincet" was adopted by organizing labor in all of its branches it had a far different meaning than some are wont to imply today.

"Labor Conquers All," as originally said and used by labor organizations, means that labor is the panacea for all ills. It does not mean that organized labor is going to conquer the world by the brute force of its numbers and make capital submissive to it at every turn.

There is a real sermon in the motto and living up to it is a cure for all forms of maladies within organizations, especially within local unions. The member of a local who will study and live up to that motto, and act upon it, will find himself so busy that he will not have time to get jealous of his brother, will not have time for petty envy, and will become too industrious to grow careless or indifferent to the aims and ambitions of his union.

Work for the good of the cause—for the general good, and if you work hard enough you will not have time for the bad thoughts and for indifferent acts. Each man must be his own judge in this, but deep down within his heart he knows whether he is working hard enough to drive out the evils, or whether his good union principles and works are only surface deep.—Galveston Labor Dispatch.

ELECT BUSINESS AGENTS

During the past week there was several spirited contests for office of Business Agent in Building Trades Locals.

IRON WORKERS.

The Local of Iron Workers re-elected the present incumbent Bro. James Kelly who has held this office for several years, and has proven one of the most successful representatives that this local has ever had. Jim can be seen plugging from one job to another seeing to it that the Iron Workers are getting all that is coming to them, and then some. He well deserved the trust that has been reposed in him by his fellow brothers.

PAINTERS.

After a strenous and spirited contest this local re-elected Bro. Hancock. It is doubtful if this local has ever in its history made the strides that it has during the past year, under Webb's hustling qualities, and the business men engaged in the painting business all agree that it is a pleasure to deal with Webb on matters effecting their busines.

A great compliment was paid to "Webb" by Mr. Morrisey, the manager of W. B. Moses & Sons., when this concern settled the differences with organized labor. He said, "that he found Mr. Hancock a bright, intelligent representative of organized labor, and if he had to deal with Webb's class, there would never be any trouble with this concern and organized labor."

It was a well merited honor that the Painters bestowed on Webb, when they re-elected him, and it showed that the Painters are possessed of good sense in keeping a man like Webb in the office of Business Agent.

CARPENTERS.

At the election in this local for Business Agent, Brother George Myers was the winner. George is an old war horse of the movement for one his years and his wide experience on labor questions fits him particularly well for this important office. It is predicted that he will bring this local up to the largest, in membership, of any local in the movement, in this city.

Credit to whom Credit is due

To the Editor of the Trades Unionist.
Dear Sir:

In the last issue of your valuable paper I notice an article in regard to placing screens in the windows of the Government Printing office in which it was stated that Mr. Millard Peake was the prime mover in this worthy cause. This statement is misleading and incorrect. The facts in this case are as follows:

About six weeks ago the men employed in the mono section and night proof room were complaining about being annoyed by the thousands of insects—bugs of every description—and believing in the right and efficacy of petition, and believing also that the Public Printer being a good union man, and having the welfare of the employees under his supervision at heart, would do anything in reason to make the conditions under which the men work as pleasant as possible, I got up a petition, and it was signed by about 200 employees of the night force, and it was presented to the Public Printer for his consideration. So, if we get screens in the windows, the men who have been so much annoyed by the aforesaid bugs and insects can thank yours truly for first starting the movement to alleviate their distress, and no doubt they will feel deeply grateful to the Public Printer for putting in the screens.

Respectfully yours,
STEPHEN M. SIMPSON.
Lino Section Night.

ONE WAY TO ORGANIZE.

Baltimore.—Chairman Spieldock, of the local central body's organization committee, took advantage of the dance wave now on in this city to talk unionism to girls employed in a broom factory. The girls are young and the unionist interested Miss Hanaw, supervisor of the municipal dance hall, who arranged a private dance, to which the girls were invited. No charges were made, and as the event was properly advertised, the new Broom Corn Sorters' union includes every eligible worker who listened to good organization talks between the dances.

URGE FACTORY LAWS.

Grand Forks, N. D.—Stringent labor laws and state inspection of factories was urged by the North Dakota Federation of Labor convention. At the present time the state is without factory inspection laws. President Bates was re-elected, and the meeting place for next year was left to the board of directors, which will also discuss plans for labor legislation, prior to the convening of the state legislature, next winter.

BAKERY SALESMEN

It is with a feeling of deep appreciation that we take this occasion to thank the delegates of the C. L. U. for their endorsement of our grievance against the Washington Branch of the General Baking Company, for we feel that on account of the support promised by the action of the C. L. U. the matter was settled satisfactorily to the Union. A strike is, of course, the last thing we would like to see, and to have avoided what promised to be one is cause for thankfulness.

Our thanks are also extended to the Bakery and Confectionery Workers L. U. No. 118, for their stand in our behalf, for they stood ready to go the limit for us, and, as was so ably expressed by "Good Old John" Weber, if there was a doubt as to the justice of our grievance, as the manager of the plant against which we complained stated, the bakers were ready to give us the benefit of the doubt. In the face of such support as this, what could the opposition expect?

We hope that it will be a long time before any of our co-workers will need our support in a matter of this kind, but, as has already been the case, L. U. No. 33 can be relied upon to do their little part. To friends of organized labor, therefore, we repeat, "Thank You." To have the sick list drop from close to $600.00 in one quarter down to nothing at this writing is also a matter for congratulation, and this we extend to ourselves, keeping in mind Him to whom we are indebted for such blessings.

All the members reported prior to this writing, as on the mend, are continuing in that state and expect to be entirely well in the near future.

The difficulty with the local branch of a great corporation, engaged in the baking industry, which, as above recorded, has been settled so easily, on account of the readiness of our friends to aid us, brings to mind many sides of a question which will interest mankind from now until the end of the chapter. When an employer promises you, if ever so solemnly, that if you will stick to him he will guarantee you the wages you are now drawing for the next five years, and that if it should come about that his enterprise should, by the opposition of organized labor, be driven from the city, he will carry you with him to a city where his corporation has other establishments, and will there find employment for you, take it all with a great grain of salt. In the first place, is his position secure for that period? And in the second place, just request him to send the contract for a five years salary to the "Home Office" for ratification by the powers that be, and see if he will be willing to "come across." And you men who have been given a life policy for $500.00, to be paid to your beneficiary, at your death, for continuous service, hesitate a moment and consider what this surrendering of your rights may mean. Some of you have thought, probably, since the little wrangle, what is the intention of a company or corporation in becoming so suddenly generous? and have decided that there are so many reasons why your service, though rendered for years and years, may be broken off suddenly at any moment on account of the unjust conditions imposed, and that your gift policy is not as good as the paper on which it is written after you return to work.

And do you not also know that the offering of these—premiums we might call them—is only made with the intention of causing you to become dissatisfied with your organization?

But get out of your organization once, and you will quickly realize that you have killed the goose that laid the golden egg.

There are some of our members in the shop of the General Baking Company to whom we would refer were it not just possible that in praising them harm also might be done, but this we would say, while all the talk of who would prove true and otherwise was going the rounds there were men there who proved themselves good and true trades-unionists, as they should be, and who would have not failed us in the pinch.

But unfortunately there was another side which, thank Providence, we were spared, from exposing, and for the benefit of these men who in their own hearts know if the appellation suits them or not we would say to them just this: The Almighty hates a quitter.

In a controversy among their associates there are some men who would endeavor to pull the acrobatic stunt of sitting on the fence, and hanging over both sides at one and the same time.

J. L. CONSIDINE.

TO URGE LABOR LAWS.

Atlanta, Ga.—The Georgia Federation of Labor has prepared a list of laws beneficial to the workers which will be urged before the state legislature now in session.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN — Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter — OF AMERICA — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ALWAYS THE SAME

Tharp's Berkeley Rye

812 F Street Northwest

Phone Main 277 — Special Private Delivery

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. — TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY

COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS

518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

TELEPHONE MAIN 828

COLONIAL BEACH HOTEL

COLONIAL BEACH, VA.

Special Rates to Union Men and their Families

One Hundred (100) Beautiful Rooms

OPEN FOR ITS SECOND SEASON—THE FINEST ON THE POTOMAC

First-Class in All Its Appointments — M. W. SHERMAN, Prop.

Phone Main 6198

"S. Y. S."
SAVE YOUR SOLES

UNITED SHOE REPAIRING COMPANY

642 G STREET NORTHWEST

The Best Equipped Plant in Washington, Finest Work in the City. Work Called For and Delivered the Same Day. Just Call Main 6198.

Phone Main 6198

Phone Main 6198

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union — Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — 612 F Street Northwest

PAUL G. GARBER, President — Phone Main 6135 — CHAS. O. PARKS, Treasurer.

National Auto Transfer, Storage & Carpet Cleaning Co.

728 THIRTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST

Domestic and Oriental Rugs Cleaned, Washed, Repaired, and Laid

Phone Linc. 1481 — MILL AT 419 New Jersey Ave. N. W. — CHAS. T. KRAUSS, Mgr., Formerly with Stumph and Lyford

DRINK! BOTTLED

Coca-Cola

Office: 321 L Street S. W.

HEATING, PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL — AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

W. G. CORNELL COMPANY

COMPLETE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENTS

617 SOUTHERN BUILDING — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Dulin & Martin Co.

The Eddy Refrigerator

is made in many sizes and styles of construction, suitable for every family and space in the home.

Over 60 years of continuous development places the Eddy Refrigerator as the most satisfactory from every viewpoint of economy and preservation of food.

Sold by us exclusively for nearly fifty years.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

THE DRILLERY

1100 New York Ave. N. W.

Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.

Open All the Year.
Session Daily 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Summer Rates.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY

Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.

Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

OFFICE PHONE MAIN 5132 — NIGHT PHONE LINCOLN 1544

W. D. BRISCOE
IRON WORKS

Panorama Bldg. 15th & Ohio Ave. N. W.

Entrance 1424-26-28 C St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English

Civil Service Preparation

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

With unvarying persistence man's racial instincts show up. The first act of big black Jack Johnson after winning his recent fight was to eat a big chicken dinner.

• • • •

Doctor Louis Brocq writes in the Paris Medical Bulletin that "modern girls are losing their beauty by studying." Lord, Doc, if you get that information well scattered the female school will sure be a thing of the past and there'll be myriads of girls who won't know their abcs.

• • • •

James M. Weaver, well known and pleasantly remembered as a former member of Columbia Union (having served Uncle Sam several years as compositor and mergman), occasionally sends me publications from Haskell Institute, at Lawrence, Kans., one of the Government's Indian schools, and these show that "Jimmie," who is superintendent thereof, is putting his Indian pupils in the right way to become good printers. The work turned out is of excellent quality showing both the artistic and the intellectual. A recent pamphlet, "Does Indian education pay?" is particularly well done. The title, however, might excite some printers I know, and they would at once want to know, Which kind of Indians—Kickapoos or Wahs?

• • • •

Mr. Theophilus McClure, long a member of Columbia Union and for a number of years a worker in the Government Printing Office, though away from Washington (living with a son in Chicago), still takes a commendable interest in all things connected with Columbia Union, keeping his membership here and receiving his well-earned old-age pension through Secretary Seibold. Writing to that official a few days ago he sent this:

"Will you please hand the extra dollar over to the secretary-treasurer of the Printers' Baseball Club of Columbia Union, No. 101, and oblige an old-age pensioner and loyal booster for the aforesaid club?"

A good printer in the days of his activity, a fine character at all times, Mr. McClure is still a good sport and in love with the printer baseball movement. The writer recalls him as a most pleasant companion and workfellow in days gone by and would be delighted to meet him at the coming Cincinnati session of the Union Printers' National Baseball League.

• • • •

It was a pleasure to the writer to see Rene L. Julian on the streets a few days ago. After a trying illness, most of which was spent in a hospital, this much liked member of Columbia Union is steadily getting back to good form—pleasing news to his numerous friends.

• • • •

From Lon A. Shimp's paper, the Duwamish Valley News, published at Georgetown, a suburb of Seattle, Washington, I extract the following item, which will be of interest to many of my Washington and Manila readers:

"Mr. Samuel Music, assistant director of printing of the governmnnt printing office of the Philippine Islands, at Manila, accompanied by his bride, arrived on the steamship Minnesota this week en route to Washington, D. C., and other eastern cities. Mr. and Mrs. Music are now enjoying a six months' trip around the world.

"Sam, who is an old friend and coworker of the editor, has achieved distinction since we worked together in the government service at Washington, D. C., and he is one of those fellows who makes good wherever fate and circumstances cast his lot.

"In addition to being one of the most expert compositors and proof readers the editor ever had the acquaintance of, he has become an expert golf player. More power to him."

• • • •

In the Washington Post's awards for its free trips for ministers to the Holy Land, Rev. C. E. Fultz, of the United Brethren Church, won first place. Aside from pleasing this popular minister's friends at large, this is particularly gratifying to his many friends connected with labor organizations. The Doctor is very popular among union printers, several of whom belong to his church, and it is safe to say that the good work of these went a long way toward putting him in the lead. Mr. Thomas Harris, of the Government Printing Office, was the enthusiastic leader of the printers' contingent, and it is needless to say that he is very happy over the success of Fultz. In my writing in this paper and the Typographical Journal I urged that this popular minister receive the support of union printers and organized labor in general, and I congratulate Dr. Fultz on winning. The man who works can do things when he combines with other workers; and that's why Dr. Futz heads the list of Holy Land visitors.

• • • •

The excursion given by the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association to Marshall Hall on Saturday last afforded pleasure to those who attended—a pleasure enhanced by the fact that another printer organization, the Judd and Detwiler Relief Association, also had their annual outing there at the same time. While the receipts were not as large as had been hoped, yet the help of all is much appreciated by the Athletic Association. A considerable sum is yet to be raised in order to send the ball players to Cincinnati, but the boys are hopeful that the problem will be solved satisfactorily before the time to start to the meeting July 31, 1914. The club won the championship last year at Pittsburgh, and of course feel in duty bound to appear at Cincinnati and defend it. The Union Printers' National Baseball League is composed of printers representing the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Washington, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Cleveland, Boston, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and seems to be constantly growing.

W. N. Brockwell.

IN A NEW PLACE.

The many friends of James Conroy, the vice president of the Bartenders will be pleased to learn that he has accepted a position with the old reliable concern of Shoemaker's. Jimmy as he is popularly known, has a large personal following owing to his genial disposition and he is a valuable man to have behind the bar, and we wish to congratulate the fiirm of Shoemakers in adding the services of Jimmy Conroy, to their well-known chore of smiling thirst dispensers.

POSTPONE STRIKE.

Scranton, Pa.—Acting on the suggestion of a committee representing the Central Labor Union, the Horseshoers' union has postponed the calling of their strike and has appointed a committee which will endeavor to adjust differences with their employers.

Bricklayers' Union No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P. Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night

Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.

Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and John Weber.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. Frank A. Kidd, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: John Weber, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry S. Hollohan, Ben Spellbring and Henry Nolda.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, William Whyte, and J. H. Conroy.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. R. Brownly.

Resolutions: James J. McCracken, Chairman. Harry Shearer, W. W. Keeler.

Organization: P. A. Sugrue, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, T. A. Brosnahan, Chas. Callen, Frank Rom, Fred Fox.

Auditing: Ben Lorch, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, Henry Nolda.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. Charles J. Heuter, M. J. Costella.

Label: Walter Whitehead, Chairman.

Delegates to Baltimore: Julius Staats, Chairman. William Robert, and John R. Hartley.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman Walter Whitehead, and W. Lee Morris.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
SPRING AND SUMMER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Mr. UNION MAN,

your credit is always good here. You can select any article from our enormous stock of high-grade jewelry and silverware, and pay for it on terms as low as

FIFTY CENTS A WEEK.

CASH CANNOT BUY BETTER VALUES

HERE'S AN EXAMPLE
1-4 CARET
PRICE
$25.00

SCHWARTZ
JEWELRY and SILVERWARE
824 SEVENTH ST. N. W.

LIVERIES, UNIFORMS — SPORTING GOODS

Saks & Company
MEN'S AND BOYS OUTFITTERS

Ave. and 7th St. — Wash. D. C.

PHONE MAIN 3495

GUIFFRE'S

Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50

908 Pa. Avenue — Northwest

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
J. G. O'DONNELL, Vice-President....1312 Mass. Avenue S.E.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden...1910 14th St. NW.
D. N. MOXLEY, Conductor..110 5th Street N. E.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Business Agt., 814 7th St. N. E.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
George Rosson.....1527 Columbia St. N.W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

EXECUTIVE BOARD

R. H. Burdette, President 803 Mt. Vernon Place
E. B. Byrne, Secretary, 209 Wilkes St., Alex., Va.
H. S. Hollohan.....814 Seventh St. N. E.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.

SUB-MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne, Chairman.....425 G St., N. W.
Allen Lithgow, Secretary...160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd St. N. W.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
J. A. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
Thomas Echols....714 Duke St. Alexandria, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd Street N. W.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd Street N. E.

DELEGATES B. T. M. C.

D. N. Moxley.....110 5th Street N. W.
H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
George Rosson....1527 Columbia Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

BUSINESS AGENT

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. F. Davis.....439 Second Street, N. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

All amusements—Music—Mammoth Boardwalk—And Extended Pier—Dancing Free
Excellent Hotels and Cafes.

ROUND TRIP---Week Days, 25 cents
Sundays and Holidays, 50 Cents

TRAIN SCHEDULE EFFECTIVE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
(Save this for future reference.)

Leaves District Line Station Daily, Monday to Friday Inclusive;
10.00, and 11.30, A. M.; 2.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.

SATURDAYS:
10.00, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.15, 5.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.

SUNDAYS:
9.30, 10.30, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.20, 4.45, and 8.00 P. M.

Trains Return at Frequent Intervals

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street — Northwest

Corby's Yeast
Is Union Made

The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. — Station K

HOTEL FRITZ REUTER

European — Henry Achterkirchen, Proprietor

WASHINGTON'S ONLY GERMAN HOSTELRY

Four and a Half St. and Pa. Ave. — Rathskeller and Bar

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

Delicious High Balls

— ARE MADE OF —

Xander's Famous Whiskies

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

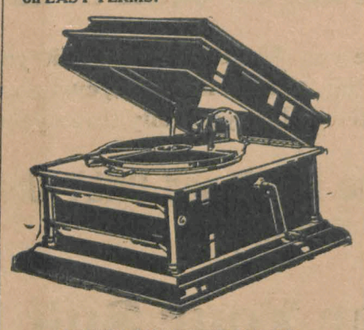
P. B. Suits
for Spring and Summer
in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25

Parker, Bridget & Co.

HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS

"The Avenue at Ninth"

HAVE this Columbia Grafonola only $50.00 on EASY TERMS.



COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY,
1210 G STREET N. W.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS PHONE MAIN 5912 ALL AMUSEMENTS

COLONIAL BEACH WASHINGTON'S ATLANTIC CITY

AVERAGE SUMMER POPULATION 15,000

PALATIAL STEAMER ST. JOHNS

LEAVES 7th Street Wharf: SATURDAYS 2.30 P. M., and SUNDAYS 9.00 A. M., During JUNE, JULY, and AUGUST, EXCEPT MONDAYS.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS 50 CENTS
EXCEPT SUNDAYS JULY and AUGUST

TICKET GOOD FOR THE SEASON $1.00
CHILDREN HALF FARE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 chord at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 20812th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall. 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1494 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, Jos. Crist, 332 E St. n. e.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secttary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, D. S. Lewis, 1310 6th street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Fr day of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mon days of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, M. O'Connor, Georgetown, D. C., Station A.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1006 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

HUNKS OF DOUGH

Wherever organized labor was fortunate enough to get an employer to enter into an agreement that employer found that such an agreement was to be lived up to as close as the circumstances surrounding his particular shop or factory permitted, but not that alone; he always found that every individual member of the Union tried to do his or her part, insofar as that agreement was concerned. In short, he found that his employes realized their responsibility as members of the Union. And so it is with members of the Bakers' Union of Washington. If there are members who violate the contract (and only in its moral sense) they are made to give an account to their organization of their actions. But the fact may proudly be stated that violations on the part of the members of the Bakers' Union are on the decrease very much indeed, and only on one occasion, during the term of the present administration, has there been any work for the Committee of Inquiry of the Bakers.

The Committee on the "Unemployment Fund" are holding their meetings in spite of the hot weather, and from what could be learned they will report a good and well-considered proposition back to the body, and it is to be hoped that this matter gets a thorough hearing.

While speaking of the hot weather, Bro. Geo. Turner contemplates getting out of sight of the "dough" by making a trip to Baltimore, Norfolk, Providence, Boston, New York and Hoboken, where in the latter place he will see the bakers who make the bread for the passengers of the largest ship afloat, the Imperiator, or Vateriand.

George says that he has never seen such big boats and will not lose the chance to look them over. It might also at this time be proper to state that Bro. G. Suppers, formerly a member of the Bakers' Union, and before going into business in North Carolina, foreman of the shop of the Havenner Bakery, underwent an operation at the Georgetown Hospital, from which he never recovered, and he passed away at that institution, Mrs. Suppers being with him during his last moments. Interment took place at Greensboro, North Carolina. Mr. Suppers was, during his life, an active member of the Bakers' Union.

The annual picnic of the Baltimore Bakers Union, as per Bro. Geo. Haberlander, in the Bakers' Journal, was a great success, and as there were many of the Washington bakers present at that jubilee, they are entitled to some of the credit, for their co-operation in making the jollification such a success, socially as well as financially.

The bakers, in Baltimore, have received a raise of a dollar a week since May, and let us hope that their very efficient business agent, Geo. Haberlander, will succeed in his attempt, and the very creditable one of making L. U. No. 67 broader and better; in fact we in Washington have good reason to help him in his work, and we will even promise not to get jealous if he succeeds in making No. 67 a pillar, strong and mighty, in the interests of all organized efforts in general and the International Bakers' Union of America in particular.

Having decided that "It is not well for man to be alone," Bro. H. Feige recently decided to forsake, single blessedness and having made everything ready, will be joined in the bonds of matrimony on July 1st to a Miss Limberger. Henry will be remembered by his many friends in the Union as a Georgetown boy who learned his trade at Krafft's Bakery, under Bro. John Franke, which, in itself, speaks for his ability as a workman. As Henry has a steady job, eight hours a day, pay envelope ready every Tuesday, there seems to be no cloud upon the horizon of his happiness. He will have the best wishes of all "the fellows."

Last meeting of L. U. No. 118 was important as an epoch-making event, as the Local, co-operating with the local of the Bakery Salesmen, had the stage all set, all preparations made, for a strenuous conflict with a local concern, when management of the said concern "came over," thus causing a cessation of hostilities in this particular case, but not soon enough to prevent the members of organized labor, and their friends, in this vicinity from noting that there is at last a coalition of interests between these two organizations, and that on this account a repetition of the many little things, which have been troublesome in the past, will in the future be the more quickly disposed of.

The agreement, which has been drawn up for the regulation of the protection of the mutual interests of both ends of the baking industry, is really a little masterpiece, and great credit should be given to Business Agent John Schmidt, and his colleagues, for their work in this matter.

We feel that the work of these two organizations is at last for the mutual welfare of the Bakery Workers, and standing together in this manner success will the more easily be ours.

C. P. REICHEL.

TO MAKE SHOW OF STRENGTH.

Denver.—Organized labor in this city has issued invitations to unionists throughout the state to assemble in Denver on Labor Day and hold a monster celebration for the purpose of impressing on politicians the views of workers for industrial justice. It is said this move is being favorably received throughout the state. The project also is intended to answer those politicians who are now endeavoring to capture the fall elections under the cry "law and order."

CORBY BROS.

100 per cent Pure Bread fresh three times daily

AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

THESE PICTURE HOUSES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
La Grand Park, N. Capitol & N.Y. Ave.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Fairyland - 19th L Sts. N.W. (colored)
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.

Phone Main 5575 For Gentlemen Only

Lafayette Turkish Baths

BELASCO THEATRE BLDG.

Finest and Best Equipped Establishment South of New York

SERVICE UNEXCELLED

OPEN DAY and NIGHT ROBERT GUARD, Manager.

Repairing Accessories — Phone Main 4186 Residence 339-Y

John S. Berryman

AGENT FOR

Harley Davidson Motorcycles

— AND —

Great Western Bicycles

912 9th St. N. W. Washington, D.C.

TERMINAL BAR

STRICTLY UNION

No. 44 G STREET N E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up

HOTEL STERLING

13th and E Streets

Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

SUMMER COMPLAINT

Everybody should keep a bottle of "Weller's Quick Relief" in the house. It is safe, sure, and effectural, and will give prompt relief. Don't wait until you get the pain, but buy a bottle and keep it on hand and be ready for the pain when it comes. PRICE, 25c

Weller's Drug Store

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

When transferring at the Avenue and 7th Stop in and see

Karl Achterkirchen

Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars

205 7th Street Northwest

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents

Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find

THE NORRIS HOUSE

OPEN AT 4 A. M.

DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor

Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth Street Southeast

Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

Every Day at 4.00 o'clock Chili Con Carnie

New 1-2 MILE TRACK

10th and E Streets N. W.

ASK FOR IT Phone North 192

Fussell's Ice Cream

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. Washington, D. C.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

"THE TOGGERY SHOP"

Sol Herzog & Co. Inc.

Mens Furnishings, Hats, Summer Clothing, Rain Coats, etc. Nifty, Nobby Straw Hats, Panamas, and Bankcoks, at Moderate Prices.

602 9th Street N. W. Washington, D. C.

When Purchasing Bread Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG

Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Whenever You are Downtown Stop in

McCord's Cafe

919 F STREET N. W.

and get one of those Famous 35 Cent Dinners. Lunches from 11.30 A. M. to 2.30 P. M.

GUY McCORD, Proprietor.

REED The Live WIRE

GROCERIES, MEATS and PROVISIONS

500 New Jersey Ave. Northwest

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevator Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

ALLEN'S BUFFET

PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET

J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET

OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE

UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY

332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 3 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

PROHIBITION A MENACE TO THE WORKERS.

The fight against alcoholic drink—not the sane efforts to eliminate certain drawbacks connected with the saloon business as at present conducted—is a reactionary class movement. It is perfectly well understood that prohibition has never prevented him who had money from getting such beverages as he wanted, nor will it have such effect if established on a national basis, for, if he cannot import the goods, he can get them from underground sources or prepare what he wants himself. He can buy it by the case, the box or the barrel, and have the necessary furniture to keep it for use when wanted.

But what about the workingman, or the common people in general? Few people, comparatively, can, or at least will, invest several dollars at a time in a stock of drink. They want it when they want it, and not at other times. The satisfaction lies, in part, in having it just at the right time. And when they want it, they want to spend a nickel or a dime, perhaps a quarter. If there is no place to buy a drink the common people are shut out from having it.

The enjoyment of alcoholic drink, one of the ancient inheritances of the human race and a precious gift of nature, to be used temperately and wholesomely by the great majority of mankind, thus becomes a privilege of the well-to-do. Another privilege is added to those possessed by the classes as against the masses. "Local option," says a labor paper—and it might as well have said it of prohibition in general—"is indeed a workingman's question. Trade unionism is not compatible with the principle of local option, for the aim of the latter is to prevent a citizen or several citizens from exercising a personal inherent right, the exercising of which only concerns his or their own personal tastes." As to those who abuse the right to indulge in alcoholic drink, that publication, with keen insight into the whole drink problem, remarks: "This small minority would be drunkards under any conditions, prohibition or otherwise. . . . They simply live to debauch in some shape or form. Labor as a whole certainly does not want the general community to be fettered and shackled because of these few men."

Speakers and writers have tried to ridicule the description of the saloon as the "poor man's club." Such jests become foolish in the light of the fact that settlement and charity workers and other investigators of social conditions who have examined into the functions of the saloon, have quite generally indorsed the idea. In its volume on "Substitutes for the Saloon" the so-called Committee of Fifty, consisting of a group of the most eminent divines, scientists, scholars, philanthropists, charity workers, bankers, professional and business men, states that "an unbiased study of the saloon as it exists in our American cities . . . compels the conclusion that it is acting today as a social center. The longer one searches for just the right kind of a substitute for the saloon . . . the more one despairs of finding it. . . . And yet such places are a positive necessity, for the social instinct that demands and finds its satisfaction within the saloon is a reality. . . To satisfy the social needs of thousands of our laboring people, stands the saloon ready to welcome them, and admirably adapted to such an end."

PREDICT BUSINESS BOOM.

New York.—This country is on the threshold of a record-breaking business boom, is the opinion of Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, who said: "Any man of experience and thought must realize that it is only a question of time when there will be a decided improvement; when this country will make greater and more satisfactory progress than ever before. Business is halting, but expectant.

"I believe in the early autumn we shall see an improvement in our business conditions. We are already witnessing an increase in tonnage, and it will be further increased, I trust. The mere fact that tonnages are increasing from day to day will naturally influence some improvement in prices."

UNIONISTS DISCHARGED.

Chicago.—Officers of the Brotherhood of Railway Freight Handlers charge the St. Louis Terminal, the Baltimore and Ohio, and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroads with having discharged freight handlers on account of union affiliation. Requests for assistance have been forwarded to President Gompers, of the A. F. of L.; Congressman Buchanan at Washington, and A. F. of L. Vice President O'Connell, who is a member of the Federal Industrial Relations Commission.

VACATIONS FOR PRINTERS.

Peoria, Ill.—H. M. Pindell, publisher of the Peoria Journal, has posted a notice that during the months of July and August he will give every employe on the paper one week off, with full pay, besides one day off every two weeks for each employe.

UNIONISTS O. K. CHARTER.

Cincinnati. — The Central Labor union has indorsed the new charter. A committee reported that the proposed organic law will establish a government under which orgainzed labor has an open chance for fair representation; that it embodies the principles of home rule, and that it is subject to the initiative and referendum. The Council also voted to support the recall proposition, which was separately submitted. By a unanimous vote President McManus was instructed to appoint a committee of twelve to co-operate with other unionists to secure the adoption of the charter.

FAVORS UNIVERSAL 8-HOUR DAY.

Philadelphia.—A universal eight-hour day, applicable to all states, was favored by General Manager Barda, of the Midvale Steel Works, before the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations. Mr. Barda modified his opinion, however, by declaring that such a law would militate against American industry in times of depression, and that a shorter workday would mean an added cost to the ultimate consumer.

SANITARY VICTORY GREATEST.

Columbus, O.—Demonstration to the world that such an unhealthful place as Panama was can be converted into perhaps the most sanitary region to be found anywhere will be of greater benefit to mankind that the vast commercial value of the Isthmian canal, said Rev. Dr. Luther Freeman in an address in this city. "The transformation in Panama, which learned men said was impossible, has shown that there need not be unhealthful cities," he asserted. "There is no need of slums and other hotbeds of disease."

Norddeutscher Lloyd Bremen

By F. E. Buckland.

On Board S. S. Rhein,
June 27, 1914.

As our steamer puts into Southampton for a couple of hours tomorrow I will send your readers a few lines of our voyage across the Atlantic, which has been a rather uneventful one.

We sailed from Baltimore promptly at 2 p. m. on the 17th inst., with every stateroom occupied, and nearly all of the officers' rooms are also occupied by passengers. The passenger list includes people from many of the eastern and middle states, but the majority are German-Americans, some of them returning to the fatherland for their first visit. Taking the passengers as a whole they are a rather congenial lot and we have made several pleasant acquaintances.

Soon after leaving Baltimore we passed the old historic fort of McHenry, during the bombardment of which in 1814 Francis Scott Key wrote the Star Spangled Banner. After an hour's run down the Patapsco river we entered Chesapeake Bay, but from the deck of the steamer obtained many pleasant views along the slowly-receding shores. About 4 o'clock Annapolis could be seen in the distance, the golden cupola of the Naval Academy glowing in the afternoon sun. At 11 o'clock the lights of Norfolk could be seen, and at 2 in the morning our pilot got off, we passed Cape Henry and really began our voyage.

Saturday and Sunday the seas ran very high and resulted in making many of the passengers sick, not more than half of them being able to come in for their meals. The weather has been unusually warm, so much so that I have not had to wear my overcoat at any time. Our course is a southerly one, well out of the way of icebergs, and consequently we were in the Gulf stream longer than usual.

We have had much to amuse us during the voyage in addition to the usual concerts on board. One day there was held a mock trial for breach of promise, and the verdict of the jury was that the defendant and plaintiff should be married, so the next day there was a mock marriage, with all the trimmings and fuss that accompanies such affairs. The captain does his part in making these amusements successful, and in the latter instance had a huge bridal cake baked, which was cut by the bride and distributed among the passengers. However, the two bridesmaids were a couple of young men arrayed in female attire, and they performed their duties like veterans and really won more applause than did the bride or preacher. In addition to the above there have been two balls on deck, one of them a fancy dress ball. A very interesting lecture was delivered one morning by a Hindu passenger. His subject was India, and what he had to say about British rule in his country was well worth hearing, but if John Bull could have heard what he said the people of India would do to the invaders of that land would make the suffragettes look like amateur disturbers of the peace.

We get about half a column of wireless news each day at noon, including the market reports and the score of the American and National League clubs, and we notice that the Nationals are slowly but surely sliding down the toboggan to the place they formerly occupied in the old days.

Quite a number of the passengers were disembarked at Southampton, and we will arrive at Bremen some time Monday and will go on to Hamburg and then into Denmark.

We have seen a number of the crack ocean greyhounds during the voyage. Those going in our direction soon show their heels to the slow piking Rhein, but I am sure they are not having any more fun, nor getting any more for their money than we are. From now on ocean craft will be in sight nearly all the time until we land.

CARPENTERS RAISE WAGES

Lexington, Ky.—After a nine-weeks' strike, 200 union carpenters have returned to work, having made substantial advances in their wage scale and working conditions. The settlement was made possible by a committee of citizens who acted as intermediaries between the two forces, which had become estrangled because of the vigorous manner in which the strike was waged. By the terms of the settlement the contractors agree to recognize the union in their dealings with union carpenters and further agree that there shall be no discrimination because of union affiliations. The ten-hour work day is reduced to nine hours and the minimum wages is advanced from 25 cents to 27½ cents an hour. From this standard, the rates advance, according to efficiency. William D. Huber, former president of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, assisted the strikers, whose compact organization and thorough discipline made success possible.

IN GRIP OF WHITE PLAGUE.

Atlantic City, N. J.—"There are 20,000,000 school children in this country and 1,000,000 of them have tuberculosis," was the statement of Dr. Mrs. Mary E. Lamham, of Highlands, N. C., in her plea for a periodic examination of young students, delivered before the section of preventative medicine and public health of the American Medical association.

"Generally speaking, every child in the United States by the time it reaches maturity is infected with tuberculosis. The true prevention of tuberculosis lies in finding out the danger in time to overcome it," she said.

NEW CHILD LABOR LAW.

Trenton, N. J.—Drastic child labor legislation in this state took effect last Saturday. A legal barrier will now prevent children of tender years from being employed in unhealthful occupations or at late hours. One of the most vital provisions in the legislation is the one which vests authority in officials of each municipality to deal with offenders of the statutes. The new laws make the employers and the parents equally liable to prosecutions in cases of violations of the statutes, prison term penalties are provided, and machinery is created to enforce the legislation.

NEWS FROM KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Mo.—After a short strike the employes of the Bulte Milling company, in Armourdale, secured the adoption of their new wage scale, which will be accepted, it is believed, by other mills in this vicinity in the near future. The trade union movement is urging the adoption by the city common council of an ordinance which provides for the union scale of wages in all departments of the city. The central body has appointed a large committee to assist in the organization of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

WAGES ARE GUARANTEED.

McNeil, Ark.—The strike of firemen and shopmen, which tied up the Louisiana and Northwestern Railroad, has ended. The men struck because of a failure to receive wages for the past two months. On being guaranteed prompt payments in the future, they declared the strike off and returned to work.

LAUNDRY WORKERS GAIN.

Wheeling, W. Va.—Bellaire laundry workers have secured the signatures of laundry proprietors to a contract which provides for a minimum wage somewhat lower than the Wheeling rate but all other conditions are identical.

WORKERS WIN STRIKE

Washington.—The settlement of differences between the Brotherhood of Carpenters and the Irving & Casson Co., with headquarters in Boston, illustrates the power of unit in the efforts of workers to maintain living standards. On this settlement, Secretary Duffy, of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, writes as follows to Secretary Morrison, of the A. F. of L.:

"The settlement is a signal victory for the members of our organizations, and is the culmination of a fight which has lasted for the last eight years, during which time hundreds of thousands of dollars have been expended in state and federal court proceedings, strike benefits and other incidentals. Eight years ago the Irving & Casson company refused to grant union conditions and pay union wages to the men on their various jobs throughout the country, and as a result our members struck and refused to handle the interior trim manufactured by the company. The fight brought on state and federal injunctions in the lower courts, which we carried to higher tribunals on appeal. These cases have been costly propositions, and might have been continued indefinitely had a settlement not been reached. However, it is more than likely that the injunctions now in force against the United Brotherhood will be vacated.

"The agreement reached provides for a strictly union shop and union wages, and affects carpenters, wood carvers, cabinet makers, hardwood finishers, upholsterers and painters. In the city of Boston alone thousands of building trades men were affected, to say nothing of the men on jobs in other cities.

"The victory is regarded by us as one of the most important ever gained."

ILLITERACY APPALLING.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—In an address in this city Miss Mary Schwarberg, formerly of Pittsburgh, but now teaching and doing mission work among the mountain whites of North Carolina, told of the illiteracy in that section.

"During the fall, winter and spring months," said Miss Schwarberg, "I teach and do missionary work among the poor mountain folk in and around Lyon, N. C. Lyon is a small stocking-mill town, and the illiteracy of most of the people in and around there is appalling. Few of the men and women read nor write, and care little if their children learn to do so. I have organized a school of ninety pupils in the town, and many of the children walk six miles to and six miles from the school daily."

WIRE MEN MAKE GAINS.

St. Louis, Mo.—In a report issued, President Perham, of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers shows that steady gains have been made by this organization for the first half of the year. During this period negotiations on twenty-eight railroads have been concluded, and in every instance betterments have been recorded. President Perham concludes his report: "Every revision of schedule means improved working conditions, every new schedule instituted is one step nearer to perfect organization."

WOULD CURE COURT ABUSES.

Erie, Penn.—Two committees of the Pennsylvania State Bar Association presented reports in which they urged reforms that will tend toward substantial justice in the courts as against mere technical interpretation of the laws. The committee on law reform recommended the enactment of a bill which failed in the last legislature "providing that no judgment be set aside or reversed or new trial granted unless the error complained of has injuriously affected the substantial rights of the parties."

STREET CAR WORKERS

Boston, Mass.—Back pay amounting to $23,000 and substantial wage increases is the award of the arbitration board selected to settle the wage dispute between members of division 600 of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America and the Middlesex and Boston Street Railway company.

No department fails of an increase and most of them are substantial. They run from 10 to 12 per cent, as high as 18 per cent, and in one instance the increase is 25 per cent. For overtime the barnmen get an increase of 50 per cent of the regular wage beginning with the date of the award, June 22, 1914. After the first two years the motormen and conductors receive an average increase of three and one-quarter cents an hour.

The graduated scale has been reduced by three years, so that now a member of the union receives the maximum wage at the end of his fourth year of service, instead of at the end of the seventh year, as formerly. About 300 men are affected by the award.

By the terms of the statute under which these proceedings were had the report of the majority of the arbitrators is binding upon the parties, takes immediate effect, and remains in force for three years beginning June 1, 1913, ending June 30, 1916.

WORK LONG HOURS.

New York.—The unorganized workers on New York city's elevated railroads are compelled to work unreasonable hours. The State Factory Investigation Commission was told that on the night shift twelve hours is the rule and the pay is from 12 to 17½ cents an hour. Ninety-five per cent of the agents are women, who work twelve consecutive hours in the summer season, and average seven days a week. One worker wrote the Commission:

"The company has what they call a 'Relief association,' which I call plain extortion. They deduct from the salary of each man in this association from 75 cents to $1.50 each month, and all we know about this is what we read in a fake bulletin that the company publishes each month booming themselves. Then they tell us that everything is for the benefit of their employes."

BOILERMAKERS STRIKE.

Galveston, Tex.—Boilermakers, riveters and helpers, employed by the Standard Boiler and Plate Iron Company, are on strike for a raise of wages amounting to 50 cents per day per man. The increased wage is termed the Oklahoma scale or the average wage scale for workmen of their craft. Under the old scale they were receiving for helpers $4 per day, riveters $4.25 per day and boilermakers $4.50 per day. They are asking for 50 cents per day raise, making them receive for helpers $4.50 per day, riveters $4.75 per day and boilermakers $5 per day. The scale is paid by plants now operating at Dallas, Fort Worth, Henrietta and many other places over the state.

MERCHANTS ARE THANKED.

Huntington, W. Va.—Because two large business houses have started an early closing movement, the local Trades and Labor assembly has thanked these merchants. The stores will be closed every afternoon at 5 o'clock and at 12 o'clock noon on Saturdays.

CARPENTERS TO MEET.

San Antonio, Tex.—Secretary Proctor, of the Texas State Council of Carpenters, has issued a call for the tenth annual convention to be held at Wasahachie, beginning Monday morning, August 3.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 17, 1914.

It's all right to love your enemies, but please don't slight your friends.

Have you paid your subscription to your labor paper yet? Get on labor's honor roll.

The Labor movement has no place for the union man with an excuse for buying non-union products.

About the only time the listener ever hears any good of himself is when he talks into a phonograph.

News that a rising young alienist will make an exhaustive study of his deceased father's brain furnishes the finishing touch to the triumph of science over civilization.

Every time the pressroom kid is given 23 cents to buy a gallon of gasoline to wash type, John D. gets a good cussing from the dispenser of the exchecquer at the Trades Unionist office. The stuff used to be sold for 8 cents a gallon.

If you think well of this paper, which is enlisted in the interests of the working people, tell your friends about it, otherwise tell us as the larger the army the more we can accomplish—and as an old irshman said while visiting a cemetery we have come to stay.

We all must admire the man who signs his name to an article which was created in his brain. The one who hides behind a non-de-plume is to be pitied—not censured. Speaking of non-de-plumes, here are a few familiar ones which are always on tap; "Constant Reader," "Old Subscriber," "A Well Wisher," "Friend of the Workingman," "One Who Knows," and so on down the line.

INTROSPECTION.

Introspection, says "Life," is the process of looking at yourself through a glass, more or less darkly, and is usually indulged in by those who have nothing else to do.

Introspection, if long continued, produces many maladies, including suffragist, sex-mania, grape-juice fever, prohibitionists ragtime, two-steps, legislation and laws. One of the oldest and most reliable cures known is to get into a fight with your neighbor. Some think the remedy is worse than the disease.—The Baltimore Trade Unionist.

A BILL.

To prohibit the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors within the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that from and after one year after this Act takes effect it shall be unlawful to manufacture, barter, sell, or give away any spirituous, vinous, malt, or other intoxicating liquors of any kind within the District of Columbia or to import the same into said District.

SEC. 2. That any person who shall manufacture, barter, sell, give way, or import any such intoxicating liquors or otherwise violate the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be fined not less than $50 nor more than $5,000, or be imprisoned for not less than one nor more than twelve months, or be both fined and imprisoned for each offense, and for a second or subsequent offense such person shall be fined and imprisoned; and each act of manufucturing, bartering, selling, giving away, or importing such liquors shall, for the purposes of this act, constitute a separate offense.

The above is the bill that has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Works, and is without a doubt one of the most drastic measures ever introduced in any legislative body which has for its object, prohibition. No allowance is made whatsoever in case the bill should become a law, which we hope it will not, to provide for the sale of liquor for medicinal purposes and if any one should bring any intoxicating liquors into the District, they will be amendable to the law, and the severe punishment contemplated in the bill.

We are also opposed to this bill because to try and prevent people from exercising the right to taste, is, to state it mildly rather tyranical, and if permitted it will not be a great step from this to force the enactment of laws to prevent us from attending theatres or dances, or otherwise following our dictates as to how we should derive our pleasures, and if successful in the passage of this bill, some food cranks would soon be seeking legislation that would seek to state that which we should or should not eat.

We are firm believers in temperance, not only in drinking, but in eating, in talking and in fact in all things, and we believe that to pass this bill without giving the people of this city an opportunity to say as to whether they want such legislation or not, would be the most autocratic un-American act ever passed by Congress. We trust that this legislation will fail of passage, and it is up to those who are believers in fair play to exert every effort to oppose the passage of this bill.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

Milo Shanks, in his canvass for the Congressional nomination in the Elmira district, gives as his equipment two years as secretary to a Congressman, two years on the staff of a Washington daily, seven years' service in the departments, and a member of organized labor.

Former members of the printing craft of this city are chronicled in the July number of the Typographical Journal—Sam Phillips loses a leg by amputation, to prevent gangrene; J. L. Sauls is elected a delegate from Tampa, Fla., to the Providence convention; E. W. Searfoss and wife are taking a trip across the continent, to return via the Panama Canal; George Tracy is again president of the San Francisco Union.

I am going to suggest to President Smith that he appoint Mr. Kiefer a member of a committee to secure data for a publication to be issued in connection with the centennial celebration of Columbia Union No. 101. I would like to have him secure daguerrotypes of every presiding officer of the old Society—of course, photography as at that time unborn—and other data. Mr. Kiefer is a member of the Oldest Inhabitants Association, and if he will cooperate with his associates therein can procure some valuable historical material.

June number of the American Printer contains as leader "Uncle Sam, Publisher," by Frank A. Kidd. Also a write-up of Evening Star building.

BARTENDERS MEETING

The local of Bartenders held their meeting on last Sunday, with President Johnny Clarkson in the chair. Reports from the organizing committee showed that most of the thirst dispensers are rapidly joining the organization. The local will hold an old fashioned outing at Dyke, Va., on Sunday, August 16, and they promise to give all who attend, the best time they ever had at an occasion of this kind.

Various matters of interest to the trade were discussed at the meeting and the special committee on bettering conditions made a progressive report. It is hoped that by November 1, that this will be a hundred per cent organization. The trade unionists can be a great aid to bringing this about if they will insist that the man behind the bar who serves them their liquid refreshments wears the little blue button, and if it should happen that he cannot show the button, find out the reason why as their can be no valid excuse as to why every man behind a bar should not have the blue button.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Mrs. Ella M. Kelly, clerk, reinstated.

George S. Ball and Oscar W. Swazfaber, emergency linotype machinists.

Mrs. Ella R. Oliphant, skilled laborer.

Miss Mary L. Coleman, helper, by transfer.

William Aloysius White, messenger boy, reinstated.

Separations.

Albert Cottle, foreman.

Edward J. Wood, compositor.

Theodore Kelsey, compositor, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

William S. Cady, maker-up 60 cents per hour; Robert S. Boucher, linotype operator, Library of Congress branch printing section; Jay V. Trammell, counter 35 cents per hour; Augustus E. Sullivan, skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section; Miss Caroline Brennan, office helper, 40 cents per hour; David Altman, office helper 40 cents per hour; Audley W. Reynolds, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour; Miss Clarissa B. Regan, reader, 60 cents per hour; Simon Pocher, skilled laborer, sanitary section; Horace Barnes, William H. Carter, and Emanuel Freeman, temporary to permanent unskilled laborers 25 cents per hour; Richard W. Small, unskilled laborer, pamphlet binding section; William Madden and Samuel Robinson, messengers, linotype section night; Charles M. Sizer, compositor, 50 cents hour; William G. Glenn, compositor 50 cents per hour; Jordan Anderson and George P. Gladder, unskilled laborers, foundry section intermediate; John L. McKinnon, officeman, $1300 per annum; William E. Pinkston, helper 35 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section day.

CITY'S BUREAU A SUCCESS.

Seattle.—The report of the municipal public employment office shows that during the last year 27,352 men and 3,798 women were supplied with positions either in the city or state. Because no fee is charged by the office, either to the employer or the applicant, a substantial increase in the number of positions filled in comparison with 1912 is shown. The positions thus filled were for the most part those requiring no skilled labor.

WAR

What is war? Look! There it is yonder on that field blood-soaked and death-strewn. There, where bullets and canon roar, where gatling guns hurl out their deadly bullets at the rate of three thousand a minute, where screaming shells charged with peroxilene burst into a leaden rain of deadly missiles sweeping away every vestige of life for a space of two hundred yards; there, where men, mangled, mutilated beyond recognition, writhe and groan and die; there, where pain-maddened horses expire in lingering torture—there you may find the answer to the question, "What is war?"

To take a nation's youth, strong and brave, generally its toilers in mill and factory and shop who have no more grievance against their fellows whom they are bidden kill than against their next-door neighbors, to take these who brought on no quarrel, have no political, nor financial, nor any other selfish end to gain, and send them to the battle's front to murder and be murdered—and to do it in the name of patriotism, claiming the Eternal Righteousness is on your side—this is war.

To rend, riddle, dismember, your human brother, and to do this under the sanction of law—this is war.

To break the hearts of women and crush them beneath wasting loads of care, to put the fire out on a thousand hearths, to create an army of fatherless children in a day, and to do it legally, thanking the good God that you have done all this to your neighbor before he did it to you—this is war.

To waste the fruit of human toil, generations of it in a day, to sack and pillage city and town, to trample ripening and golden harvests, to turn a paradise of hillside and valley into a flame-swept, blackened landscape sodden with human blood, and to sing Te Deums when it is over—this is war.

To settle the quarrels of nations by might and not right, by machines that wipe out human lives at the rate of a thousand a minute, when all could have been settled by a half-dozen honest, clear-headed men, without the firing of a gun or the destruction of a single life—this is the shame, the crime against man and God which Christian men call war.

If fathers and mothers whose sons may some day be summoned into a war brought on by men who will never go themselves to be shot to pieces, would but read the story of a twentieth century field of battle, and see for but a single moment, in imagination, their boys the victims of that merciless onslaught of bullets, dynamite, lyddite—see their scorched, dismembered bodies, look into their anguished faces, hear their dying groans, there would be no more war from henceforth, forever.

F. H. R.

LIABILITY OPPONENTS FAIL.

Columbus, Ohio.—The State Supreme Court has dealt a death blow to the Equity Association, which has been attempting to secure a referendum on the Green workmen's compensation and liability law. Last year the Equity Association filed with Secretary of State Graves a petition purporting to contain the signatures of 70,000 electors for a referendum on the liability law. The State officials discovered numerous frauds in the petition, and the arrest of petition peddlers resulted in confessions of fraud. The secretary of state held the petitions a nullity, declaring them so involved in fraud that it was impossible to tell the valid signatures from forgeries. Charles S. Gongwer, of Cleveland, secretary of the Equity Association; then offered to file 30,000 supplemental signatures, but these were refused by Mr. Graves on the ground that, as the original petition was null, there was nothing to be supplemented.

REFUSE TO ARBITRATE.

Trenton, N. J.—Efforts to arbitrate the machinists' strike have failed because of the employers' attitude. The strikers are asking for wage increases, and the employers insist "there is nothing to arbitrate." They suggest, however, that if the machinists declare the strike off and return to work, it is possible they might consider their workers' pleas. A failure to consider their requests brought on the strike. About 400 men are involved. Federal mediators are on the ground, and the machinists have secured a settlement with one large employer.

MILKMEN WANT SHORTER DAY.

San Francisco.—The central body has indorsed the request of the Milkers' union for an increase in pay from $75 per month to $80 per month, with four days off each month instead of two days, as has been the custom in the past. It is believed no serious objection will be made in the enforcement of the new scale.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA — Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT — Phone North 192

Fussell's Ice Cream

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. — TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY

COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS

518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

TELEPHONE MAIN 828

COLONIAL BEACH HOTEL

COLONIAL BEACH, VA.

Special Rates to Union Men and their Families

One Hundred (100) Beautiful Rooms

OPEN FOR ITS SECOND SEASON—THE FINEST ON THE POTOMAC

First-Class in All Its Appointments — M. W. SHERMAN, Prop.

Phone Main 6198 — "S. Y. S." SAVE YOUR SOLES — Phone Main 6198

UNITED SHOE REPAIRING COMPANY

642 G STREET NORTHWEST

The Best Equipped Plant in Washington, Finest Work in the City. Work Called For and Delivered the Same Day. Just Call Main 6198.

Phone Main 6198 — Phone Main 6198

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union — Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — 612 F Street Northwest

PAUL G. GARBER, President — Phone Main 6135 — CHAS. O. PARKS, Treasurer.

National Auto Transfer, Storage & Carpet Cleaning Co.

728 THIRTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST

Domestic and Oriental Rugs Cleaned, Washed, Repaired, and Laid

Phone Linc. 1481 — MILL AT 419 New Jersey Ave. N. W. — CHAS. T. KRAUSS, Mgr., Formerly with Stumph and Lyford

DRINK! BOTTLED

Coca-Cola

Office: 321 L Street S. W.

HEATING, PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL — AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

W. G. CORNELL COMPANY

COMPLETE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENTS

617 SOUTHERN BUILDING — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W — Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Outing Trips---

---Thermos Bottles,
---Refrigerator Baskets,
---Camping Requisites, Etc.

IF you are contemplating an outing trip, an inspection of our housefurnishing department stock will reveal many articles that will add to the comfort and pleasure of the occasion. Included are the following:

Thermos Bottles, Traveling Refrigerator Baskets, Picnic Baskets, Wooden Plates, Camping Utensils, Bedroom Water Coolers, Alcohol Stoves, Night Glow Lamps, Etc.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"
WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

THE DRILLERY
1100 NEW YORK AVE. N. W.
Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
SESSION DAILY 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.
SUMMER RATES.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY
Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.
1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.
Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

OFFICE PHONE MAIN 5132 — NIGHT PHONE LINCOLN 1544
W. D. BRISCOE
IRON WORKS
Panorama Bldg. 15th & Ohio Ave. N. W.
Entrance 1424-26-28 C St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English
Civil Service Preparation
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

Columbia Typographical Union holds its regular monthly meeting on Sunday next. The hour is 2.30, the place is Typographical Temple, and a couple of hours can be most profitably spent there by members.

• • • •

In the death of John Ross, which occurred at his former home in this city on Wednesday, July 8, 1914, one of the Printery's old timers passed away. Mr. Ross was born in Glasgow, Scotland, about 70 years ago, learning the printer's trade there. He came to this country in 1869, working for several years in New York City, and living for some years at Rahway, New Jersey. He came to this city about 20 years ago, going to work in the Government Printing Office, remaining in that service until about two years ago, when he resigned on account of poor health, and about that time going for an extended visit to his old home in Scotland. He is survived by his wife.

Under the auspices of Columbia Union the funeral of this yeteran craftsman was held on Saturday last, the officiating minister being Rev. Samuel G. Ziegler, of the United Brethren Church, and the pall bearers being Messrs. Wallace Brewer, Peter McCallum, William R. Love, L. B. Cooley, J. C. Lesher, and Charles S. Elder, all members of the chapel (hand section, day) of the Government Printing Office where the deceased had spent many years of his active life as a printer.

Ross was a strong unionist, an excellent printer, and a workfellow with whom it was a pleasure to labor. After retiring from work Mr. Ross availed himself of the old-age pension of the International Typographical Union—that splendid benefaction of a great organization which makes bright the sunset of life for so many printers.

• • • •

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association held on Monday last it was unanimously decided to ask the union printers to lend a hand toward sending the ball club to the annual meeting of the Union Printers' National Baseball League which meets in Cincinnati, Ohio, the last day of the present month. During the last seven years this association has always been able to pay the expenses of its players, but this year, due to various causes, it finds it necessary to call on the membership of No. 101 for financial assistance. Last year the club won the championship of the Union Printers National Baseball League at Pittsburgh, and goes to Cincinnati this year to defend the championship and bring back the world-famed Herrmann trophy. Several theater benefits, an excursion, and a "country store" have each yielded some revenue, but the treasury is still unable to stand the heavy expense of sending the team. The sum required to be raised is about $250, and it is believed that the members of the Union here will readily contribute that sum. The players have paid their own expenses in all the series of games played here this summer—an expenditure that the Association was heretofore able to handle for them. The club deserves help, and it ought to have it. A small contribution from each Union printer in this city will do the work. Every card holder will be given the opportunity, and every one ought to respond as a matter of pride in the local boys and in the effort to help along a movement that is doing much to bring the printer to the outdoor life, improve his health, and prolong his period of usefulness to himself and to his family. In a few days the officers of the Association will have some one in every chapel to look after this matter.

• • • •

From the current Typographical Journal I see that Frank Brashears, who labored in this jurisdiction for a number of years, was elected a delegate from Baltimore Union to the Providence convention of the International. I knew Frank away back in the palmy piece days when we long-primered together on specification work, and a great old side partner he was to work with. They'll know he's in Providence, and if he should take a notion to deliver a speech there of the kind I've heard him get off in chapel meeting there would surely be something doing in the meeting of the International. However, Frank is a much settled man now, and his oratory will doubtless be of the stately kind which convinces without making afraid and entertains without causing violence.

• • • •

"Judge" Frank Everts, a well-known reader in the day proof room of the Printery, has my sympathy. He is out of commission on account of a wrestle he has been having with a very dangerous carbuncle—an affliction of which I have painful memories. I am glad to know, however, that he is improving and will soon be among his fellsws in the great workshop.

Another printer who is sick is Frank P. Wilkins, whom most every one knows and respects, he being one of the young old-timers of the Government Printing Office—that is to say, he has been there a great many years, but never seems to get any older. I hope he'll soon be well.

It was a pleasure to see Henry A. Nothnagel at his desk in the proof room of the Government Printment Office a few days ago. He has been away from work about six weeks, due to illness. Although still quite feeble, it is the hope of his friends that health may soon return to him.

Reports from Colonial Beach, where he is staying, indicate steady improvement in the condition of F. C. Roberts, news that will be very pleasant to his numerous friends.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

OPPOSE FRANCHISE.

Kansas City, Mo.—"A cruel, merciless, unscrupulous corporation," was one of the scathing terms used by Fred Fay, executive member of the Amalgamated Street Car Men's union in an address before the City Club on the local street car company, which is resisting organization of its workers. The company is asking Kansas City for a franchise. The unionist stated that five years ago the company invited a committee of its workers to discuss organization with them and promised on their word of honor that no man would suffer because of sentiments expressed. In forty-eight hours the committee was discharged. The local unionists have defeated one attempt of the company to secure a franchise because of its anti-union position, and they declare they will repeat the performance.

BETTER PAY FOR TEACHERS.

St. Paul, Minn.—"Salaries must be increased if competent educators are to engage in the work," declared Dr. Joseph Swain, president of the National Education association, which is holding its annual conference in this city.

Bricklayers' Union No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P. Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and John Weber.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. Frank A. Kidd, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: John Weber, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry S. Hollohan, Ben Spellbring and Henry Nolda.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, William Whyte, and J. H. Conroy.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. R. Browny.

Resolutions: James J. McCracken, Chairman. Harry Shearer, W. W. Keeler.

Organization: P. A. Sugrue, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, T. A. Brosnahan, Chas. Callen, Frank Rom, Fred Fox.

Auditing: Ben Lorch, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, Henry Nolda.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. Charles J. Heuter, M. J. Costella.

Label: Walter Whitehead, Chairman.

Delegates to Baltimore: Julius Staats, Chairman. William Robert, and John R. Hartley.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman Walter Whitehead, and W. Lee Morris.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
SPRING AND SUMMER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

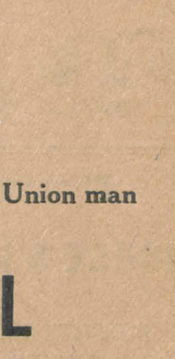
JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Mr. UNION MAN,
your credit is always good here. You can select any article from our enormous stock of high-grade jewelry and silverware, and pay for it on terms as low as
FIFTY CENTS A WEEK.
CASH CANNOT BUY BETTER VALUES
HERE'S AN EXAMPLE 1-4 CARET PRICE $25.00
SCHWARTZ
JEWELRY and SILVERWARE
824 SEVENTH ST. N. W.

LIVERIES, UNIFORMS — SPORTING GOODS
Saks & Company
MEN'S AND BOYS OUTFITTERS
Ave. and 7th St. — Wash. D. C.

PHONE MAIN 3495
GUIFFRE'S
Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50
908 Pa. Avenue — Northwest

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY
All amusements—Music—Mammoth Boardwalk — And Extended Pier—Dancing Free
Excellent Hotels and Cafes.
ROUND TRIP---Week Days, 25 cents
Sundays and Holidays, 50 Cents
TRAIN SCHEDULE EFFECTIVE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
(Save this for future reference.)
Leaves District Line Station Daily, Monday to Friday Inclusive;
10.00, and 11.30, A. M.; 2.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS:
10.00, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.15, 5.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS:
9.30, 10.30, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.20, 4.45, and 8.00 P. M.
TRAINS RETURN AT FREQUENT INTERVALS



Whenever You are Downtown Stop in
McCord's Cafe
919 F STREET N. W.
and get one of those Famous 35 Cent Dinners. Lunches from 11.30 A. M. to 2.30 P. M.
GUY McCORD, Proprietor.

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street — Northwest

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made
The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. — Station K

W. B. Moses & Sons
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY
FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

Finest Tennessee Whiskies
$1.00 and $1.25 Quart
at CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
J. G. O'DONNELL, Vice-President....1312 Mass. Avenue S.E.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden...1910 14th St. NW.
D. N. MOXLEY, Conductor..110 5th Street N. E.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Business Agt., 814 7th St. N. E.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
George Rosson.....1527 Columbia St. N.W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

EXECUTIVE BOARD

R. H. Burdette, President 803 Mt. Vernon Place
E. B. Byrne, Secretary, 209 Wilkes St., Alex., Va.
H. S. Hollohan.....814 Seventh St. N. E.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.

SUB-MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne, Chairman.....425 G St., N. W.
Allen Lithgow, Secretary...160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd St. N. W.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
J. A. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
Thomas Echols....714 Duke St. Alexandria, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd Street N. W.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd Street N. E.

DELEGATES B. T. M. C.

D. N. Moxley.....110 5th Street N. W.
H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
George Rosson....1527 Columbia Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

BUSINESS AGENT

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. F. Davis.....439 Second Street, N. E.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE.
When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

P. B. Suits
for Spring and Summer
in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25
Parker, Bridget & Co.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS
"The Avenue at Ninth"

HAVE this Columbia Grafonola only $50.00 on EASY TERMS.

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY,
1210 G STREET N. W.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS PHONE MAIN 5912 ALL AMUSEMENTS
COLONIAL BEACH WASHINGTON'S ATLANTIC CITY
AVERAGE SUMMER POPULATION 15,000
PALATIAL STEAMER ST. JOHNS
LEAVES 7th Street Wharf: SATURDAYS 2.30 P. M., and SUNDAYS 9.00 A. M., During JUNE, JULY, and AUGUST, EXCEPT MONDAYS.
ROUND TRIP TICKETS 50 CENTS
EXCEPT SUNDAYS JULY and AUGUST
TICKET GOOD FOR THE SEASON $1.00
CHILDREN HALF FARE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 o'clock at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 208 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, Jos. Crist, 332 E St. n. e.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D, C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Sectary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, D. S. Lewis, 1310 6th street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, M. O'Connor, Georgetown, D. C., Station A.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman, 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. Harding, Station K, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

GOOD NEWS FROM LACROSSE.

Washington.—Organizer John A. Rae, of La Crosse, Wis., writes to A. F. of L. headquarters as follows:

"We have had no trouble this spring in getting new agreements signed up. The ice and fuel teamsters have shortened their workday one hour, and are receiving the same wages as for the longer workday. The coal men have raised wages $1.50 a week, and the sheet metal workers have won an eleven months' strike for recognition. This is a splendid victory. The painters, carpenters and electricians have secured new agreements, and all are working the eight-hour day. We have organized a union of individual team owners and secured an increase of 5 cents an hour for them. All of our unions have forwarded resolutions to their Senators to vote and use their influence to have the Clayton bill approved at this session as it passed the House of Representatives."

TOO MUCH LABOR SENT WEST.

Cincinnati.—The Times-Star of this city says: "That many laborers from Cincinnati are being sent to the west when there is no work for them, was the complaint in a letter received by the Chamber of Commerce, Friday, from O. B. Towne, manager of the Industrial association of Keokuk, Ia., and he suggests that the indiscriminate shipping of men from the Queen City could be stopped by means of a central clearing house for labor. He mentioned a certain labor bureau as the place from which the men were assigned. Two parties of 34 men, for the most part foreigners, arrived in the belief they were to be put to work in the harvest fields. "There is but little harvesting on here,' writes Towne, "and I understand from these men they were each assessed for the trip. Few of them have any money. They went to Indianapolis, then Decatur and Hannibal, Ill., and then came here."

LONG JOB FOR NAVY YARD MEN.

Philadelphia.—Mechanics in the local navy yard are jubilant over the announcement that officials at Washington have ordered architects to proceed with plans for the shipways, upon which will be built the transport Maumee. This means steady work for two and one-half years for 3,000 skilled Philadelphia workmen. It means that later the shipways will be enlarged and dreadnoughts may be built at the yard.

WILL TEST OPINION.

Harrisburg, Pa.—United Mine Workers employed in the anthracite fields are appealing from the ruling of Attorney General Bell to the Department of Mines that five years' employment in a mine qualifies a man to become a mine foreman or assistant. The mine workers hold that the act specifically states that the five years' service must be in cutting coal at the face of a breast, and cite the mine certificate law as a parallel.

WAITRESSES ENJOINED.

Chicago.—Because their restaurants were losing patronage as a result of the picketing of striking waitresses, B. J. Efting and L. W. Powers were granted an injunction against the strikers by Judge Baldwin, who ordered the girls to discontinue this practice. The court admitted that the matter was not free from doubt and gave the defendants leave to apply for its modification on a day's notice.

CEMENT FINISHERS ORGANIZE.

Fort Wayne, Ind.—A local of cement finishers is the latest addition to the roster of organized labor in this city. Practically every eligible worker is enrolled in the new organization, which is the result of activity by the central body and its committees. It is stated that several locals have almost doubled their membership within the past few months.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW ILLEGAL.

Globe, Ariz.—Judge Shute has held that the woman's eight-hour law in this state is unconstitutional on the ground that it does not apply to railroad restaurants. A hotelkeeper was charged with working one of his female employes thirteen hours. The law provides that the eight-hour service shall be completed in twelve hours.

WANT COMPENSATION LAW.

Indianapolis.—The Central Labor Union has declared for a State workmen's compensation law, and has appointed a special committee to work with its legislative committee in advertising the need of such a law, and obtaining the co-operation of all union men in the state.

MINERS AND EMPLOYERS AGREE.

Springfield, Ill.—After deliberating for fifteen weeks the Illinois committee of the United Mine Workers of America and representatives of the Central Illinois Coal Operators' association, agreed upon a scale for machine mining in the Springfield district whereby the miners will receive 80 per cent and the operators 20 per cent of the present hand-mining scale.

WILL NOT REDUCE WAGES.

Martin's Ferry, O.—The strike at the local plant of the Wheeling Corrugating company, which involved the laborers and the men in the galvanizing department, has been settled. The agreement provides that all employes will be reinstated and wages will not be cut.

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. Opposite Hotel Raleigh

SPECIAL RATES TO UNION MEN QUICK SERVICE
Crystal Cafe & Lunch Room
LOUIS DuBOIS, Proprietor
N. Y. Prime Rib Roast Chichen Dinners Thur. & Sun.
SPECIAL BREAKFAST 25 Cents
No. 6 MASS. AVE. N. W. Opposite the New City Post Office.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.
UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
I.A.T.S.E.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
La Grand Park, N. Capitol & N.Y. Ave.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Fairyland - 19th L Sts. N.W. (colored)
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Standard Park, Bates St. at N. Capitol

Phone Main 5575 For Gentlemen Only
Lafayette Turkish Baths
BELASCO THEATRE BLDG.
Finest and Best Equipped Establishment South of New York
SERVICE UNEXCELLED
OPEN DAY and NIGHT ROBERT GUARD, Manager.

Repairing Accessories Phone Main 4186 Residence 339-Y
John S. Berryman
AGENT FOR
Harley Davidson Motorcycles
— AND —
Great Western Bicycles
912 9th St. N. W. Washington, D.C.

TERMINAL BAR
STRICTLY UNION
No. 44 G STREET N. E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up
HOTEL STERLING
13th and E Streets
Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

Cramp Mixture
WELLER'S QUICK RELIEF We would put you in mind of this, as a relief from doubling up time.
Weller's Drug Store
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

When transferring at the Avenue and 7th Stop in and see
Karl Achterkirchen
Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars
205 7th Street Northwest

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents
Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find
THE NORRIS HOUSE
OPEN AT 4 A. M.
DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor
Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth Street Southeast
Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

Every Day at 4.00 o'clock Chili Con Carnie
New 1-2 MILE TRACK
10th and E Streets N. W.

CORBY BROS.
100 per cent Pure
Bread
fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION
UNION STAMP
Factory
Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

Phone Lincoln 617
When in the neighborhood stop in
The Southeast Cafe
1014 8th Street S. E.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS DOUGLAS & THRIFT, Props.

When Purchasing Bread
Get Meinberg's Top Notch
Look For Label on Each Loaf
JOHN G. MEINBERG
Baker and Confectioner
714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building. Phone Main 1826.

BANKS
THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue
THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

ALLEN'S BUFFET
PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chromic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings, Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street. Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE
THIS SPACE FOR SALE

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 4 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

PROHIBITION A MENACE TO THE WORKERS.

XI.

"Lord Acton calls the greatest moral discovery of the age that compulsion is the worst crime of which humanity is capable," say the Chicago *Daily News* of June 12, 1914.

It is this crime of which the prohibitionists would make not only himself, but all of us guilty.

If he could convince us that the use, and therefore the purchase and sale, of alcoholic drink was injurious, it is likely most of us would give it up. But he has failed to do so, and so he has set about to commit the crime of compelling us to abstain. He is unable to accomplish this alone, he needs our help, for, he must have enough people with him to pass the laws he desires. And thus he would make us partners in his crime.

Are the working people going to become his accessories in putting these shackles on themselves? Have we not enough shackles to bear, without new ones? Are we going to help him put hundreds of thousands of people out of work to increase the army of the unemployed, spread misery broadcast, and make our own living more precarious? Are we going to assist in making vast areas of farm lands idle and destroy hundreds of millions of dollars of investment that are now helping to furnish a livelihood to a large number of people in our ranks? In other words, are we going to commit suicide?

Compulsion has never served to advance our race along the path of progress. Whatever progress has been made, has come from the free activities of the people themselves, and for the most part in a fierce struggle against compulsion. The free political institutions of the American people are the fruit of many centuries of such struggle against compulsion, first in England, and perhaps still farther back, on the European continent before the Saxon invasion of England, then in the United States. Our liberties, such as they are, have been gained in ceaseless fight, while all compulsion has tended to retard progress, to keep down liberty, and maintain the masses in a state of dull contentment with their condition that would prevent their asking and fighting for an ampler share of the good things of this world.

It is this same reactionary spirit of compulsion that finds expression in the scheme of the prohibitionist. If he can keep the workingmen from the simple pleasures of life they will not aspire to be more than the tools of the employers, to be exploited by them until useless and then cast aside to starve. For, nothing tends more to keep down ambition than to be chained down to the monotony of the daily grind for mere existence, which exhausts the strength of the body and mind, and leaves no energy for the pursuit of ideals or for the fight for better things.

Newspaper reports recently contained accounts of tests made at a college to ascertain the effect of a day of rest on the activities of the students. It was found that in the early part of the week there was a greater degree of attention, and consequently better work on the part of students, and the standard declined towards the end of the week.

If this is true of the comparatively light work of a college student, does it not apply with far greater force to the terrific strain under which most working people live during the time of their employment?

How much greater, then, the need of recreation and rest for them!

And yet the prohibitionist would deprive them of that which has been pronounced by high scientific authority the chief means of recreation, viz., alholic drink!

Add this compulsion to the stress of his daily labor and unsatisfactory living conditions, and what will become of the American workingman? The mere fact that it is to be forced upon him by compulsion ought to be sufficient to arouse his resentment, regardless of the inherent offensiveness of the scheme.

PHOTO ENGRAVERS AND GILL CO. AGREE.

New York.—President Woll, of the International Photo Engravers' union, announces that all differences between the Gill Engraving company and his organization are at an end, as the company has signed an agreement with the union that will run for three years. Union conditions are to prevail in the Gill plant and the company has been granted the use of the photo engravers' label.

It is further agreed that all litigation between the parties will be dropped.

This marks the end of a sixteen years' industrial conflict, which has been given prominence the past few months because of attempts to prosecute the photo engravers and the New York Allied Printing Trades Council under the Sherman anti-trust law.

The photo engravers have forwarded a letter to President Gompers thanking him and his associate officers of the A. F. of L. for the assistance given them in their recent difficulties.

"HELLO" MINIMUM WAGE $9.

Olympia, Wash.—The State Minimum Wage Commission has adopted a rate of $9 a week as the minimum for telephone girls throughout the State, except in small exchanges. This is the fourth minimum wage adopted by the commission, the others being $10 a week for mercantile workers, $8.90 for factory workers and $9 for laundry and dye workers.

LABOR LAW SUSTAINED.

New York.—It is unlawful for women and girls in this State to work in factories between 10 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning, according to a decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme court, which has sustained the law passed last year restricting night work for females. Attorneys for the printing concern charged with violating the law declared it was against the constitution, which provides that "no person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law." This defense was not upheld, on the ground that the law tended toward the preservation of the health of women and therefore affected the strength of the race. Justice Ingraham, in writing the prevailing opinion, dwelt on the possible effect of night work on morals.

WANT EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Bakersfield, Cal.—If mechanics in other industries can make an eight-hour day go, why cannot the culinary workers? asks the cooks and waiters of this city. These workers have established the shorter work-day in two large cafes, and believe that organization will bring further results.

BARTENDERS RAISE WAGES.

New Bedford, Mass.—As the result of a strike, the bartenders' union has raised the minimum wage standard to $18 a week. Other working conditions have been agreed to.

MAIN POINTS IN THE LAW

It is not unlawful for workers to combine to raise wages, shorten hours or better working conditions.

No Massachusetts judge can issue an injunction in industrial disputes except in cases where irreparable injury to property or to a property right is threatened. AND THEN ONLY IN CASES WHERE THERE IS NO ADEQUATE REMEDY AT LAW.

In construction of this act the right to labor or to carry on business shall be deemed a personal, not a property right.

This should dispose of the injunctions in labor disputes and bring back government by law.

It modifies the judge-made law of conspiracy by declaring a lawful act done by an individual is lawful when done by a collection of individuals. This overthrows repeated decisions of courts which have held that an action by a collection of individuals may be unlawful—a conspiracy—even though the act is lawful when done by an individual.

The act restores, so far as Massachusetts is concerned, the sound principle of law by declaring that the right to do business and the right to labor as an employe is a personal AND NOT A PROPERTY RIGHT.

Where an employer claims to be damaged by any act done by his employes he must seek redress in the law courts, instead of asking for injunction relief.

The law, in short, puts so-called injunction judges out of business in the state courts of Massachusetts.

Hereafter, injunctions shall be used as originally intended—in questions dealing with property where no law covers the case.

It gives legislative distinction between the workman and the product of his toil.

This is the position of the American Federation of Labor.

TO CONSIDER THE DEMANDS.

Edwardsille, Ill.—The Retail Merchants' Association of this city is considering the new agreement presented by the Retail Clerks union. The demands include each Tuesday afternoon off in July and August and a 10 per cent wage increase. Except on Saturday nights and a week before Christmas the stores shall close at 6 o'clock. Saturday's closing hour shall be 9 o'clock. Employes who are eligible shall become members of the union within fifteen days after beginning work.

LONG 'FRISCO STRIKE SETTLED.

San Francisco.—The strike of the printing pressmen and assistants, called June 3 last year, has been settled and the men have returned to work. The strike was caused by a refusal to raise wages of assistants 50 cents a day. About 400 men were involved in the contest which was remarkable in the fact that the strikers did not lose a single man through desertion. Two of the firms went into bankruptcy as a result of the struggle.

EXPRESS RATES CUT.

Topeka, Kan.—General reduction of 17 per cent on all general merchandise express rates, elimination of the two-line rates and abolition of special rates have been ordered by the Kansas public utilities commission. Under the commission's orders the express companies must install at once uniform rates to all Kansas points, distance and facilities considered.

FAVOR EARLY CLOSING.

Detroit.—The Barbers' union is holding "get-together" meetings for the purpose of starting an early closing movement, which will call for a shorter week-day hour and for Sunday closing. Employers are in sympathy with the plan.

STRIKEBREAKERS' METHOD

Indianapolis, Ind.—The Central Labor union of this city is issuing a pamphlet entitled, "What the Street Railway Company of Indianapolis Did to Break the Backbone of Organized Labor," in which is contained a statement taken from court records by David R. (Bat) Masterson, who was employed by the local street car company to prevent the organization of the union last year. The following is a portion of the sworn testimony, which will give an idea of the methods employed by strike-breakers:

"Several men who have what you call notches on their guns; that is, they have shot people in gang fights. Of course, in all strikes, there are possibly five per cent of the men hired who have never been on a strike before and who know very little about the dangers to be encountered, and who have, probably heretofore, had clean records, but anybody who has mixed up with strikebreakers knows that 90 per cent of them are ordinary bums, men who wouldn't take a legitimate job, or in fact take anything except a job at strikebreaking, because it is such easy money. More men desire to break a street car strike than any other kind of strike, because when they get on cars, they keep all the money they get. This is expected by the company because I have heard Mahoney (superintendent) say that if they go out again, we will have to bring in a lot of finks and we will lose a lot of money for a little while, as it is a common understanding that the finks have everything. I have worked on jobs myself where if a man turned in $1 a day, he would be kicked out of the place. They establish a kangaroo court and try all the fellows as they come in. A fellow comes in—"How much did you turn in?" They have a limit. In Boston, for instance, say they take in $78 and they let him turn in $5 out of that. Any man who turns in more than $5, they beat him up.

Q.—"Now, did these men at the barn have criminal records?

A.—"They had police court and penitentiary records.

Q.—"Did they drink at the barns?

A.—"Yes. They had all kinds of whisky. Brought in by the men, not by the company."

WINS WATER PLANT FIGHT.

Racine, Wis.—This city has won its fight to take over the water plant. A Federal court has denied the application of bondholders of the Racine Water Company for a permanent injunction against the city. The main contention of the plaintiffs was that the property could not be taken in a condemnation suit without a trial by jury and that they as mortgagees were the real owners of the property. The court held that the trial by jury had been waived by the water company consenting to the purchase of the plant by the city and that the plaintiff had failed to show that they were damaged by the proposed transfer of the property to the city.

DROP EIGHT-HOUR FIGHT.

Spokane, Wash.—Contractors of this county have decided to drop their fight against the eight-hour law, as applied to public work. This changed attitude of the contractors was caused by a ruling of the attorney general, who has held the law constitutional. The act provides that no laborers on public work shall put in more than eight hours a day except in cases of emergency, and prescribes a fine or the forfeiture of the contract as the penalty.

FORM NEW DISTRICT.

Danville, Ill.—Machinists employed by the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad have formed a new district. This action was necessary owing to the separation of the C. & E. I. from the 'Frisco system.

MANY PETITIONS FILED

Olympia, Wash.—After an exciting campaign against corporation influences, the triple alliance, consisting of the State Federation of Labor, State Grange and farmers' unions, has filed initiative petitions for the "seven sisters" measures. The signatures of 11,836 persons, each of which must be officially certified as that of a legal voter, are needed to secure for the measure a place on the ballot. It is estimated that 35,000 persons have signed each of the petitions.

The measures known as the "seven sisters" are: "Blue sky" bill. Abolishing State bureau agencies from collecting fees from laborers. First-aid bill, providing medical attendance for injured workmen. Convict road bill, reducing highway levy and changing method of expending funds. Fisheries bill, increasing licenses of industry. Abolishing State tax commission.

An eight-hour measure is also included in the petitions filed.

An organization known as the "Stop, Look, Listen league" is waging vigorous opposition to these measures, and efforts are now being made by officers of this body to invalidate the petitions by inducing signers to withdraw their names and eliminate a sufficient number to reduce the list below the required 11,836. Friends of the measures declare this is impossible.

TO BAR INCOMPETENTS.

Savannah, Ga.—Lawyers in this State intend checking the large influx of incompetents to their ranks, and at the recent convention of Georgia lawyers in this city plans were laid to provide more stringent examinations. The lawyers, through their union, have a board of examiners, recognized by the State, but it has been found that questions prepared by the examiners have "leaked" into the pockets of candidates, despite the efforts of the examiners to keep them confidential. The system is wrong, declare the lawyers, and they now insist on different methods.

CONVICTS REFUSE TO WORK.

Trenton, N. J.—Convicts in the state penitentiary refused to work on labor contracts, declaring that the law provided for the abolishment of the contract system and the installation of the state use system the first of the month. The latter plan has not been put in force and the officials have been continuing the old system from day to day. The convicts declare this is illegal.

STRIKE TO BE INSURED.

Rochester, N. Y.—Trade unionists in this city proved they are alert to the value of the new State compensation law by striking on two jobs where contractors had failed to comply with the law by providing compensation for their employes. The contractors quickly headed for the office of the commissioner, where the workers were insured.

INDORSE LABOR AGREEMENTS.

Philadelphia.—Before the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations, George W. Yost, of Clarksburg, W. Va., president of the Glass and Bottle Manufacturers' National association agreed with the views of trade unionists that collective bargaining brought about peace between employer and employe and that agreements entered into are not violated.

EMPLOYING MORE MEN.

Cumberland, Md.—The Baltimore and Ohio railroad has recalled its furloughed employes at the Grafton, W. Va., repair shops. At Keyser, W. Va., 500 men have returned to work. The railroad has issued orders to have each section gang placed on full force of sixteen men.

THE COMPENSATION LAW

St. Paul.—The State Supreme Court has shattered the "class legislation" defense so often used to annul social legislation in its decision upholding the compensation law passed by the last legislature. The court answered the claim of "class legislation" as follows:

"The constitutional requirement that all persons shall receive the equal protection of the laws is not infringed by legislation which applies only to those persons falling within a specified class, if it applies alike to all persons within said class and reasonable grounds exist for making a distinction between those who fell within such class and those who do not.

"Excluding domestic servants, farm laborers, casual employes and such railroads and railroad employes as are engaged in interstate commerce from the provisions of the workingmen's compensation act does not render it unconstitutional as class legislation."

The court showed little patience with constitutional quibbling on the part of those who would deny the legality of this law, and in answer to the claim that the act violated the Minnesota constitution and the fifth and fourteenth amendments to the Federal Constitution, said:

"We shall not stop to discuss the shortcomings and unsatisfactory results of the law of negligence, as applied to present-day industrial conditions.

"Changes in the laws and in the public policies recognized in the laws must emanate from the lawmaking power and not from the courts. The courts must administer the law as they find it, not as they may think it ought to be. Hence, arguments showing the need for a change in the laws governing the relations of master and servant should be addressed to the legislative and not the judicial branch of the government."

The court declares further that abrogating the defenses of contributory negligence, assumption of risk, and negligence of a co-employe in actions against employers who do not accept the act, and permitting such defenses against employers who do accept it, does not render it invalid as class legislation.

The court's decision removes all opposition from the law's application, and Minnesota trade unionists point to their success in securing this law as another proof of the value of organization and agitation by the workers.

IDEAL CO-OPERATION.

Alan Pressly Wilson in The Survey says: I stood looking out of my office window one rainy day, and my attention was directed to the drops scattered over the pane. There was not enough energy in any one of the drops to make it move, and there seemed no way to unite them.

Then one drop that was a little larger than the others rolled down and joined one just underneath it. This made a large drop, and it began rolling down the pane, getting larger and gaining more force as it went, until it swept everything before it.

Here, thought I, is an example of what we may do by uniting and throwing our energy into one common cause. There may not be energy enough in a single one of us to accomplish anything, but by quietly uniting our efforts, one at a time, we finally gain such a force and momentum that we carry everything before us.

Since learning that lesson the old adage, "United we stand, divided we fall," has shaped itself in my mind to "Separated we stand, united we move." Analyze this reconstructed adage, and we have, "Separated we can do nothing; united, everything is possible of accomplishment." This is the great principle of co-operation, and makes for the upbuilding of any community, public movement or work of any kind.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNITED TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 24, 1914.

Stick up for what's right—even if it does bite.

The more you grunt, the less the other fellow hears you.

The man who left his speech at home always has plenty of company.

Wealth may not amount to much—but the hunt is just as steady as ever.

PECULIAR, is it not, how some labor men forget the good turns and boosts they have received from the labor press!

The man with a poor memory is often to be complimented on forgetting something which might have gotten him in bad if he had remembered it.

Reports indicate that both houses of Congress will exempt labor unions and farmers from the operation of the anti-trust law. This was the intention of the makers of the law, but judges and other satalites of the mighty rich read the labor unions into the law.

A real understanding of everything affecting labor on the part of representatives of labor, with all personal, selfish interests set aside, will bring concerted action whenever needed, and this is the only thing organized labor needs to secure for its members the maximum amount of employment at union wages.

THERE are men in the local trade union movement who insist that the mantle of charity and silence must be thrown over their own mistakes, but who deny not only charity but a square deal to their wholly blameless brother who these aforesaid gentlemen desire to crucify without even presentation of the charges to a jury.

Cigarmakers need the moral support of trade unionists today more than members of any other calling. Their trade has been injured and undermined by the cheap woman and child labor employed by the trust. Help them all the time. The best way to do this is to buy only such cigars as display the union label on the box.

There'll be no liquor question when all the sweat shops have been eradicated, when all men and all women work reasonable hours for a wage that will house, feed and clothe them as they ought to be, when the men of labor have been given the time for study and recreation the good Lord intended them to have—when a square deal has been meted out to all of this earth's creatures. The liquor question is the offspring of poverty and oppression.

MORE TRUTH THAN FICTION.

—Recently a workingman fell from the twenty-second story of the new Equitable Building to his death. In a New York City newspaper the man's widow is quoted as saying: "His wages, which I sent for today, were docked the moment he fell to his death. Instead of full pay for his work yesterday I received in his pay envelope the amount up to 2.30 o'clock, when he was killed." This seems to be business "efficiency" with a vengeance. The kind of efficiency that makes anarchists.—The Labor Leader, Lancaster, Pa.

TURNING THE TABLES ON PROHIBITIONISTS.

The avowed purpose of the city fathers of Huntington, West Virginia, to tax soda fountains in order to overcome the deficit in revenue resulting from the loss of liquor license under the dry regime is the most sensible method which they can adopt to maintain the necessary civic income. The majority of soda fountain patrons are the Psalm-singers and prohibitionists who voted the saloons out of existence, and since they have enjoyed the pleasure of seeing these so-called dens of iniquity close their doors they should be willing to pay the fiddler and submit gracefully when the druggist raises the price of pink lemonade, grape juice, Coca-Cola, soda water and other concoctions of the soda fountain.

However, whether those who voted for prohibition will accept the new order of things with complacence or otherwise, it is a hundred-to-one shot that no kick will be registered by those who voted for the retention of the saloon. "Speakeasies" are already flourishing on all sides, not only in Huntington, but throughout the State and the man who wants his booze will henceforth experience but little more difficulty than heretofore in obtaining it. This is as it should be, but in the meantime, the "speakeasy" proprietors will be growing richer and richer at the expense of the Psalm-singers and prohibitionists who cried down the saloon.

This fact should be the theme for careful reflection on the part of the vice crusaders, temperance howlers and others who would legislate the saloon out of existence in our own State. As a rule, the anti-saloon advocates are anything but liberal spenders, and when they are brought to realize that the elimination of the saloon will mean an increased per capita tax they will doubtlessly turn their efforts to sanctify the State in other directions, and the poor—and this word is used literally as well as figuratively—saloonkeeper will heave a profound sigh of relief.—The New Era, Lexington, Ky.

SOME INTERESTING NEWS

By F. E. BUCKLAND,

Copenhagen, Denmark,

July 4, 1914.

After closing my last letter, mailed at Southampton, we ran into a dense fog which lasted about six hours, the captain reducing speed to one-half and often stopping the engine entirely.

Saturday evening we sighted Bishop's Rock light house and during the night passed the Scilly Islands. Sunday morning we sighted the English coast and passed the Needles, the scene of many a marine disaster. At noon we entered the Solent and came to anchor in Southampton water, about twenty miles from England's great southern port. The sail up the Solent, with Hursts' Castle on our left and the Isle of Wight on our right, was a most enjoyable one, many of the passengers crowding the bows of the ship to watch the beautiful scenery along the coast of this most attractive island.

When we came to anchor the passengers learned for the first time of the accident to the Kaiser William II, although the officers of the ship had received the news the first day out of Baltimore, but wisely kept the news from the passengers.

When the tender from Southampton steamed alongside our ship we saw her decks crowded with men and women and a large amount of baggage, and then we learned that we were to carry many of the officers and 160 of the crew of the damaged liner back to Bremen. It was certainly an interesting sight this bright Sunday afternoon to watch them come over the side of the vessel, most of them carrying their clothing in trunks, suit cases and bags. From the officers we learned more of the particulars of the ramming of the liner by an English collier. They also showed us pictures showing the hole made in the side of the ship, which was below the water line, and let in enough water to ruin many thousand dollars' worth of baggage.

About 50 of our passengers disembarked at Southampton, among them many of our ship acquaintances, and we were rather loath to part with them, but hope to meet some of them on the continent during our travels at a later date.

Early Sunday evening we proceeded on our way to Bremen, passing out through Spithead, the waters separating the Isle of Wight and the mainland, just opposite Portsmouth, the great naval station of England's channel fleet, and incidentally the birthplace of Charles Dickens. We obtained splendid views of the cities of Cowes and Ryde, situated on the north and east coasts of the Isle of Wight, both of which we visited during a tour of the Channel Islands a few years ago.

Sailing up the English Channel is a delightful experience at any time, but this Sunday evening, with perfect weather and the numerous illuminated summer resorts along the southern coast of England, it was an experience to delight the heart of even a professional traveler or globe trotter. In addition we had a glorious sunset at 9.15 and darkness about 10 o'clock. About midnight, and few turned in before that hour, the lighthouses on both the French and English coasts could be discerned.

Monday we entered the North Sea for the first time, and one knows when the ship enters that sea, for it is a choppy one and causes considerable movement that rather upsets the timid and those susceptible of seasickness. Owing to the fog and our long stay in Southampton water we could not make Bremerhaven Monday evening, but arrived there early Tuesday morning, being routed out of our sleep at half-past two, and by seven had our breakfast and passed through the custom house, an ordeal that was made easy for the Americans and very disagreeable for the Germans.

At eight o'clock we boarded a special train and in an hour and a half pulled in the station of the old hauseanic town of Bremen, a sketch of which will follow in a later letter. We stopped in Bremen long enough to obtain our mail and at noon boarded the Schnellzug for Hamburg, a model, prosperous, up-to-date city, and, like all German cities, clean and well regulated. As we shall be in this, Germany's largest seaport, when we start on our voyage to the North Cape, Iceland, and Spitzberger, we will have more to say of this beautiful city. We spent two days and nights in Hamburg and there started on our trip through Denmark, coming by way of Lubeck and Warnemunde, but at Rostock, Germany, it was discovered that an axle of our coach was broken and everyone was compelled to crowd into an already well-filled car. Thankful that no accident happened we were only too willing to put up with this inconvenience for a few miles.

At Warnemunde the train was run onto a great ferry boat that carried us across the Baltic Sea to Gjedser. While crossing the Baltic we obtained dinner on the boat and then went upon the upper deck and greatly enjoyed a two-hour sail over to the coast of Denmark. This sail across the Baltic would have been more enjoyable if it had not been marred by a distressing accident, for one of the crew got caught in the machinery of the boat and was crushed to death. While crossing the Baltic I asked a gentleman if he was an American and he replied, "Yes, thank God, and I am proud of it." That is the opinion of the average American who travels in Europe, especially if it is his first visit. We find many things inferior to American, but on the whole we get great satisfaction and pleasure out of our travels. We arrived in Copenhagen about 7 o'clock and drove to the King of Denmark hotel, situated on the King's Plaza, our windows affording a fine view down three boulevards or "gades," as they are called here.

Of the beauties of Copenhagen and vicinity we will try and recount in a future letter.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

Joseph L. Holland and family are spending two weeks at Piney Point.

—

When one of my associates says, "Henry, how about this departmental detail?" I can make a note that the G. P. O. is about to lose a good man. The latest to follow this course was Benj. F. Durr, now attached to the Treasury Department, in the purchasing division. Mr. Durr has had a varied career, having spent some years in the Philippines, and later assigned to duty with the General Supply Committee.

—

With me the follow-up system has grown into a habit. Persistently I have followed a take in which I took interest, through the Bureau of Documents, the House Document Room, or the Congressional Library, until I was enabled to read the work in which it appeared. (Parenthetically, a take able to hold a man's attention will be set cleaner than one to which he is indifferent.) I tell of a story in Street & Smith's New York Weekly, the scene laid in Smoky Row, Nashville. I found the row in question. A Washington novel, "Sub Rosa," speaks of Murder Row, this city. I found it. So when a daily paper states that Plaza Park is destined to be the center of the city I start out on the follow-up route. "Destined" might have been omitted; Plaza Park has arrived. All it needs is the cutting of some weeds and borrowing a bandstand from Pension or Stanton Parks. Then the stranger at our gates will believe he has found "some city." Few locations are as well supplied with electric lights or transportation facilities. Among "added attractions" is the new postoffice, with its Eliott-Wilson mottoes, its pillars, its department-store trolleys for the conveyance of mail, and the galleries and outlooks for the secret-service men. The Continental and the Terminal Restaurant supply music for their guests and incidently the populace. Socialists, Suffragettes; and Salvationists have yet to put in an appearance. Thanks to the Union Station, a crowd is ever present. And the excursionists form an attraction in themselves, one-third of whom never get out of sight of the terminal.

—

W. L. Wilmoth is on a visit to Washington from his station in Muscogee, Okla., the occasion being the arrival of a baby girl at his domicile. He reports seeing "Scotty" and "Texas" Phillips. Mr. Scott is engaged in selling the staple of the region, alfalfa, and Mr. Phillips is foreman of a daily paper. Both were former G. P. O. employees.

—

Steel cars are to be installed on the Washington-Baltimore electric line.

—

The G. P. O. management contemplates the purchase of two mergs—one for the Congressional Library branch, one for the job room.

UNIONS MAY PICKET.

Springfield, Ill. — The Appellate Court of the Third district has ruled that labor unions have the right to picket in a peaceful manner. The judgment of the Adams County Circuit Court was reversed on this question in the case of the People vs. Adrian Young. The decision is directly opposite to that recently made by Federal Judge Humphrey who issued an injunction against strikers at Granite City, restraining them from maintaining even one ticket.

PAPERHANGERS STRIKE.

Birmingham, Ala.—Nearly 100 paperhangers in this city are on strike because of wage differences with their employers. The workers presented a new contract which would expire April 1, instead of July 1. This is also objected to by the contractors who insist that the wage increase would 'put them out of business."

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN — UNION MADE BEER — ALE AND PORTER — OF AMERICA — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT

Phone North 192

Fussell's Ice Cream

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W.

Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles..... $1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List.

TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY

COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS

518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

TELEPHONE MAIN 828 — F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

COLONIAL BEACH HOTEL

COLONIAL BEACH, VA.

Special Rates to Union Men and their Families

One Hundred (100) Beautiful Rooms

OPEN FOR ITS SECOND SEASON—THE FINEST ON THE POTOMAC

First-Class in All Its Appointments

M. W. SHERMAN, Prop.

Phone Main 6198

"S. Y. S."

SAVE YOUR SOLES

UNITED SHOE REPAIRING COMPANY

642 G STREET NORTHWEST

The Best Equipped Plant in Washington, Finest Work in the City. Work Called For and Delivered the Same Day. Just Call Main 6198.

Phone Main 6198

Phone Main 6198

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528

612 F Street Northwest

PAUL G. GARBER, President Phone Main 6135 CHAS. O. PARKS, Treasurer.

National Auto Transfer, Storage & Carpet Cleaning Co.

728 THIRTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST

Domestic and Oriental Rugs Cleaned, Washed, Repaired, and Laid

Phone Linc. 1481

MILL AT 419 New Jersey Ave. N. W.

CHAS. T. KRAUSS, Mgr., Formerly with Stumph and Lyford

DRINK! BOTTLED

Coca-Cola

Office: 321 L Street S. W.

HEATING, PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

W. G. CORNELL COMPANY

COMPLETE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENTS

617 SOUTHERN BUILDING

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Outing Trips---

---Thermos Bottles,
---Refrigerator Baskets,
---Camping Requisites, Etc.

IF you are contemplating an outing trip, an inspection of our housefurnishing department stock will reveal many articles that will add to the comfort and pleasure of the occasion. Included are the following:

Thermos Bottles, Traveling Refrigerator Baskets, Picnic Baskets, Wooden Plates, Camping Utensils, Bedroom Water Coolers, Alcohol Stoves, Night Glow Lamps, Etc.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"
WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

THE DRILLERY
1100 NEW YORK AVE. N. W.
Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
SESSION DAILY 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.
SUMMER RATES.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY
Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.
1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.
Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

OFFICE PHONE MAIN 5132 — NIGHT PHONE LINCOLN 1544
W. D. BRISCOE
IRON WORKS
Panorama Bldg. 15th & Ohio Ave. N. W.
Entrance 1424-26-28 C St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English
Civil Service Preparation
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

Many newspapers are making a great hullabaloo about a Congressman who refused to take pay for four days during which he was not working as a lawmaker. He's a curiosity of course; but if all Congressmen who didn't earn money while working at that job were docked accordingly there'd be a surplus in the Treasury that would make the income tax look like a pile of white chips in a poker game.

• • • •

The Washington ball players and their friends are rapidly perfecting arrangements for the trip to Cincinnati for the annual meet of the Union Printers National Baseball League. It will be the greatest crowd of printer baseball people ever before assembled, I imagine, and the visitors to the Ohio city will have a fine time. The first game of the week will be played on Sunday, August 2, and will be witnessed by a great crowd. The Washington contingent will leave on Friday, July 31, over the Chesapeake and Ohio, being joined here by the Philadelphia club for the trip. The fund to transport our boys is growing, and as this is the last week you'll have the chance open to you it would be well to chip in on the good work. Don't delay. See your chairman at once.

• • • •

At its meeting last Sunday Columbia Union passed strong resolutions urging the International Typographical Union to resume its active fight for the government ownership of telegraphs and telephones. The resolution will be presented to the International by the Washington delegates at Providence next month. Samuel H. Bell introduced the matter in the local, and the speech he made explaining the question and urging action by No. 101 was like all the work the able veteran does—notably good. Mr. Bell, who served on the International's committee on the subject for several years, often appearing before congressional committees and other bodies on the subject, is wonderfully well informed on the subject; in fact, though the question has had the attention of some of the country's ablest men, I very much doubt if any man in the land knows more about it than S. H. Bell. Should the International Union conclude to again assume active operations in this work, I doubt not that Mr. Bell will again head the committee here in Washington to work before the Senate and House of Representatives.

• • • •

Benjamin F. Durr, who has been employed in the Government Printing Office for about five years past as a proof reader, has resigned there, to accept a clerkship with the general supply committee of the Treasury Department. Mr. Durr, who is originally from York, Pa., came to the Government Printing Office after a service of several years in the bureau of printing at Manila, in which office he was foreman of printing during his term there. He is well equipped for all that has to do with printing, and the Treasury people have annexed a valuable man. He has been detailed from the Printery to the supply committee's work for almost a year past, giving entire satisfaction in his position there. He starts in at $1600 per year, and it will be safe to bet that it will not be long before he'll be climbing up the ladder of promotion.

• • • •

Joe Wilner, the popular union tailor at Eighth and G streets N. W., is certainly making things hum in his line. Besides giving all requisites in the matter of style and value received in the clothes-making line, there are still other reasons why Mr. Wilner should be selected as the man to make your togs. He belongs to the tribe of the helpful, and the writer recalls that he is always ready to do his full share in aiding the workers. When the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association was seeking prizes Joe was the first man to come forward and make a donation, and the suit of clothes he presented went a long way to aid the boys to sell their excursion tickets. Printers do not always forget snch helpful efforts, and Joe will probably make more clothes for typos in the future than he has in the past. I hope he will. He deserves all the best.

• • • •

"Concerning baseball as a science or a game," said W. W. Maloney to me one day recently, "I don't think I know a great deal—in fact, I doubt if I'd know a foul tip from a three-bagger or be able to tell a stolen base from a home run; but," and he handed me a dollar bill, "I see from your writings in the TRADES UNIONIST that here in this town we have a baseball team composed of printers—one, too, that has won the championship in the National Union Printers Baseball League—and that it needs money, and I want to help out. Its a good thing to encourage outdoor sports among printers, and the baseball idea is one of the best of the whole range." Like many other loyal members of the craft, Mr. Maloney considers that it would be almost unthinkable for Washington printers to let its ball team fall down in the matter of attending the meeting of the League at Cincinnati when a mite from each card holder would easily finish up the fund which the boys have been accumulating for the purpose.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

CONVENTION OPENS.

The twenty-second annual coovention of the International Steel and Copper Plate Printers began its sessions in New York during the past week. Geo. Cleary and John J. Deviney are the delegates representing Local No. 2.

Charles T. Smith the editor of the Plate Printer, and the International Secretary is also attending the convention. Matters of grave importance to the trade will be considered.

OPPOSE JAP IMMIGRATION.

Lansing, Mich.—The announcement that 400 Japanese laborers from California are coming to locate in Algier county, this State, has started an anti-alien land law agitation, and it is stated an attempt will be made at the next session of the State legislature to enact a law similar to the one in California. "I view any such colonization movement as this with grave apprehension," said J. L. Snyder, president of the Michigan Agricultural College. "We are willing to welcome only such settlers as will become American citizens."

STREET CAR MEN STRIKE.

Joplin, Mo.—After nearly a month's conferences, street car men in this city are on strike to enforce their wage demands. About 150 men are involved. They are members of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Railway Employes of America.

Bricklayers' Union No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P. Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 I. St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy, and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Anglin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
SPRING AND SUMMER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Mr. UNION MAN,
your credit is always good here. You can select any article from our enormous stock of high-grade jewelry and silverware, and pay for it on terms as low as
FIFTY CENTS A WEEK.
CASH CANNOT BUY BETTER VALUES
HERE'S AN EXAMPLE 1-4 CARET PRICE $25.00
SCHWARTZ
JEWELRY and SILVERWARE
824 SEVENTH ST. N. W.

LIVERIES, UNIFORMS — SPORTING GOODS
Saks & Company
MEN'S AND BOYS OUTFITTERS
Ave. and 7th St. — Wash. D. C.

PHONE MAIN 3495
GUIFFRE'S
Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50
908 Pa. Avenue — Northwest

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
J. G. O'DONNELL, Vice-President....1312 Mass. Avenue S.E.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden...1910 14th St. NW.
D. N. MOXLEY, Conductor..110 5th Street N. E.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Business Agt., 814 7th St. N. E.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
George Rosson.....1527 Columbia St. N.W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

EXECUTIVE BOARD

R. H. Burdette, President 803 Mt. Vernon Place
E. B. Byrne, Secretary, 209 Wilkes St., Alex., Va.
H. S. Hollohan.....814 Seventh St. N. E.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.

SUB-MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne, Chairman.....425 G St., N. W.
Allen Lithgow, Secretary...160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd St. N. W.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
J. A. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
Thomas Echols....714 Duke St. Alexandria, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd Street N. W.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd Street N. E.

DELEGATES B. T. M. C.

D. N. Moxley.....110 5th Street N. W.
H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
George Rosson....1527 Columbia Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

BUSINESS AGENT

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. F. Davis.....439 Second Street, N. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

All amusements—Music—Mammoth Boardwalk — And Extended Pier—Dancing Free Excellent Hotels and Cafes.
ROUND TRIP---Week Days, 25 cents
Sundays and Holidays, 50 Cents
TRAIN SCHEDULE EFFECTIVE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
(Save this for future reference.)
Leaves District Line Station Daily, Monday to Friday Inclusive;
10.00, and 11.30, A. M.; 2.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS:
10.00, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.15, 5.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS:
9.30, 10.30, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.20, 4.45, and 8.00 P. M.
TRAINS RETURN AT FREQUENT INTERVALS

Whenever You are Downtown Stop in
McCord's Cafe
919 F STREET N. W.
and get one of those Famous 35 Cent Dinners. Lunches from 11.30 A. M. to 2.30 P. M.
GUY McCORD, Proprietor.

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street — Northwest

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made
The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. — Station K

W. B. Moses & Sons
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY
FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

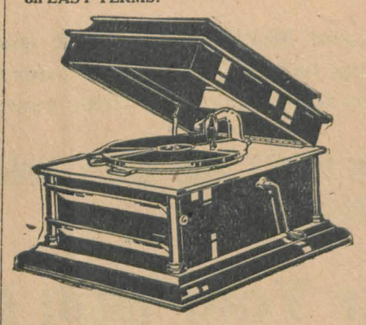
Enrich Your Blood
— WITH —
XANDER'S VIRGINIA CLARETS
909 7th Street, Northwest.
No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

P. B. Suits
for Spring and Summer
in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25
Parker, Bridget & Co.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS
"The Avenue at Ninth"

HAVE this Columbia Grafonola only $50.00 on EASY TERMS.

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY,
1210 G STREET N. W.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS PHONE MAIN 5912 ALL AMUSEMENTS
COLONIAL BEACH WASHINGTON'S ATLANTIC CITY
AVERAGE SUMMER POPULATION 15,000
PALATIAL STEAMER ST. JOHNS
LEAVES 7th Street Wharf: SATURDAYS 2.30 P. M., and SUNDAYS 9.00 A. M., During JUNE, JULY, and AUGUST, EXCEPT MONDAYS.
ROUND TRIP TICKETS 50 CENTS
EXCEPT SUNDAYS JULY and AUGUST
TICKET GOOD FOR THE SEASON $1.00
CHILDREN HALF FARE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 208 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall. 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5635 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 616 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillon, 1111 Park Place, N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, Jos. Crist, 332 E St. n. e.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D, C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Fr day of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, M. O'Connor, Georgetown, D. C., Station A.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier. 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. Harding, Station K, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

BAKERY SALESMEN

There is at this time a grand opportunity open to the delegates to the C. L. U. to put into this town several organizations, which, while not of the highbrow variety, would tend to strengthen the ranks of organized labor in this vicinity, and would solidify all the more, the movement in general, and would be the means of elevating those organized.

Reference is made to the soda water and soft stuff drivers, the milk men, and ice wagon drivers, which, with the co-operation of the liquor dealers, who have received a "Card" from the C. L. U., could, it appears, be organized with very little effort, and another step taken towards realizing that "Three million."

These liquor dealers have it in their power to put these organizations in the field, by their united demand that they be catered to by Union men only, and the C. L. U. has it in its power to see to it that these liquor dealers do just this thing, as they have no doubt received what they wished, in securing the recognition of the C. L. U., and, it would also appear, have rendered nothing in return, with the exception of the organization of Bartenders. Now wouldn't it be a good idea to see that these matters are given proper support when these goods handled by the men involved are seasonable and not wait until cold weather, when the excuse can be easily made that on account of the slight demand for the goods organization at that time would be rather difficult?

Also for the "good of the service," would it not be well at this time to have a law enacted which would make it impossible for a person, other than a duly elected or appointed delegate representing an affiliated local in good standing, to hold office in the C. L. U.?

While no one admires more or has a higher opinion of the officers of the body as now constituted than the writer, the truth of the suggestion made at the present election and the one preceding it, pertaining to the eligibility of those holding office, cannot be denied, and were this law as suggested to become a part of the rules governing the central body, same to become effective at the end of the present quarter, in the opinion of the writer, the business of the body would be put upon a more efficient basis, and the differences of opinion concerning the right of this or that one to hold office be eliminated, together with the possibility of personal dispute or bitterness which might arise concerning this particular phase of the workings of a body in which we are all earnestly interested.

Another matter which might and should interest all delegates to the C. L. U. is the manner in which the trade of the Union men and women is appreciated by the proprietor of the lunchroom on the boardwalk near the dancing pavilion at Chesapeake Beach. Recently the writer, being at that resort for a day, had occasion to go into this place of business to purchase a cigar, and being shown all the different brands on sale, was told that Ofterdinger's brands and the Cinco were Union-made, and after closely pressing the proprietor for his reason for not handling a cigar which we could consistently purchase, was told that the Union cigars did not amount to much and that there was no demand for them. Seems as though a little evangelistic work at this place would be productive of results which would be favorable to a craft which has always endeavored to do their part in the uplift of the movement.

Also at the grounds of the Washington Baseball Club the brand offered to the patrons is of the "rat" variety.

What would the members of the several locals think or do, if their employer were to suggest that they purchase a portion of the material needed by him for the proper continuation of his business? And, of course, at their own expense. Would there be some holler? Well, we rather guess there would, yet this practice is being carried on by a baker in this enlightened burg, and though he sells his bread for a lower price than the "Standard" bakers, he receives for his rolls and buns a similar price to that received by the larger competitor. Considering this, it would seem that he could afford to pay for the paper sacks, which are necessary for the proper disposition of the product of his establishment, doesn't it? And echo answers "Yes." But Mr. P. Dorsch does not think so, and he has decided that as this expenditure means only about sixty ($.60) or seventy ($.70) cents per week each man on an average, the matter is of so light importance that he cannot be bothered with it. He will be led into better and brighter paths shortly, and again the assistance which you so willingly and so successfully rendered not long ago may be requested in the near future for the purpose of showing him the error of his ways.

Local No. 33 will give their annual excursion to Marshall Hall on August 26th, and will be pleased to have as their guests all those who are willing to enjoy a pleasant trip on the water and a day of good, clean amateur sport.

J. L. CONSIDINE.

GLAZIERS ON STRIKE.

Detroit.—Nearly 100 glaziers are on strike in this city to enforce a demand for a nine-hour day, a minimum wage of 35 cents an hour; a five-hour day on Saturdays, double time for Sundays and holidays and time and one-half for overtime. The strikers say their requests have not been considered by employers, who have even denied them a hearing.

AGAINST SUNDAY WORK.

Columbus, O.—Representatives of the Horseshoers' union have asked common council to prohibit horseshoeing on Sunday. These workers charge that non-union shops are indulging in this practice, and the six-day week should be made universal.

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. Opposite Hotel Raleigh

SPECIAL RATES TO UNION MEN QUICK SERVICE
Crystal Cafe & Lunch Room
LOUIS DuBOIS, Proprietor
N. Y. Prime Rib Roast Chicken Dinners Thur. & Sun.
SPECIAL BREAKFAST 25 Cents
No. 6 MASS. AVE. N. W. Opposite the New City Post Office.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "UNION LABEL" WITH US.
UNION OPERATOR LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C. I.A.T.S.E. AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
La Grand Park, N. Capitol & N.Y. Ave.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Fairyland - 19th L Sts. N.W. (colored)
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Standard Park, Bates St. at N. Capitol

Phone Main 5575 For Gentlemen Only
Lafayette Turkish Baths
BELASCO THEATRE BLDG.
Finest and Best Equipped Establishment South of New York
SERVICE UNEXCELLED
OPEN DAY and NIGHT ROBERT GUARD, Manager.

Repairing Accessories Phone Main 4186 Residence 339-Y
John S. Berryman
AGENT FOR
Harley Davidson Motorcycles
— AND —
Great Western Bicycles
912 9th St. N. W. Washington, D.C.

TERMINAL BAR
STRICTLY UNION
No. 44 G STREET N E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up
HOTEL STERLING
13th and E Streets
Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

REFRESHING
You've got September weather beat to a frazzle when you drink ORANGE at our fountain.
Weller's Drug Store
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

When transferring at the Avenue and 7th Stop in and see
Karl Achterkirchen
Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars
205 7th Street Northwest

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents
Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find
THE NORRIS HOUSE
OPEN AT 4 A. M.
DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor
Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CORBY BROS.
100 per cent Pure
Bread
fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION UNION STAMP Factory
Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

Phone Lincoln 617
When in the neighborhood stop in
The Southeast Cafe
1014 8th Street S. E.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS DOUGLAS & THRIFT, Props.

When Purchasing Bread
Get Meinberg's Top Notch
Look For Label on Each Loaf
JOHN G. MEINBERG
Baker and Confectioner
714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS
THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue
THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 747

ALLEN'S BUFFET
PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings, Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth Street Southeast
Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

Every Day at 4.00 o'clock Chili Con Carnie
New 1-2 MILE TRACK
10th and E Streets N. W.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 8 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

BARTENDERS OUTING, GRAND SUCCESS.

SPORTS FEATURE DAY'S EVENTS.

The most successful outing that has been held in this city for many a day was that held on last Sunday by the Bartenders Local Union No. 428 at Luna Park. The weather was perfect and the crowd the most orderly ever gathered together at an occasion of this kind. From ten o'clock in the morning until seven at night there was something doing ever minute, and the hours arranged for this rare day of pleasure were selected so as not to interfere with church services.

Sports of all kinds were engaged in and the prizes for each event were well worth competing for. The committee of which Clifford Wright was the chairman neglected neither time nor money to make the affair the huge success that it was, and everybody who attended came away satisfied with their day's entertainment and all that could be heard on all sides was: When are they going to give another?

The field games were under the direction of Jimmy Conroy who kept things moving one right after another until the long and varied program was at an end. He was ably assisted by the genial president, Johnny Clarkson and Luke F. Ludlow who acted as judges of the events. The swimming races were a new feature at outings in this section and attracted a crowd on each side of the pond who rooted for their respective favorites. Pistoria's band furnished the music for the occasion, and it is needless to say that it was, as usual, first class.

The following awards were given the winners:

200-yard race (closed). Martin Hurley, first; E. Bruff, second; Fritz Housen, third. Fat men's race, Peter Barrick. 50-yard dash, Peter Baum, P. Sullivan. Tub race, M. J. Joyce, E. McCormick, E. Bruff. 100-yard swim, E. Bruff, W. Uphold, and J. Crummin. 50-yard dash, P. Baum, M. Hurley, and P. Sullivan. 25-yard dash, M. J. Joyce, L. Nebb, and W. L. Dorsey. 50-yard swim, Charles L. Stearns, C. M. Barrick, and Charles Fuchs. 25-yard swim (open), J. Salbean, C. M. Barrick, M. E. Fitzgerald. Hop, step, and jump, M. J. Joyce, S. J. Nebb, and J. Hamlin. 50-yard dash, M. Hurley, L. Baum, and E. Edwards. 50-yard handicap, P. Baum, M. Hurley, and P. Sullivan. 25-yard dash, M. J. Joyce, L. Nebb, and W. L. Dorsey.

A tug-of-war between Irish and German teams resulted in a victory for the Germans.

INTERESTING NOTES OF THE OUTING.

Johnny Clarkson was as busy as a bee flitting hither and thither to see that every one was enjoying himself and that all had their share of the good things furnished.

Jim Conroy was all to the mustard in running off the races, and it showed that Jim has had considerable experience in this line of work, for not a kick was registered during the entire performance.

"Cliff" Wright wore a smile that would not come off, and he has been receiving the congratulations of all those who attended, at the success attained.

Luke Ludlow, that indefatigable worker in the cause of trades unionism in the District was on hand, to lend a helping hand, and Luke was so tired the next day that he retired to his bed of downy feathers at an early hour.

The clam chowder that was served was fit for kings, and it was none of the restaurant kind where you have to have a microscope to find a clam. And there was plenty of it, too.

The picture that was taken of the crowd was some picture, and in it will be found the best bunch that could be gathered together.

Everybody was satisfied and voted it the best affair ever.

Hats off to Bartenders Local No. 428.

CARPENTERS' STRIKE ENDS.

Cincinnati.—After a three months' struggle the carpenters' strike has been settled, the men securing higher wages and better working conditions. Eight hours shall constitute a day's work, and the minimum wage shall be 55 cents an hour from May 1, 1914, to October 30, 1915, and 60 cents an hour from November 1, 1915, to April 30, 1917, and the higher grade of mechanics to receive a higher rate of wages as agreed upon between the employer and the employe. The agreement is to be for a period of three years. Arbitration is agreed to in case the workers and their employers fail to settle any difference that may arise.

SECURE FEW SIGNERS.

Trinidad, Col.—The mine operators have failed in their latest attempt to break the miners' strike by circulating petitions to President Wilson asking him to allow all mines in the district to open with all the strikebreakers the operators can import. Few citizens signed the petitions. The Free Press, a local paper, charges that the operators have been smuggling strikebreakers into the district, and are "paying no attention to the President's edict, with their usual disregard for the nation's laws."

BREAK OPERATORS' RANKS.

Massillon, Ohio.—The Pocock Coal Company broke from its conferees, in session with their mine employes, and yielded to the demands of the miners for 71.19 cents a ton for pick mining on the run-of-mine basis, and signed a scale for two years, ending a strike which has been in progress since early spring. The action of the Pocock Company establishes a scale which the other operators must pay if they desire to resume.

The break came at the close of the four days' conference of miners and operators. Unable to reach an agreement they had adjourned when the miners announced that any company which granted the scale for pick mining on the run-of-mine basis could resume. The Pocock Company alone accepted the proposition.

ONLY FOR COMPENSATION.

Lansing, Mich.—The State Supreme court has denied the application for benefits under the State compensation law, made by Mrs. Augustus Adams, of Detroit, whose husband died of lead poisoning, which disease he contracted while employed in a paint plant. The court held that where employes become ill because of some occupational disease they are not entitled to compensation under the present law.

WONT SPEAK FOR PAY

Philadelphia. — While personally pledging his best efforts to the committee having in charge the union forward" movement, President Gompers has declined to make an address to raise funds to finance the movement. President Gompers declined to speak to workingmen where an admission fee is charged. He declared the gospel of trades unionism is free and without price and that his preaching of it would be done only under circumstances that would make it free to all. The A. F. of L. executive made an effective plea for unity among trade unionists. "Without unity," he declared, "your efforts to secure your rights are defeated before you start. Trade unionism should alone be our slogan. We should eliminate every cult and ism from our ranks and with unity as our watchword present a solid front in the great cause that has for its aim the welfare and advancement of humanity.

"while listening to your deliberations, I am impressed with the fact that some of you are not working in harmony.

"You charge each other with more offenses than are charged against you by special privilege, which has long exploited you for its own benefit. Each of you declare your position to be correct and insist that the other has some sinister, selfish interest he wishes to advance. 'A plague on both your houses.' Cease this constant attempt to belittle each other and save your energy to promote the welfare of the greatest force making for the advance and welfare of mankind.

"If labor acts as a unit there is no limit to what it can accomplish in Philadelphia. Divided, it is defeated before it begins.

"Trades unionism and trades unionism only must be our slogan. We must eliminate from our ranks all effort of individuals to advance their pet hobbies, and battle under the banner of unity.

"In this way and in this way only can the great cause of organized labor, which has helped the individual to a more equitable distribution of the wealth he has produced, and for which thousands of men have consecrated their lives for advancement of humanity, be brought to a successful culmination."

ROUNDLY CONDEMNED.

Trinidad. — Stinging resolutions against the state militia and Gov. Ammons by the latter's political associates featured the proceedings of the Las Animas Democratic county convention, which declared:

"We heartily condemn Gov. Ammons for the inefficient, undemocratic and incompetent manner in which he has handled the strike situation in Southern Colorado.

"We condemn Gen. Chase, of the Colorado National Guard, as the hireling and servient tool of the great coal companies of Southern Colorado, and hold him and the thugs and hirelings, employes of the coal companies, which he incorporated in Company A, of the Colorado National Guard, personally responsible for the murder of the women and children of Ludlow. We condemn the National Guard of Colorado and every officer who participated therein and feel that they are largely responsible for the Ludlow massacre and the conditions that led up to it."

NEW LABOR DAY IDEA.

Wilmington, Del.—By a vote of the unions, organized labor in this city, together with the business men, will parade jointly on Labor Day. President Scott, of the Central Labor union, will be grand marshal.

AGREE TO ARBITRATE.

Sacramenta.—The long-drawn-out dispute between the Musicians union and the Empress theater is at an end through the acceptance of the owning syndicate to arbitrate the question.

TRACE PELLAGRA TO MILLS

Atlanta, Ga.—"It has heretofore been called by the laity 'corn bread disease,' but I think it should be called 'cotton mill disease,'" is the verdict of Dr. W. V. Garrett, who has been investigating the dreaded disease known as pellagra in and around this city.

The report says there is a cause for all this pellagra, and Dr. Garrett declares it is caused by the lowered vitality due to overwork and the insanitary condition in which the workers are thrown. He states that during the year he has investigated forty cases of pellagra in the vicinity of the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, whose textile workers are now on strike for decent working conditions, increased wages and the abolishment of child labor.

Dr. Garrett also says:

"I do say cotton mill work, as carried on by some mills in the south, where women and helpless children are forced to a machine by starvation, lashed to it, forced to remain there day after day, working long hours, until every watt of energy—both mental and physical—and every drop of blood is spun out of them and converted into dollars, leaving the unfortunate individual an easy prey to pellagra, tuberculosis and all other diseases, leaving them a burden to themselves, a curse to society and a charge to charity if they by chance miss the chaingang or the insane asylum.

"From the investigation I have made, I feel safe to say that at least 75 per cent of all cases of pellagra existing in Georgia today are traceable to the mill districts."

TEXTILE WORKERS ASK AID.

Fall River, Mass.—Officers of the United Textile Workers of America have issued an appeal for funds for the benefit of the Fulton Bag and Cotton Company's striking workers at Atlanta, Ga. Last October these workers, employed under the most demoralizing conditions, organized a union, but the discriminating tactics of the company drove them on strike. The textile officials say: "It is impossible to describe the intense poverty and wretchedness of the textile workers in the Southern cotton mills, working in the company's mill, dealing at the company's store, dwelling in company's shacks." It is charged that children of tender years are working for as low as 32 cents a week. The workers are demanding, among other things, the abolishment of child labor, and this feature of their strike should appeal to every right-thinking citizen. A commissary has been established to provide for the bare necessities of the 2,000 men, women and children involved in the strike. The textile workers are asking that contributions be forwarded to Secretary Albert Hibbert, Box 742, Fall River, Mass., for the purpose of feeding these workers in their battle for a living wage, sanitary shop conditions, and the right of their little ones to live and play.

CAN SUE THIRD PARTIES.

New York.—The workmen's compensation commission has ruled that injured persons may sue third parties in the courts before they have recourse to the commission for an award against their own employer or the insurance company carrying the liability. James Babb, employe of a dry dock in Brooklyn, complaining of an infection of a finger which an employe of the Standard Oil Company had jumped upon, was permitted to sue the oil company on condition of submitting to a medical examination by the commission's physician to ascertain the extent of the injury.

FULL TIME AT ALTOONA.

Altoona, Pa.—Orders have been issued by the Pennsylvania railroad to put all shops in this city on full time. This order affects about 12,000 men.

ORDER WAS DENIED

Decatur, Ind. — Striking leather workers, members of the Brotherhood of Leather Workers on Horse Goods, have scored a victory in the Adams county court, which has dissolved a temporary injunction and placed the costs on the Schafer Saddlery Company. These workers have been on strike since last June because of an attempted wage reduction. Failure to adjust matters resulted in a strike, and the company imported strikebreakers, who were so vigorously importuned to cease work that the company secured a temporary injunction, pending a motion for a permanent order. The court refused the latter and dissolved the temporary order, after the strikers entered a general denial, which the court held, "put upon the plaintiff the burden of proving each and every material allegation contained in its complaint, by a fair preponderance of the evidence."

The court further held: "The law having granted workmen the right to strike to secure better conditions from their employers, grant them, also, the use of those means and agencies not inconsistent with the rights of others that are necessary to make the strike effective. This embraces the right to support their contest by argument, persuasion and such favors and accommodations as they have within their control."

In answer to the company's claims that the strikers were "frightening and intimidating their present employes," the court said: "It may be that the defendants, in their zeal in the cause and their desire to win their strike, were not as courteous to the new employes as they should have been, but discourtesy is not one of the things for which an injunction should be granted. If what the defendants did frightened the new employes, they certainly would not have gone to the lodge room of the defendants."

Trade unionists say this is the first case of this kind ever tried in Adams county, and the outcome is pleasing to them.

LOSING THEIR GRIP.

Los Angeles.—Union baiters in this city are losing their grip, and the steady advance of the organized movement is being noticed by those who, a few months ago, were preaching the end of trade unionism in this vicinity. In the past several weeks three notable victories have been won. The garment workers scored in their strike against the P. A. Newmark Company after a seventeen months' contest. The Ladies' Tailors union has secured the eight-hour day in a large establishment. The Boot and Shoe Workers union won an important strike.

During the past five months the Barbers union has signed over half a hundred contracts and won several strikes.

REDUCE FREIGHT RATES.

San Francisco.—Several steamship companies have made wholesale reductions in freight rates between San Francisco and the East, to take effect on the opening of the Panama canal. In a number of cases the rates are lower than the rates from Chicago to New York, a distance approximating 1,000 miles. Canned goods, per 100 pounds, are reduced from 45 to 30 cents; dried fruit, from 50 to 40 cents; beans from 40 to 35 cents, and other commodities are proportionately affected.

TO LICENSE OPERATORS.

Tacoma, Wash.—The common council has passed an ordinance providing for the examination and licensing of picture-machine operators. No license shall be granted to persons under eighteen years of age. The examination shall be conducted by city officials. A fee of $10 is charged operators of the first and second class, and for operators of the third class no fee shall be charged. For renewals, the fee shall be $1.

CLAIMS OF ANTIS REFUTED

Stockton, Cal.—In a page advertisement in the local press, the Merchants, Manufacturers and Employers' association of this city gives an insight into its mode of reasoning for locking out union workers. The association, of course, declares for the "open shop," which it defines as follows: "We understand the 'open shop' to mean the elimination of the use of the union label, the union stamp, and display cards from our places of business and our products, and the elimination of signed or other agreements between our members and labor organizations."

While the association declines to treat with its employes in a collective capacity, it gives notice, as follows, that only organized action will be permitted among Stockton's employers.

"Hours and wages. Resolved, That the members of the Merchants, Manufacturers and Employers' Association of Stockton, Cal., are hereby pledged to the maintenance of the present schedule of hours and wages. Any proposed changes in working hours and wages are to be submitted to a committee of the association, and no individual member of the association shall, in any case, lower any wage or increase the hours of employment in conflict with the present standard of hours and wages, without the investigation and consent of said committee. The penalty of the violation of this will be expulsion from the membership and removal from all the benefits and protection of the association."

Unionists are attacking this position of the employers from two standpoints. First, they are making public letters sent to workers outside the city in which Stockton employers offer employment at wages below the union rates. The locked-out men are also asking who established the present standard of wages, hours, and conditions, which the employers are pledged to maintain through a committee of their own, and who would now deny their workers any word in the affair.

SEATTLE UNIONISTS ACTIVE.

Seattle.—Unionists in this city have perfected plans for a vigorous "union forward" movement. A committee to map out the program made the following recommendations, which were accepted:

"That an executive committee of ten be elected to have general supervision of the work; that a finance committee of five be appointed to take charge of receipts and expenditures; that a committee of five be named to obtain publicity for meetings and rallies; that a committee of five be chosen to conduct educational work both within and without the movement and to enlist the services of speakers and lecturers; that a committee of five be selected to collect statistics and to divide the city into precincts for the purpose of obtaining names, addresses and occupations of all unorganized wage-earners; that a committee of five be appointed to conduct organization work among all such wage-earners."

BIG BOOST TO STATE BRANCH.

Wheeling, W. Va.—The executive board of District 17, United Mine Workers of America, has voted to instruct all local unions under the district jurisdiction to affiliate with the state branch. This means that 150 new unions will join the West Virginia State Federation of Labor if the instructions are followed out, which will undoubtedly be the case.

MISSOURI WORKERS TO MEET.

Kansas City, Mo.—Secretary John T. Smith of the Missouri State Federation of Labor has issued a call for the annual convention, which will be held in Hannibal, beginning Monday, September 14.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL COUNCIL 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 21, 1914.

Boost at all times; the knocker digs his own grave.

A helping hand will aid in lifting the heaviest burden.

You say that you are a union man. Why not show your faith by your work.

The more you do for the cause of labor the more you will take pleasure in doing.

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

At an election held the other day in Toledo, Ohio, the people voted on the question of issuing bonds to the sum of $8,000,000 to purchase the local street railway lines and the light and power plants, and it carried by more than a thousand majority in favor.

The trades unionists acting in concert voted solidly in favor of the proposition and the credit of the victory is an achievement for organized labor. This is gratifying news to all true trades unionists who believe in the public ownership of public utilities without any subterfuges or strings attached.

This victory will also give impetus to like movements in other localities and spur the true lovers of real and not pretended government on to deeds of a like character. We wish to congratulate the trades unionists of Toledo, and may the operation of these utilities under municipal ownership prove remunerative both financially, serviceably and humanely to the citizenship as a whole.

THE UNION LABEL.

The purchaser is the ultimate employer, for he must create the market for the product of the worker. Every cent spent by a union man is therefore spent in the employment of some kind of labor. If non-union goods be purchased, you employ non-union labor. Not only so, but by this process the union man retards the building up of a force in other crafts that would prove of immense benefit to him in the securing of his own demands. When all the money earned by trade unionists is spent strictly for union-made products, think of the great force for good that will be thereby exerted. With the consequent greatly increased demand for such products, how much easier it would be to secure further improved conditions in all crafts in yours, too, brother unionist if you please; how securely each craft would be entrenched in its position; how many accessions would come to our ranks from those thus compelled to recognize the benefits of the trade union; to what extent such a condition would tend to clarify the labor question and bring labor truly into its own.—The Baltimore Trades Unionist.

CO-OPERATIVE BUYING.

One of the remedies that has been advanced during the past week as a means to check the high cost of living is community co-operative buying where the people may buy direct from the wholesaler and cut out the profit of the retailer entirely. The plan proposed is a good one, and the members of trades unions have this means right at hand now.

A short time ago a movement of this kind was started through the instrumentality of the Machinists Local No. 174 of this city, and the success achieved was so great that it became necessary to procure quarters and engage in the business on a much larger scale. A company was formed with stock selling at $1.00 per share, which enabled the holder to buy from the company's store at prices greatly reduced from the prices for the same articles from the retail stores.

Now that the lesson of co-operative buying has proven a success, it is the part of wisdom for trades unionists to inquire into this venture and become a part of it, thus, making a saving of many dollars in the course of a year. The company is located at 336 Pa. Ave. S. E., and any one making inquires there will receive the information as to how they may save on their purchases.

HIGH PRICES.

In all history there has not been a war that has amazed and startled the entire world as the present European conflict, nor one which so quickly effected the entire world in such a variety of ways.

This country has been dependent upon the old country in a multiplicity of ways, and the stoppage of our European trade has effected us tremendiously, but not to the extent that would justify the outragious raising of prices in the commodities of life as has taken place. We called attention in these columns two weeks ago to the necessity of some action on the part of Congress to protect the consumer and it may be that there is adequate law to reach the unscrupulous business pirates who have been so quick to grasp the excuse of the war to have the prices of food stuffs soar to the extent that some of the necessities of life will soon be beyond the reach of the majority of the working people.

The investigations that are being conducted in most all of the large cities of this country under the supervision of the Department of Justice may develope some way in which to bring prosecutions, and if no remedy at law exists it should be the duty of Congress to come to the relief of the people in the passage of laws that will protect them against this exhorbitant greed as quickly as they came to the relief of the Banker and Shipper during the past week.

LABOR IS DEFENDED

Stockton, Cal.—Employers have not the right to indiscriminately discharge workmen on the theory that "they have the right to run their own business," was the thought expressed by Rev. J. W. Byrd, pastor of the Grace M. E. Church, South, in a vigorous sermon on the present lockout of union workmen, in which the boycott was defended and employers were urged to arbitrate.

The clergyman said, in part:

"It would appear to have the identical coloring of justice itself that a man should have the right to discharge any man whose discharge would serve the interest of his business without reference of the act to any one or without even the slightest consideration as to whether or not there might be involved circumstances.

"Let us speak to this argument just a minute. As a matter of fact such an attitude as is here contended for as a right is wholly at variance with all that we know in our experience as social beings. A man may have the money in his pocket—good, hard-earned, honest money—and he may have a lot already paid for, yet he must consult the people and get a permit before he is allowed to erect his own building with his own money on his own land. If that location happens to be in a certain section of the city the building must measure up to certain requirements before it is permitted to be erected at all. A man owns his own automobile, and the street is a public thoroughfare—everybody's property—yet that man must drive his own automobile down his own street only on a certain side of it. He must not leave that machine of his standing within a certain definite distance of a fire hydrant of his. A man has his children, and they live in his house, yet the strong hand of the people invade that home and prescribe certain limits within which his conduct toward his own children in his own home must move. A man owns his own horse, and works that horse upon his own ranch, yet he is not at liberty to treat that horse just as mood may dictate.

"These restraints are all arbitrary, of course. There is no justification for their existence, to be sure. Doubtless we should have some organization formed to break down these restraints against the freedom to exercise the God-given right to act without regard to another's good. Yet somehow human society, out of a long and bitter struggle, writing a sacred history, has found out that this is best. So I say that a man's right to do what he will with his own only extends to the point where another's good would be jeopardized by the further exercise of that right. God's mandate to the sea, 'Hitherto shalt thou come, but no farther,' is equally applicable to the movements in human society."

SEAMEN ARE VIGILANT.

Chicago.—The Lake Seamen's union continues its fight against the so-called "welfare plan" of the Lake Carriers' association and the discriminating tactics of vessel owners on the Great Lakes who are members of that organization. To further this opposition, Victor Olander, the union's secretary, has issued the following notice:

"Any seaman who finds himself discriminated against, either directly or indirectly, because of his membership in the Seamen's union (or because of his intention or desire to join the union), by any representative of the Lake Carriers' association or any of its allied companies, is requested to at once report the facts to an officer of the union. Careful notes should be made, giving detailed information of what has occurred, full names, addresses, date, time, place, etc. This will apply to acts of discrimination against seamen, for above stated reasons, or because of rules of the so-called 'welfare plan' by any agent or representative of the Lake Carriers' association or any of its allied concerns, including the masters and officers of the ships."

VOTES IN FAVOR OF M. O.

Toledo, Ohio.—By a vote of 10,597 to 9,409 this city declared in favor of issuing bonds to the amount of $8,000,000 for the purpose of taking over the local street car company's railway and light and power plants. The election was a spirited one, and the trade union movement led the fight for municipal ownership.

MACHINISTS ON STRIKE.

Detroit.—Machinists employed in several large overall factories in this city are on strike. It is claimed that the Garment Workers union has indicated to their employers that they will not work with nonunion machinists. The strikers are demanding a higher wage rate.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

My "society friend," Mr. McCormick, deserts his nightside associates and takes a day position in the Bureau of Documents. I call him my "society friend" in distinction to Mr. McCormick, of the first division, and because it is well nigh impossible to go north of the New England avenues, afternoon or evening, without running into him.

The editor of the Mount Rainier Advocate places me in the role of a prophet. He reprints from this column, appearing some fourteen years age, a description of a bicycle ride, in which I said, resting at what is now Rhode Island Avenue and the District Line: "Here was a good place to build a town." The town has long since arrived, has, I understand, all the essentials of a thriving community, among others an up-to-date newspaper, bristling with small town personals and a formidable array of advertisements.

When I mentioned to an associate that John Alverson had been made chief clerk of the G. P. O. he responded: "I know him. When he subbed on the Post he boarded at the Ebbitt." That was easily accounted for. The Ebbitt was at that time headquarters for the Kentucky contingent and Alverson did not want to stray far from the bailiwick of his friends. Among the guests of that hostelry in those days was Byron McClellan, a Lexington boy, whom the writer very well remembers as a carrier of papers on the press of that city. Byron handled horses for Hart Gibson, was a trainer for Scott, the "Erie Railway King"; perhaps he knew the elder Belmont and the elder Whitney. He early had a string of his own, numbering among them Sally McClelland, Badge, and many other turf favorites. You notice I call him Byron. That was his right name. The racing fraternity could not twist their tongues around the "r" in Byron and they made it "Barney."

In a telegram to the mono. section from Providence, Mr. Goodkey announces his intention of entering the I. T. U. delegate race next year.

Jarvis Moulden, a one-time partner of Joel Cross in the publication of the Trades Unionist, has been transferred from the Post Office Department to the Government Printing Office.

Visitors returning from the Providence convention tells one on George Nichols, of Baltimore. He, it appears, was plugging for Los Angeles. Being reprimanded therefor, he replied, "You do not suppose I want a $1.25 trip. I expect to run next year myself."

RAISE WAGES.

Rogersville, Tenn.—President Berry, of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' union, reports the following gains by that organization within the past ten days:

Pressmen and assistants at Trenton, N. J., have signed contract with employers; increases approximating 10 per cent secured. Every employer signed contract except one, where a strike, involving one member of the union, is now on.

Pressmen and assistants of Meriden, Conn., have signed contract with the newspaper publishers and practically every commercial employer with an eight per cent increase. Adjustment brought about without strike or serious contention.

At Milwaukee the pressmen and assistants closed a three-years' contract with the employers for a $1 per week increase for each year of the three-year period. About 450 men are affected by the increase.

INCREASE MEMBERSHIP.

Philadelphia. — The "union forward" movement in this city is bringing large numbers of workers under the banner of the American Federation of Labor. At an open meeting of the Metal Polishers union, nearly 100 new members were enrolled. The carpenters, machinists and other crafts report immense gains. The textile workers are taking advantage of the enthusiasm, as is also the teamsters. A new union of riggers, with 100 members, has been organized and chartered by the Structural Iron Workers.

GOOD REPORTS FROM MOLDERS.

Kalamazoo, Mich.—Good reports predominated at the Iron Molders' Conference Board of Lower Michigan and vicinity, which was attended by International President Valentine. The best gains reported were from Toledo, where molders' wages have been raised from $3 to $3.50 per day of nine hours, and coremakers from $2.75 to $3.50. The delegates reported that trade throughout the district was improving.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT

Phone North 192

Fussell's Ice Cream

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

COLONIAL BEACH HOTEL

COLONIAL BEACH, VA.

Special Rates to Union Men and their Families

One Hundred (100) Beautiful Rooms

OPEN FOR ITS SECOND SEASON—THE FINEST ON THE POTOMAC

First-Class in All Its Appointments — M. W. SHERMAN, Prop.

Phone Main 6198 "S. Y. S." Phone Main 6198

SAVE YOUR SOLES

UNITED SHOE REPAIRING COMPANY

642 G STREET NORTHWEST

The Best Equipped Plant in Washington, Finest Work in the City. Work Called For and Delivered the Same Day. Just Call Main 6198.

Phone Main 6198 — Phone Main 6198

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — 612 F Street Northwest

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.

(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents

Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find

THE NORRIS HOUSE

OPEN AT 4 A. M.

DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor

Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Outing Trips---

---Thermos Bottles,
---Refrigerator Baskets,
---Camping Requisites, Etc.

IF you are contemplating an outing trip, an inspection of our housefurnishing department stock will reveal many articles that will add to the comfort and pleasure of the occasion. Included are the following:

Thermos Bottles, Traveling Refrigerator Baskets, Picnic Baskets, Wooden Plates, Camping Utensils, Bedroom Water Coolers, Alcohol Stoves, Night Glow Lamps, Etc.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"
WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

THE DRILLERY
1100 NEW YORK AVE. N. W.
Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
SESSION DAILY 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.
SUMMER RATES.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY
Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.
1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.
Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

OFFICE PHONE MAIN 5132 — NIGHT PHONE LINCOLN 1544
W. D. BRISCOE
IRON WORKS
Panorama Bldg. 15th & Ohio Ave. N. W.
Entrance 1424-26-28 C St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English
Civil Service Preparation
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

The I. T. U. course of instruction in printing is something that the writer takes pleasure in recommending to all ambitious apprentices, and journeymen as well in many cases. The course is conducted by the greatest experts in the trade and is doing an excellent work in making mediocre workmen good ones and good workmen better. Write to W. B. Prescott, care Inland Printer, Chicago, for full particulars.

• • • •

"The workingman dwells in every land, and wherever he dwells there the working class party is to assert and protect his rights. For this reason the working class party is the one most bitterly opposed to war between the nations."—Algernon Sidney Crapsey.

• • • •

At the meeting of Columbia Union last Sunday the committee on prevention of tuberculosis reported that all linotype machines in the Government Printing Office were to be piped for the carrying off of the gases. This is indeed a commendable work on the part of the officials in the Printery. I trust the example will be followed by printing offices the country over.

• • • •

A much appreciated letter from L. H. Post, who recently resigned after many years' service as a proof reader in the Government Printing Office, and is now living at Anacortes, Wash., came to me a few days since. The writer sends kind regards to all fellow workmen and friends here. "Both Mrs. Post and myself," he says, "are pleased with the West. The climate here is all that could be desired—never too hot and seldom uncomfortably cold. There has been scarcely a day since coming but what I have felt the necessity of getting into the sunshine, and a fire is absolutely needed in the evenings. Where I find an overcoat essential, many oldtimers are seen coatless, so I conclude I have got to become acclimated. . . . Our mutual friend Livermore used to show the palm of a hand each morning with a few coins in it, remarking, 'That's enough! Now what do you want of any more?' That's the way I feel. With enough to eat, drink, and wear, what is there need for more? I am living a quiet, restful life, going and coming at leisure. I ususlly make a daily trip to the American office—a busy place—glance at the exchanges, and have a brief chat with the boys; but as for work, Brockie, I have done my portion, and want no more, except about the grounds of our new home, which will be ready for occupancy September 1. It will be roomy and is most pleasantly situated overlooking the Sound. Its latch string will be open to any of my old friends from Washington, D. C."

• • • •

John Mulroy, an old member of Columbia Union, died in this city on August 8, 1914, after an illness extending over two years, of paralysis. Mr. Mulroy was born on January 15, 1837, and joined New York Typographical Union in 1865, after the conclusion of his service as a Union soldier in the War between the States. He came to Washington in 1891, working in the Government Printing Office till stricken with disease some two years ago. Much of his service had been in the branch printing offices, and particularly in what was for many years the war branch. Since his sickness commenced he had been one of Columbia Union's members who drew the international old-age pension. He was a man much esteemed by those who knew him.

• • • •

"War affects labor market—immigration drops way down," says a prominent daily newspaper. Even so great a horror as war brings an occasional blessing.

• • •

At the special election held at its meeting on Sunday last Mr. Ernest J. Elwood was elected an auditor of Columbia Typographical Union to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of George H. Ball on his departure for Panama. Mr. Elwood, who came to this city from Utica, N. Y., about a dozen years ago, is well known to many of Columbia's members, and will capably fill the responsible position to which he has been elected.

• • • •

"Have we fallen so low that the standard of business honor and integrity must be fixed and enforced by law and arbitrary power?" asked a United States Senator in a speech a few days since. After reading what the current news discloses about the attempts to increase the prices of food, on a coarse and self-evident lie that the same is made necessary on account of the war in Europe, one is irresistibly inclined to the belief that a long term in the penitentiary would be a mighty good way to regulate some "business honor and integrity." The lowest form of heartless greed seems to have it in its grip.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

Don't fail to read the THE TRADES UNIONIST every week, devoted to the interests of the working people.

TEXTILE WORKERS TRIUMPH.

Philadelphia.—"If the union is a good thing for you, it probably will be for me, too. You have lost a lot of money and so have we. Let's get together now," declared the manager of the firm of Dobson & Co., in his statement that the company had yielded to the demands of textile workers, who went on strike nearly four months ago because of wage reductions. The workers were without organization when they struck, but were quickly chartered by the bona fide Textile Workers union, which assisted them in their contest. Under the agreement the management abandons its former hostile attitude toward organization and recognizes the union. Wages will be increased all along the line and better sanitary conditions are provided for. The victory is complete.

"COMPANY MEN" SCORED.

Baltimore.—Trade unionists are making protests at the methods employed by "company men" and plug uglies in the pay of the local street car company, which would block organization of its employes. Organizer Shea, of the Amalgamated Street Car Men, assisted by A. F. of L. Organizer Eichelberger, has charge of this movement, which promises to be successful, despite company opposition.

ON A SPECIAL MISSION

Mr. John B. Colpoys was appointed a Special Commissioner of conciliation of the Department of Labor.

He left for Atlanta, Ga., last night to take action of the threatened strike of the railway clerks of the Southern Railway.

Bricklayers' Union No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P. Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy, and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Anglin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
SPRING AND SUMMER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

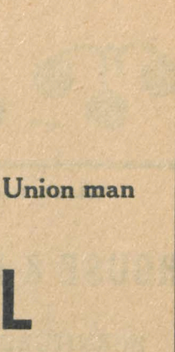
JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Mr. UNION MAN,
your credit is always good here. You can select any article from our enormous stock of high-grade jewelry and silverware, and pay for it on terms as low as
FIFTY CENTS A WEEK.
CASH CANNOT BUY BETTER VALUES
HERE'S AN EXAMPLE 1-4 CARET PRICE $25.00
SCHWARTZ
JEWELRY and SILVERWARE
824 SEVENTH ST. N. W.

LIVERIES, UNIFORMS — SPORTING GOODS
Saks & Company
MEN'S AND BOYS OUTFITTERS
Ave. and 7th St. — Wash. D. C.

PHONE MAIN 3495
GUIFFRE'S
Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50
908 Pa. Avenue — Northwest

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY
All amusements—Music—Mammoth Boardwalk — And Extended Pier—Dancing Free
Excellent Hotels and Cafes.
ROUND TRIP---Week Days, 25 cents
Sundays and Holidays, 50 Cents
TRAIN SCHEDULE EFFECTIVE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
(Save this for future reference.)
Leaves District Line Station Daily, Monday to Friday Inclusive;
10.00, and 11.30, A. M.; 2.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS:
10.00, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.15, 5.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS:
9.30, 10.30, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.20, 4.45, and 8.00 P. M.
TRAINS RETURN AT FREQUENT INTERVALS



Whenever You are Downtown Stop in
McCord's Cafe
919 F STREET N. W.
and get one of those Famous 35 Cent Dinners. Lunches from 11.30 A. M. to 2.30 P. M.
GUY McCORD, Proprietor.

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street — Northwest

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made
The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. — Station K
140 UNION

W. B. Moses & Sons
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY
FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

Cures Bowel Disorders
XANDER'S Blackberry Cordial 75c Full Quart
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
J. G. O'DONNELL, Vice-President....1312 Mass. Avenue S.E.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden...1910 14th St. NW.
D. N. MOXLEY, Conductor..110 5th Street N. E.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Business Agt., 814 7th St. N. E.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
George Rosson.....1527 Columbia St. N.W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

EXECUTIVE BOARD

R. H. Burdette, President 803 Mt. Vernon Place
E. B. Byrne, Secretary, 209 Wilkes St., Alex., Va.
H. S. Hollohan.....814 Seventh St. N. E.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.

SUB-MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne, Chairman.....425 G St., N. W.
Allen Lithgow, Secretary...160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd St. N. W.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
J. A. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
Thomas Echols....714 Duke St. Alexandria, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd Street N. W.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd Street N. E.

DELEGATES B. T. M. C.

D. N. Moxley.....110 5th Street N. W.
H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
George Rosson....1527 Columbia Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

BUSINESS AGENT

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. F. Davis.....439 Second Street, N. E.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING

house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

P. B. Suits

for Spring and Summer in all the new colorings

$15-$18-$25

Parker, Bridget & Co.

HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Phone Main 2626

CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER

BUFFET

416 12th Street N. W. Opposite Hotel Raleigh

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

BIGGER BRIGHTER AND BETTER

Go To

Chesapeake

Beach on Labor

Day, September

7, 1914, Central Labor Union

Annual Celebration.

GO WITH THE C. L. U.

TO HAVE A GOOD TIME

FOLLOW THE CROWD

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS PHONE MAIN 5912 ALL AMUSEMENTS

COLONIAL BEACH WASHINGTON'S ATLANTIC CITY

AVERAGE SUMMER POPULATION 15,000

PALATIAL STEAMER ST. JOHNS

LEAVES 7th Street Wharf: SATURDAYS 2.30 P. M., and SUNDAYS 9.00 A. M., During JUNE, JULY, and AUGUST, EXCEPT MONDAYS.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS 50 CENTS
EXCEPT SUNDAYS JULY and AUGUST

TICKET GOOD FOR THE SEASON $1.00
CHILDREN HALF FARE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 o'clock at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 208 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60 Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillon, 1111 Park Place, N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D. C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1682 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Sectary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, M. O'Connor, Georgetown, D. C., Station A.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typo. Temple. Secretary, R. F. Dant, 20th & Bryant St. n.e., Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

START WAR ON CHILD LABOR.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—Children and child labor will be given much attention by the National Fraternal Congress of America, which meets in this city August 17, 18, and 19.

Strong opposition is developing against child insurance in any form.

Many delegates favor more attention being given the child, which will be aided by the proposed establishment of a children's bureau, and the development of a strong anti-child labor sentiment in the various lodges.

In his appeal for action on this subject, President Evans says:

"Two million children drag their weary bodies to and from American mills and factories and sweatshops every day. There is aching in their bodies, pain in their hearts, dullness in their brains. Their faces are pallid, their eyes lustreless. The bloom of their cheeks has been stolen by their masters to color the wine they drink at their feasts. The sparkle of their eyes has been crystallized into diamonds that blaze and flash. Do you hear these children weeping? Do you hear them calling? There were five and one-half million children last year who did not attend school. One-half of the children who went to school did not attend regularly. Ninety-three of every hundred who go to school never get beyond the elementary or lower grades. Only seven out of every hundred go to high school. Millions who do not attend school do not learn enough of their country and its institutions to fit them for intelligent citizenship."

CARPENTERS WIN STRIKE.

Montreal.—Carpenters in this city have won their strike and secured a three-years' contract, which calls for 45 cents an hour, an increase of 2½ cents over the old rate. A compromise was effected on the question of hours. The men wanted an eight-hour day, but the contractors claimed that Montreal's rigorous winters made it necessary to rush work in the summer. It was finally agreed that the hours would be nine in summer and eight in winter. The contractors agree not to give work to any subcontractor who does not employ union men at the standard wage rate.

MACHINISTS WIN STRIKE.

Waco, Tex.—Machinists employed by the Waco Machinery and Supply Co. and the Brazos Boiler and Machine Works have won their strike, and both plants are now strictly union shops. Before the strike the machinists were working ten hours a day for 37½ cents an hour. They have secured a nine-hour day at 40 cents an hour.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Standard Park, Bates St. at N. Capitol
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meader's, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.

Whenever

You see a man whose eyes are bright and step elastic, and who walks along as though he owned half the town, you can make up your mind that he has just got through taking

: : : WELLER'S TONIC : : :

HYPOPHOSPHITES

the medicine that makes weak people strong; quiets the nerves; gives sound sleep; builds up the system; strengthens the lungs, and restores the appetite.

PRICE 85 CENTS.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

Phone Main 5575 For Gentlemen Only

Lafayette Turkish Baths

BELASCO THEATRE BLDG.

Finest and Best Equipped Establishment South of New York

SERVICE UNEXCELLED

OPEN DAY and NIGHT ROBERT GUARD, Manager.

TERMINAL BAR

STRICTLY UNION

No. 44 G STREET N. E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up

HOTEL STERLING

13th and E Streets

Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

SPECIAL RATES TO UNION MEN QUICK SERVICE

Crystal Cafe & Lunch Room

LOUIS DuBOIS, Proprietor

N. Y. Prime Rib Roast Chichen Dinners Thur. & Sun.

SPECIAL BREAKFAST 25 Cents

No. 6 MASS. AVE. N. W. Opposite the New City Post Office.

OUR MOTTO

"Live and Let Live"

THE TRADES UNIONIST

604 5th Street Northwest

DRINK! BOTTLED

Coca-Cola

Office: 321 L Street S. W.

Phone Lincoln 617

When in the neighborhood stop in

The Southeast Cafe

1014 8th Street S. E.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS DOUGLAS & THRIFT, Props.

When Purchasing Bread

Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG

Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth Street Southeast

Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

CORBY BROS.

100 per cent Pure

Bread

fresh three times daily

AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 747

ALLEN'S BUFFET

PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET

J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET

OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings, Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE

UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY

332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK

A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account

Ninth and G streets N. W.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 9 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

ALL THEATRES SHOULD HAVE MUSIC.

Hon. James M. Curley, Mayor of Boston:

Dear Sir—I take this means of approaching you in regard to a subject which is of vital importance to the public, and one in which I know you are deeply interested. Scarcely a day goes by but what we read in the daily papers of fire panics and terrible catastrophes which are constantly occurring in theaters and places of amusement, resulting in injury and death to many people. How to guard against future calamities and how the dangers can be lessened are questions which are being discussed in every household. The horrors of the Arcadia Lodging House fire are still fresh in the minds of the public, and has served as a terrible example of the non-enforcement of our fire protection laws, which are mandatory through a penalty.

Resolutions relative to the enforcement of laws safeguarding life against fire (and panics caused by fear of fire when none exists) have been adopted by labor organizations all over the State, and have inspired the drafting of several bills to provide for better prevention of fires, which are being considered by the State Legislature.

At a hearing at the State House on Senate Bill No. 313, the speakers with one or two exceptions, seemed to dwell upon the protection of property as the "all important." The protection of life seemed to be of secondary consideration.

Now, Mr. Mayor, I know you will agree with me that life and limb should be the first to be considered, and that every good idea or device for the safety of life should be adopted when found practicable.

In my connection with the Fire Service for a great many years, I have had an opportunity to observe what a simple little thing will cause an audience in a theater to become panic-stricken, often with serious results. Only last spring, at a prominent theater in Boston, a very serious panic was started by a rat in the upper balcony, which was seen by a woman, who began to scream. The audience, who thought it was a fire, rose en masse and rushed for the doors. The orchestra immediately started playing, which brought the people back to their senses, but it was over twenty minutes before the audience was quieted so that the performance could proceed. I could mention incidents of the above nature, which have occurred in most of the theaters in Boston, and in every case the audience was brought back to sanity by the effect of music, and the sight of the musicians playing, which inspired confidence in the people, and made them feel that there was no cause for alarm.

I have been told by musicians that it is an unwritten law for them to immediately start playing at the first signs of excitement or panic, and that they are at all times prepared with a piece of music, memorized, to play in these cases of emergency. The brave musicians who went down with the Titanic were only observing this unwritten law.

Mr. Mayor, I believe that an orchestra of musicians in a theater is an absolute necessity for the protection of the public in case of panic. I was present at a certain theater in Boston at a performance where they used a cathedral gong to announce the rise of the curtain. Imagine what might happen in that theater if some one shouted "Fire!" and this gong were used to quiet the audience. Could there be anything more out of place?

I have witnessed the efforts of employes and actors calling on the people to sit down, as there was no danger, which only seemed to increase the alarm and arouse more excitement; but at the first sound of music the effect was like magic in quieting the audience.

I hear there is another music-less theater soon to open in Boston. This, to my mind, is a matter of no small concern. The managers of theaters should be compelled to use every precaution for the protection of their patrons. It matters little if it takes them a year or two longer to make them millionaires, but it matters a great deal if the lives of our wives and children are jeopardized by their false ideas of economy.

Music-less theaters should not be allowed to exist in Boston, and it depends upon our public-spirited Mayor to refuse a license for a theater unless they employ an orchestra of musicians, for the reasons I have stated above—or at least to compel them to advertise with their attractions that they do not employ an orchestra.

May I hope that you will give this communication your immediate attention, and oblige

Yours respectfully,

WILLIAM G. DODGE,
Retired Fireman.

Office of the Mayor, City of Boston, May 17, 1914.

Mr. Wm. G. Dodge, Allston, Mass.:

My Dear Sir: I am duly in receipt of your favor relative to the necessity of establishing permanent music in all theaters and places of public entertainment, and am in sympathy with your proposal. I shall take up the matter with License Clerk Casey.

Faithfully yours,

JAMES M. CURLEY, Mayor.

UNION AGITATION COUNTS.

Baltimore.—The local street car company has raised the wages of its motormen and conductors. Trade unionists point to the fact that the company's announcement follows the statement by officers that the new union of street car men, Division 668, is increasing in membership despite detectives and "company men" who would block organization. The new union is not satisfied with the wage increase, however, and has asked the management to open up a conference on the following basis:

Reinstatement of all men discharged because of union affiliation; abolition of "swing runs"; seniority of service to prevail; the right of the men to purchase uniforms in the open market; ten hours, or as near as possible, to constitute a day's work; arbitration to adjust differences, and the right of the men to present grievances through representatives of the union.

TO PROBE WAR PRICES.

New York.—Unionists in this city are demanding that present war prices be probed. Secretary Bohm, of the Central Federated union, announces that a conference will be held regarding the attempt to increase the prices of necessities. A committee from the Central Federated union has the matter in charge. President Gompers, of the A. F. of L., will attend the conference.

PRINTERS WANT MORE.

Hibbing, Minn.—Printers along the "range" are demanding higher wages and better working conditions. The Hibbing-Virginia Typographical union has voted to present a $21-a-week scale to their employers. Other betterments are included in the new scale, which will apply to both cities in this country.

LYNCH IS VOTED $10,000

Providence, R. I.—Commissioner of Labor Lynch of the State of New York was voted $10,000 by the convention of the International Typographical Union for his work and services as president of that body, covering a period of over thirteen years. A series of resolutions were adopted, thanking the ex-official "for the honesty and singleness of purpose which he brought to the performance of his duties as president."

Previous declarations in favor of government ownership of the telegraph and telephone service were reaffirmed, and attention was called to the present postmaster general's indorsement of this question. A committee of three from Washington Typographical Union will be appointed by the president to take charge of this agitation.

The convention declared in favor of women's suffrage.

The election laws were amended because of differences of opinion that arose prior to the last referendum election.

The American Federation of Labor, together with its affiliates, were congratulated for the betterment of workers' conditions, and the A. F. of L. was commended for its success in securing legislation beneficial to the toilers.

The Clayton bill, now pending in the Senate, was indorsed and the convention declared against the continued classification of workers with inanimate things. The convention congratulated the labor movement upon the presence of an active labor group in the House of Representatives, one union man in the Senate, and a trade unionist in the President's Cabinet. Unions were urged to secure the election of their members to municipal, state and national offices, and to "likewise remember the slogan, to stand faithfully by our friends and oppose our enemies."

Vocational training, as indorsed by the American Federation of Labor, was approved, and these sentiments, which were incorporated in the convention's proceedings, were urged to be given wide publicity to offset exploitation under the guise of industrial and vocational training.

Los Angeles was selected as the next convention city.

IOWA CARPENTERS MEET.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa.—A State convention of carpenters and joiners, held in this city, urged that their affiliated locals agitate in favor of the following questions. A universal eight-hour day, a universal minimum wage scale of 50 cents per hour; enactment of legislation for an eight-hour day on all public and municipal work, as well as a minimum wage scale in the locality where such work is being done; enforcement of the government eight-hour law on the erection and manufacturing of materials known as shop made carpenter work, which this law covers; the enactment for the punishment of tool thieves, pawn brokers and junk dealers; a strict enforcement of the jurisdiction claimed by the carpenters and the promulgation of their entire efforts to further the best interests of the carpenters, millmen and millwrights of the State.

Fort Dodge was chosen as the next convention city.

MACHINISTS RAISE WAGES.

Detroit.—Machinists employed in several large overall factories have secured higher wages, after a three weeks' strike. The assistance rendered by other crafts made the victory possible, as the garment workers, firemen, and engineers, appointed committees to aid their fellow-unionists.

PASS EARLY CLOSING LAW.

Vancouver, B. C.—The city council has passed an early closing law, despite the opposition of merchants who insist "it takes away a man's privileges." Notice of amendment was given by those who are against the proposal.

DEFENDED IN THE SENATE

Washington, D. C.—While the Senate, sitting as in committee of the whole, was considering the Clayton anti-trust bill, Senator Ashurst, of Arizona, took occasion to deliver a lengthy and vigorous speech in favor of the labor sections of the proposed law.

He declared that it was useless to disguise, dodge or evade the one great question that calls for settlement—the exemption of trade unions from trust classification. The Arizona legislator insisted that he had found no record to sustain the position of contrary-minded people, and read at length excerpts from the utterances of Senators Sherman, George, Hoar, Teller, and others who protested, during the discussion on the original Sherman anti-trust bill, that there was no intention to include labor.

"It is idle," said Senator Ashurst, "merely to say labor has the right to a living and decent wage unless we supplement that assertion by granting labor the power to enforce its demand for a living wage. When I use the term 'living wage,' I do not mean a wage which will afford 'bread alone,' but I mean a wage which will afford proper food, clothing, shelter, some leisure time to devote to the family, to books, music, philosophy, and, in general, an opportunity to have sufficient respite from exacting toil to enjoy some of the idealistic, aesthetic and spiritual sides of life, which adds zest, grace, and beauty to human existence.

"It has been asserted that it is dangerous for laborers to possess the power to compel a compliance with their demands for a living wage. I reply that such power is indeed dangerous—to monopoly, oppression, tyranny, avarice and greed—but is wholesome to the general welfare and to public tranquility. Internal dangers to a State need never be apprehended from a general desire and effort on the part of the creators of wealth to promote their own efficiency, improve and exalt their own station, for if laborers were to refuse to try to improve their own condition it would be tantamount to their seeking wantonly their own self-destruction."

Senator Ashurst was just as emphatic in his advocacy of the sections of the bill which limit the issuance of injunctions. He said:

"The proper energies and reasonable activities of labor organizations have been greatly injured and hindered by the improper use and abuse of the injunction, because some courts have proceeded upon the hypothesis that labor power is property, such as mechanical and electrical contrivances, cattle, horses, and so forth. Some courts of equity have usurped jurisdiction and power to restrain laborers from doing the things they had a lawful right to do and which, in many instances, it was necessary for them to do to promote their own interests and rise above the conditions of serfdom; for instance, injunctions have forbidden laborers to use the public highways and have forbidden them peacefully to consider their own condition. Laborers have been forbidden by injunction to pay strike benefits or to exercise the right of free speech. Therefore, in order to prevent any further abuse of this judicial power, these provisions of sections 7 and 15 to 23 inclusive of the Clayton bill have been written in this proposed legislation, and are known as the 'laborers' bill of rights.'"

TO OUST CONVICT SYSTEM.

Des Moines, Iowa.—This State is striving to end the infamous convict labor system as soon as possible. A big step was taken when the board of control effected the purchase of the butter tub factory, which has long been operated within the reformatory at Anamosa. The State becomes the sole owner as soon as the present contract expires next fall. Then the State will undertake to continue the making of butter tubs and marketing them. It is an industry that does not compete with any labor in the State.

MR. KINDEL AN OUTCAST?

Trinidad, Col.—Under the caption, "Outcast Kindel," the Free Press of this city, in a leading editorial, says:

"The Democratic congressional assembly in the first district (Denver) took occasion to harpoon and lampoon one George Kindel, present congressman from that district but declared by the Democrats to be a man without a party, a political waif, a foundling on every doorstep, waiting for some kind soul to take him in and further feed him on the political pap he loves.

"Kindel was verbally man-handled as an agitator, a disturber of prosperity, an enemy to progress, and a loud and rampant seeker after notoriety. It was shown that he had been a Republican, a Democrat, a Republican once more and a Democrat again, only at last to turn back to Republican on his fourth feat of ground and lofty tumbling. But all this time he had been a most vociferous and testiferous nuisance.

"When nominations were called for in this assembly on last Thursday, this man Kindel did not get a vote. The only thing he received was a vigorous tongue-lashing.

"Yet this is the man who has been telling Washington that Colorado was filled with outlaws who were posing as coal mine strikers. This is the man who, more than any other, has spread the State's humiliation, taking sides against honest labor and telling representatives of other States that the men on strike were guilty of every crime in the category. This is the man who visited the Southern strike zones, spent about an hour therein and departed to peddle his malicious lies and to bear false witness against upright citizens.

"And today what is he? Thrown out of his party; branded as a homeless political wanderer; shown up as a huckster of political falsehoods and unholy doctrines. The Democrats cast him out. The Republicans don't want him. The Progressives would turn him out as a scourge.

"Who are the outlaws now?"

WIN AN IMPORTANT VICTORY.

Amsterdam, N. Y.—After a three months' strike, employes in the printing department of the Sanford carpet mills have won the contest and defeated the largest and most influential concern of its kind in the Mohawk valley. It is the first time in fifty years workers in the Sanford mills have successfully maintained an organization.

The strike was forced on the employes in the printing department because of a system of fines for alleged bad work. The workers charged that foremen would not let them see the work, and would tell them they "would have to take his word for it or get out of the factory." When the workers organized under the United Textile Workers, their officers were discharged, and all efforts of the State Board of Mediation to adjust the dispute failed, as the mill management "would not recognize the union."

The solidity of its workers, however, brought new viewpoints. Under the agreement, there will be no discrimination between returning strikers because of union activity, and the cases of the three employes discharged prior to the strike will be referred to arbitration—a point the company would not consider before the walkout. The victory is a most important one for the United Textile Workers and the trade union movement in general, as it means the creation of a strong organized sentiment throughout this section.

UP-TO-DATE JOURNALISM.

San Francisco.—The Bulletin of this city published a "union shop" edition, devoted to the trade union movement, a defense of its cause and an exposition of its philosophy. The edition was edited in a most able manner by Paul Scharranberg, secretary-treasurer of the California State Federation of Labor, editor of the Coast Seamen's Journal, a member of the State Housing and Immigration Commission and an active member of the Sailors' Union of the Pacific.

ADVICE TO ANTI-UNIONIST

Augusta, Ga.—The Herald of this city comments as follows on the senatorial campaign now being made by ex-Governor Brown of this state:

"A careful analysis indicates that Joe Brown is making a mistake—as big a mistake as when he sent soldiers to Walker county to settle a labor dispute in the Jim English coal mines—a mistake when he ordered out the troops to settle the Augusta street car strike—a mistake when he threatened to order out troops to settle the Georgia railroad srike.

"Why should any intelligent man be opposed to the principles of organized labor? Organized labor stands for the advancement of civilization and a higher standard of living. Organized labor stands for better wages, better working conditions, a better development of the resources of a community—human rights as well as property rights.

"Is it not a fact that those countries are most prosperous—that those sections are most efficient where labor is organized and where a high standard of wages prevails?

"Augusta would be twice as prosperous today if a higher wage scale were in force, for these wages are put in circulation directly in the community. Higher wages benefit the town. Big dividends generally benefit a few people, most of them away from the town. This is largely true of public corporations whose securities are sold to foreign investors in distant cities.

"Joe Brown is behind the times when he fights an eight-hour day, a higher standard of wages and the broad basic and sound principles on which organized labor rests. It's good for the state and it's good for all its citizens to see these things come about in all classes of labor, the mills and factories, the public service corporations, the steam and electric roads, the building trades, and all lines of industry.

"Organized labor makes its mistakes. So do all of us make mistakes. But the point is that the principles of organized labor are sound and beneficial to the country as a whole. We can't build a broader and better civilization without bettering the condition of labor. This is what organized labor stands for. It is a mistake for Governor Brown to fight organized labor.

"Organized labor has shown pretty clearly that it can take care of itself these days. We don't think Joe Brown will be able to destroy it in Georgia or elsewhere."

CONDEMN FISH CANNERIES.

Seattle.—"Girls are forced to work long hours under insanitary conditions in the fish canneries of Washington," said Dr. Theresa McMahon, a former member of the State Industrial Commission, before the Federal Industrial Relations Commission. "Their bunk houses are veritable fire traps," she said. "No chairs were provided. Most of the food I saw in the houses was bread. Girls told me that when they had finished their work they were too tired to cook their meals. Moral conditions were very bad. Chinese and a few Japanese under contract agree to work nineteen hours, and they often work twenty-one. Their contracts provide that if they refuse to work on Sundays or overtime they shall be fined 25 cents an hour. Their pay is 15 cents an hour. In some cases they work their fingers to the bone and their feet become so badly swollen that their boots have to be cut off."

PIPE MAKERS WIN.

New York.—The strike of smoking pipe makers has been declared off, and these workers have returned to work after a satisfactory settlement has been reached with their employers, who promise there will be no discrimination because of union activity, and that the new price list will be enforced. It is further agreed that all grievances will be taken up through committees. It is believed the successful ending of this strike will have a good effect on the unorganized in New York city's smoking pipe factories.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 28, 1914.

Great will be the day when a man will work and know it is for himself, and that he is not a slave.

Trade Unionism aims to lift the standard of manhood and womanhood. That is the secret of its power and success.

The shorter workday is the most important question before the labor movement, because it is the simplest and most direct way of adjusting the problem of distribution.

The man who insists upon "running his own business" would be more consistent and more successful if he would recognize the line between his business and the business of the human race.

Organization is a modern policy. The organized man is a power, he moves shoulder to shoulder with his brother; the unorganized man is merely a part of a mob with no chart or compass to guide him.

WAR IS HELL.

"I confess without shame that I am tired and sick of war. Its glory is all moonshine. Even success the most brilliant is over dead and mangled bodies, the anguish and lamentations of distant families appealing to me for missing sons, husbands and fathers. It is only those who have not heard a shot nor heard the shrieks and groans of the wounded and lacerated that cry aloud for more blood, more vengeance, more desolation. War is hell."—General Sherman's Words.

"I SAW IT IN THE TRADES UNIONIST."

The only reason for the existence of THE TRADES UNIONIST is to serve the cause of the workers. It has never neglected to respond to this duty in season and out. It has suffered many hardships and has many times received staggering blows.

We feel we have earned the right to now come to you and ask you to back us up in our fight for advertising.

The merchant is human. He is "from Missouri." He has to be shown. He does not feel like advertising in this paper just to see his name printed. He does not like to pay for advertising from which he does not get returns, and we don't blame him. You can, without any additional cost to yourself, tell him that you saw it in the THE TRADE UNIONIST, and it will certainly be appreciated both by the merchant and us.

CELEBRATE LABOR DAY.

Labor demonstrations are not wasteful, and the publicity given the cause of Labor is sufficient reason alone for the workers to live up to the spirit of Labor Day. And we urge all true trades unionists to do so.

It must not lose its distinctive character, and become a mere holiday for meaningless purposes. Because it belongs to the working people and it is for them to determine its value and significance. Those outside the labor movement test its strength and virility by the way in which Labor Day is observed.

Some have abandoned regular Labor Day demonstrations in the belief that such expenditure of time, effort and money is wasteful. This is a most serious mistake.

They are not wasteful and they do pay, even if only through publicity for the cause of labor. It is a means of educating the public thought and the agents for molding public opinion in regard to the principles of the labor movement.

When understood, the objections and opposition now interposed by employers will no longer be tolerated.

No human movement remains at one level—it will either increase or decrease. And if not nourished, the whole will become as a dead thing.

But one is irresistibly inclined to the belief that we are fast coming into our own.

AMERICANS MUST TALK.

President Woodrow Wilson says Americans should not talk.

This is what President Samuel Gompers says:

"Whenever a people become intelligent and anxious for progressiveness in order to better their conditions, and emperors, czars and kings are weighed in the balance, such as characterizes the present state of affairs, it is a sure sign that the old monarchies are trying to divert the attention of the people from their homes and the things that are most vital to their health, wealth and happiness.

"It is in just such cases that the people are denied the opportunity of self-government and self-betterment.

"There are at least 14,000,000 persons affiliated with the international trades unions, and it is high time that the rulers of the old country are learning to count with them and to realize their powerful influence.

"In a government such as we Americans enjoy it would be impossible for a group of men to plunge thousands into war, to spread devastation and ruin over a smiling land and to bring misery and suffering inconceivable in their extent.

"We are fortunate in this respect, and while putting forth the hand of sympathy to our fellow-workmen across the sea we should rejoice that such conditions as are now disgracing Europe are now impossible in the United States."

WE GAIN BY NEW LAW

Madison, Wis.—The Industrial Commission of this State is urging injured workmen to come to the commission instead of seeking lawyers who advertise themselves as the only ones who can secure compensation for them. The commission is conducting an "industrial safety" campaign, and has issued a leaflet showing the results of workmen's compensation when conducted by the State.

It is shown that:

"For the year ending June 30, 1907, under a somewhat defective system of accident reporting, nearly 14,000 industrial accidents occurred in Wisconsin. Nearly 300 of these accidents were fatal. The cases of injury caused a loss of time equal to that of 1,000 men for one year. The loss of wages reached nearly $650,000.

"Prior to the passage of the workmen's compensation act only one out of seven injured workmen was able to recover damages, and then only after long litigation. According to the most authentic information available, injured employes formerly collected about $300,000 a year for their injuries, but after they had paid doctors' bills, lawyers, court fees, etc., they actually got only $75,000. Court expenses growing out of these damage suits were about $500,000 a year. In other words, it cost the taxpayers $500,000 a year to obtain $75,000 for injured workmen or their dependents.

"Under the Wisconsin compensation act, injured workmen now are being paid at the rate of $750,000 a year, as compared with $75,000 under the old liability law, and they get the money when they most need it instead of waiting as long as twelve years."

CAN'T DRAFT U. S. CITIZENS.

Washington, D. C.—There is no way in which a foreign nation can compel a naturalized citizen of this country to leave the United States and enlist in the army of his native country, is the substance of an official statement by Secretary of State Bryan, in answer to numerous queries.

"The United States holds," says the Secretary, "that no naturalized citizen of this country can rightfully be held for account for military liability to his native land subsequent to immigration therefrom, but this principle may be contested by countries with which the United States has not entered into treaties of naturalization. The latter countries may hold that naturalization of their citizens or subjects as citizens of other countries has no effect upon their original military obligations, or may deny the right of their citizens or subjects to become naturalized of other countries in the absence of express consent or without the fulfillment of military obligations.

"It is important to observe that an alien who declares his intention to become a citizen of the United States does not at the time of making such declaration, renounce allegiance to his original sovereign, but merely declares that he intends to do so. Such person does not, by his declaration of intention, acquire the status of a citizen of the United States."

OPPOSES UNIONISM.

Boston, Mass.—The Edison Electric Company will be called to account for its opposition to organization among its workers, and the discharge of active trade unionists. At a meeting of the New England District Council of Electrical Workers, at which every State in this section was represented, it was voted to support the local electrical workers in any stand they may take. It was declared at the meeting that men who are known to be members of a labor union are discharged from the employment of the Edison company for trivial causes which in another man would be passed unnoticed.

It was also charged that any man seeking employment is asked about his affiliation with organized labor, and if he says that he is a union man, he is not given employment.

MAKE PLEA FOR PEACE.

Trenton, N. J.—At the suggestion of former Governor Stokes, 5,000 citizens assembled at the Ocean City auditorium sent messages to the rulers of Europe, protesting against the present war and urging their influence for peace because of the terrifying results which the messages declare, "include the suffering millions of innocent women and children, murdered fathers and brothers and husbands, the rivers of blood, fresh fountains of hatred and black seas of despair."

STRIKE OF TAILORS.

Los Angeles. — Members of the Ladies' Tailors union, employed by W. A. Hackel & Co., are on strike to enforce wage rates and working conditions agreed to by other establishments in the same industry. Mr. Hackel notified the strikers he "would run his own business, and would not be dictated to."

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

Howard J. Gaylor, it is understood, will enter the race for I. T. U. delegate to the Los Angeles convention.

Harry Murray is called to Pennsylvania by the death of a relative.

The weekly fashion hint did not come from Paris on Sunday last, but was a production of the house of J. M. Giddings & Co. of this city.

Ralph Alderman wins the Remington prize at Sea Girt.

Sam Musick says good bye to the Philippines and takes a desk in the G. P. O. proof room.

Harry Matthias, of Carlisle, Ky., is the latest addition to the G. P. O. day linotype section.

J. L. Sauls, delegate to the Providence convention, returning to his home in Tampa, Fla., took in some of the sights of Washington last week. Asked to make a selection of the places he would visit in a brief time, he replied, "I must see Frank Morrison"—a compliment to Mr. Morrison as the head of the labor movement and a desire on the part of Mr. Sauls to head off the growth of the I. W. W. in his section. A visit was paid to four mammoth structures erected since Mr. Sauls was a resident of Washington, among them the one devoted to the Daughters of the American Revolution, the Pan-American, and the new National Museum. In the latter attention was directed to the painting, "Diana of the Tides," and the Roosevelt South African zoological collection. At the Pan-American history, geography, and the possibilities of a continent are taught through flags, statues, raised maps, and architecture. Up Seventeenth Street to the Department of Commerce, where Dr. Havener was found in charge, assisted in the publication division by Messrs. McKeon, Barton, Bass, Graff, and Vaughn. Mr. Sauls expressed gratification that so many brother craftsmen had been enabled to find congenial employment in a field other than printing.

The big labor and fraternal conventions, if they serve no other purpose, are reunions. Two instances have served to bring this fact to mind. At an international typographical convention some years since, I was one of six delegates and ex-delegates hailing from widely separated sections, all of whom had been apprentices in the same town. A few nights since, W. F. Miller, a delegate from Shreveport, La., on his way home from Providence, called to see the writer. We worked together in a distant city thirty-two years ago.

PALMER BILL IS INDORSED.

Washington, D. C.—Representative Lewis, union miner and chairman of the House committee on labor, has made a favorable report on the Palmer child labor bill, introduced by Representative Palmer, of Pennsylvania, and which prohibits the shipment in interstate commerce of any product made in mine or quarry by a child under the age of sixteen years, or the product of any mill or factory by a child under the age of fourteen years, or by the labor of children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years who work more than eight hours a day.

Under the bill, the attorney-general, the secretary of commerce, and the secretary of labor shall constitute a board to make rules and regulations for carrying out the provisions of the act, and the secretary of labor, or representatives, shall have authority to enter and inspect at any time the process of manufacture of goods intended for interstate commerce.

Opponents of the bill, who claim this law is "an interference with interstate commerce," are answered that the United States Supreme court had held that a business which affected the morals of the community is against the interests of the nation, and can be prohibited.

TO STANDARDIZE ENGINES.

Boston.—At the meeting of the state branch of the International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers it was voted to request the international organization to indorse the formula of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers for standardizing engines and pressure vessels and the adoption of a law in all states, which will be similar to that of the Massachusetts law, for licensing engineers and firemen.

TO START "LABOR FORWARD."

Ottumwa, Iowa.—This city is the latest to start a "labor forward" movement, which will begin next month and continue thirty days. President Strief, of the State Federation of Labor, has the matter in charge, and a score of international unions will assist in making effective the proposed campaign.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION—UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN — Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter — OF AMERICA — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT — Phone North 192

Fussell's Ice Cream

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. — TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

COLONIAL BEACH HOTEL

COLONIAL BEACH, VA.

Special Rates to Union Men and their Families

One Hundred (100) Beautiful Rooms

OPEN FOR ITS SECOND SEASON—THE FINEST ON THE POTOMAC

First-Class in All Its Appointments — M. W. SHERMAN, Prop.

Phone Main 6198 — "S. Y. S." SAVE YOUR SOLES — Phone Main 6198

UNITED SHOE REPAIRING COMPANY

642 G STREET NORTHWEST

The Best Equipped Plant in Washington, Finest Work in the City. Work Called For and Delivered the Same Day. Just Call Main 6198.

Phone Main 6198 — Phone Main 6198

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union — Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.

(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents

Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find

THE NORRIS HOUSE

OPEN AT 4 A. M.

DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor

Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Outing Trips---

---Thermos Bottles,
---Refrigerator Baskets,
---Camping Requisites, Etc.

IF you are contemplating an outing trip, an inspection of our housefurnishing department stock will reveal many articles that will add to the comfort and pleasure of the occasion. Included are the following:

Thermos Bottles, Traveling Refrigerator Baskets, Picnic Baskets, Wooden Plates, Camping Utensils, Bedroom Water Coolers, Alcohol Stoves, Night Glow Lamps, Etc.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"
WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

THE DRILLERY
1100 New York Ave. N. W.
Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.
Open All the Year.
Session Daily 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Summer Rates.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY
Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.
1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.
Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

OFFICE PHONE MAIN 5132 — NIGHT PHONE LINCOLN 1544
W. D. BRISCOE
IRON WORKS
Panorama Bldg. 15th & Ohio Ave. N. W.
Entrance 1424-26-28 C St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English
Civil Service Preparation
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

Quite a number of well-known printers took in Washington en route to or from the Providence convention of the I. T. U. Among such I note E. M. Kerrot, for many years among us, and now domiciled in Chicago; Mr. Bonington, of San Francisco; Mr. Sauls, of Tampa, who printed for Uncle Sam several years, and who was much in evidence at the convention city in working for a scheme for the establishment of a branch of the Printers Home in Florida; "Billy" Lockwood, one of the boys who helped make Los Angeles a winner in the 1915 convention struggle, he being one of the delegates from the City of Angels, though some fifteen or more years ago he was one of the moilers in the Government Printing Office; William M. Dawson, formerly hereof, where he worked on the Post and I think also in the Government Printing Office, and who has so many friends in Pittsburgh—and he deserves 'em, too—that he was made one of the delegates to Providence from No. 7. All of these and many other convention delegates and visitors had a good time and met many old companions in this city.

* * * *

To Mr. D. J. Roberts, of the proof room of the Printery, I am under obligations for a number of interesting mementoes of the late convention at Providence (where he was an interested visitor), these mostly taking the shape of unique and catchy cards of delegates and, of course, the souvenir book got out by the local union there. While this official souvenir was not so ambitious in size as some of those produced at other meetings of the International, yet it was a handsome piece of work from every point of view. Among its literary good things, to my mind the interesting and useful article by Joseph W. McCann, of this city, was easily among the best. The subject treated was one that, even with the almost universal use of the machine, is still of prime interest to many printers—fast typesetters of the hand days. Joe is at home on the subject, for he is not only the champion of the art now passing, but met and and knew many of the great swifts of the days when the little leaden messengers of thought were handled strictly one at a time, and by some men with a dexterity that was truly marvelous.

* * *

"Is the old-age pension of the International Typographical Union a mere pauper pension or is it a vested right?" was asked me by a strong and earnest member of our organization a few days ago. Certainly I do not consider it a pauper pension, and I believe it to be, in the generally understood sense, a vested right. My friend's question had for its essence this: "Paying into this fund along with other members, and reaching the years when labor becomes a burden, I find myself, by good luck or frugality—or possibly both—in the possession of a limited property, say a little home and a sum sufficient to actually live on without being a burden to my friends or a charge on the community, do I share in the benefits of this old-age pension?" You certainly do, if I understand the law, if you are unable to obtain and follow sustaining employment at our trade. Any investment you had (that is, within reason) could not keep you out of your benefits. The fact that your property would bring you in an income on which you could live could not and would not bar you from the workings of this excellent law. It might truthfully be said that this pension was never intended solely for paupers nor yet considered as a "pick up" for plutocrats. Among the first decisions of the I. T. U. executive council were some that gave to many of our members the idea that the pension was to be for the shiftless and the unfortunate only, but after the Boston convention that was all changed. I distinctly recall handling the pension papers of a member of No. 101 in which the applicant stated that while he was making nothing by his own labor he had property to the value of $10,000, which was bringing him in a revenue amounting to $100 a month. The executive council granted his application, and he has since been on the pension roll. While each case has to be passed on separately by our officials at Indianapolis, the tendency of the decisions is that of liberal construction and justice. I certainly do not consider the pension a means of helping the destitute only, though it has done a world of good along that line. It is not a tax on frugality, and while much of the small percentage paid by the members of the organization goes to help those who can not help themselves, yet considerable of it will be used to make comfortable circumstances even a bit easier.

W. N. Brockwell.

PATTERN MAKERS GET WORK.

Bay City, Mich.—Pattern makers who struck at the Industrial works are practically all employed, and the union is now devoting its energies to offset the claims of the management that "slack work" was the cause of these workers ceasing their employment.

PAVERS SECURE CONTRACT.

Buffalo.—The Stone Pavers and Curb Stone Setters' Union have secured their first contract in this city with the settlement of a strike against the German Rock Asphalt and Cement Company. A union shop clause is inserted, and the wage rates are increased 2½c an hour, or 57½c from August 11 to April 1, 1915, and from the latter date until January 1, 1916, an additional 2½ cents, or 60 cents an hour, will be the rate. Eight hours will constitute a day's work. Sixty days' notice by either side is necessary to change the agreement, and only members of the union can be employed. A. F. of L. Organizers Strelfler and Flett assisted in the successful ending of this dispute.

PLUMBERS AT PEACE.

Superior, Wis.—"We are at peace with our country, with our employers, and, what is more important, with ourselves," said President Ferguson, in opening the convention of the Wisconsin State Association of Journeymen Plumbers, which closed a successful convention in this city.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Congressman Edward Keating, of Colorado, will make a Labor Day address at the Fifth Baptist Church, corner of sixth-and-a-half and E Street S. W., on September 6th, 1914, at 8.00 o'clock, P. M.

The Rev. Mr. J. E. Briggs, will preside. There will be excellent music rendered by the choir under the leadership of Wm. J. Palmer, their regular choir master, and all persons interested in the labor movement are cordially invited to attend.

Bricklayers' Union No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P. Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W. Phone Main 7100

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy, and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Anglin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
SPRING AND SUMMER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Mr. UNION MAN,
your credit is always good here. You can select any article from our enormous stock of high-grade jewelry and silverware, and pay for it on terms as low as
FIFTY CENTS A WEEK.
CASH CANNOT BUY BETTER VALUES

HERE'S AN EXAMPLE 1-4 CARET PRICE $25.00
SCHWARTZ
JEWELRY and SILVERWARE
824 SEVENTH ST. N. W.

LIVERIES, UNIFORMS — SPORTING GOODS
Saks & Company
MEN'S AND BOYS OUTFITTERS
Ave. and 7th St. — Wash. D. C.

PHONE MAIN 3495
GUIFFRE'S
Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50
908 Pa. Avenue — Northwest

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY
All amusements—Music—Mammoth Boardwalk—And Extended Pier—Dancing Free
Excellent Hotels and Cafes.
ROUND TRIP---Week Days, 25 cents
Sundays and Holidays, 50 Cents
TRAIN SCHEDULE EFFECTIVE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
(Save this for future reference.)
Leaves District Line Station Daily, Monday to Friday Inclusive;
10.00, and 11.30, A. M.; 2.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS:
10.00, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.15, 5.30, 5.40, and 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS:
9.30, 10.30, and 11.30 A. M.; 2.00, 3.20, 4.45, and 8.00 P. M.
Trains Return at Frequent Intervals

Whenever You are Downtown Stop in
McCord's Cafe
919 F STREET N. W.
and get one of those Famous 35 Cent Dinners. Lunches from 11.30 A. M. to 2.30 P. M.
GUY McCORD, Proprietor.

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street — Northwest

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made
The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. — Station K
140

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
J. G. O'DONNELL, Vice-President....1312 Mass. Avenue S.E.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden...1910 14th St. NW.
D. N. MOXLEY, Conductor..110 5th Street N. E.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Business Agt., 814 7th St. N. E.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
George Rosson.....1527 Columbia St. N.W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

EXECUTIVE BOARD

R. H. Burdette, President 803 Mt. Vernon Place
E. B. Byrne, Secretary, 209 Wilkes St., Alex., Va.
H. S. Hollohan.....814 Seventh St. N. E.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.

SUB-MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne, Chairman.....425 G St., N. W.
Allen Lithgow, Secretary...160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd St. N. W.
D. N. Moxley.....110 5th St. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
J. A. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd St. N. E.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
Thomas Echols....714 Duke St. Alexandria, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
H. D. Barber.....121 2nd Street N. W.
W. Lee Morris.....300 2nd Street N. E.

DELEGATES B. T. M. C.

D. N. Moxley.....110 5th Street N. W.
H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.
George Myers.....2219 Minn. Ave. S. E.
George Rosson....1527 Columbia Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

BUSINESS AGENT

H. S. Hollohan.....425 G Street N. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. F. Davis.....439 Second Street, N. E.

W. B. Moses & Sons
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY
FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

Best American Champagnes
at CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
909 7th Street, Northwest.
No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

P. B. Suits
for Spring and Summer
in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25
Parker, Bridget & Co.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS
"The Avenue at Ninth"

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. Opposite Hotel Raleigh

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS PHONE MAIN 5912 ALL AMUSEMENTS
COLONIAL BEACH WASHINGTON'S ATLANTIC CITY
AVERAGE SUMMER POPULATION 15,000
PALATIAL STEAMER ST. JOHNS
LEAVES 7th Street Wharf: SATURDAYS 2.30 P. M., and SUNDAYS 9.00 A. M., During JUNE, JULY, and AUGUST, EXCEPT MONDAYS.
ROUND TRIP TICKETS 50 CENTS
EXCEPT SUNDAYS JULY and AUGUST
TICKET GOOD FOR THE SEASON $1.00
CHILDREN HALF FARE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 and at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 208 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5635 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillon, 1111 Park Place, N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typogrsphical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D. C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1682 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 You street northwest.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourthMonday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typo. Temple. Secretary, R. F. Dant, 20th & Bryant St. n.e., Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

BIGGER BRIGHTER AND BETTER
Go To
Chesapeake Beach on Labor Day, September 7, 1914, Central Labor Union Annual Celebration.
GO WITH THE C. L. U.
TO HAVE A GOOD TIME
FOLLOW THE CROWD

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Ralph F. Jackson, Walter A. Reiss, Thomas W. Parks, Charles H. May and Robert M. Cheshire, temporary skilled laborers.

Mrs. Katherine Nolan and Mrs. Josephine Ferguson, probationary press feeders.

Winfred M. Nalls and Elzie S. Hoffman, skilled laborers.

Edward J. McIlvane and Miss Laura M. Ard, probationary clerks.

Samuel H. Musick, copy editor, transferred from the Bureau of printing, Manila, P. I.

Arthur Wallace, temporary unskilled laborer.

Mary L. Mathias, and Ernest E. Arnett, probationary lino. operators.

Separations.

Henry T. Swann, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Urban T. Linzey, clerk, resigned.

Samuel D. Frye, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Mrs. Amelia Turner, machine operator, resigned.

Jerome B. Smith, Fred D. Jones, Francis C. Martin, Garner B. Mahoney and Louis C. Blount, temporary skilled laborers.

Transfers, &c.

Morris Pigott, compositor, hand section, day; Alfred Daniels, bookbinder, Forward and Finishing section; David Altman, clerk, office of the foreman of printing; Mrs. Louise Adams, Mrs. Mary M. Farnsworth, Mrs. Nellie C. Marr and Mrs. Lucy A. Tune, skilled laborers, Library of Congress Branch Binding section; William Berwick and Robert L. Bier, bookbinders in charge, and Bert C. Champlin, John P. Downing, Henry C. Espey, Charles W. Wells, Harry C. Harper and Louis Laubinger, bookbinders, Library of Congress Branch Binding section; John W. Childress, estimator in charge office of superintendent of work; Robert Robinson, Sr., compositor, monotype section day; Alonzo T. King, weighmaster, stores division; J. A. Massey, Jr., foreman, money order section; Francis H. Melick, foreman, hand section; John J. Dohoney, chief machinist machine shop; Edgar P. Wheatley, messenger boy, office of foreman of printing; Charles C. Harris, permanent skilled laborer; Bruce G. Frick, clerk, office of accountant.

MANY JOIN NEW UNION.

Boston.—The Office Building Cleaners union reports large gains in membership as the result of an organizing campaign. It is claimed that the average wage in Boston for this work is $6 a week, and many of the office cleaners are widows who are obliged to support families on this amount.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.
UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Standard Park, Bates St. at N. Capitol
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meader's, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.

WELLER'S QUICK RELIEF
FOR DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA AND CHOLERA MORBUS.
This is an old-time remedy, but no panacea of modern devising has ever surpassed it. Years ago when 8th Street was called Garrison Street, on account of the garrison of soldiers which still remains, this remedy had repute in the southeast part of the city. The old street name has almost been forgotten, but the remedy remains in greater repute than ever. It is one of the old remedies that is distinctly good. You can depend on it. Results are prompt and certain, as they should be from a remedy of this kind.
PRICE 25 CENTS.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

Phone Main 5575 For Gentlemen Only
Lafayette Turkish Baths
BELASCO THEATRE BLDG.
Finest and Best Equipped Establishment South of New York
SERVICE UNEXCELLED
OPEN DAY and NIGHT ROBERT GUARD, Manager.

TERMINAL BAR
STRICTLY UNION
No. 44 G STREET N. E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up
HOTEL STERLING
13th and E Streets
Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

SPECIAL RATES TO UNION MEN QUICK SERVICE
Crystal Cafe & Lunch Room
LOUIS DuBOIS, Proprietor
N. Y. Prime Rib Roast Chichen Dinners Thur. & Sun.
SPECIAL BREAKFAST 25 Cents
No. 6 MASS. AVE. N. W. Opposite the New City Post Office.

OUR MOTTO
"Live and Let Live"
THE TRADES UNIONIST
604 5th Street Northwest

Phone Lincoln 617
When in the neighborhood stop in
The Southeast Cafe
1014 8th Street S. E.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS DOUGLAS & THRIFT, Props.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth Street Southeast
Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

CORBY BROS.
100 per cent Pure
Bread
fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

DRINK BOTTLED
Coca-Cola
Office: 321 L Street S. W.

When Purchasing Bread
Get Meinberg's Top Notch
Look For Label on Each Loaf
JOHN G. MEINBERG
Baker and Confectioner
714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS
THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue
THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrater, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

ALLEN'S BUFFET
PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings, Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 13 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

INTERNATIONAL BREWERY WORKERS DELEGATES.

ROYALLY ENTERTAINED BY LOCALS HERE.

The most elaborate entertainment ever attempted and successfully carried out was that furnished to the delegates to the Twentieth Convention of the Brewery workers, now in session at Baltimore, Md., by the Joint Executive Board comprising the three Washington locals, Brewery Workmen, Beer Drivers and Stablemen and Bottlers, on last Saturday, September 19.

Coming from Baltimore on a special train, the delegates and many of their wives to the number of 300, were met at the Union Station at 2.35 o'clock by the local committee, who had twelve large sight-seeing automobiles in waiting, into which the visitors got and were taken over the District and the various points of interest explained to each by a competent guide.

Special permission had been secured to allow the visitors to enter the White House and the Pan-American Building, where at the latter place special lecturers pointed out the beauties of the building, and where on the steps of this historic place a picture was taken of the entire party, one of the largest ever taken, so the photographer stated.

After the ride around the city, which was thoroughly enjoyed by all, they were taken to Saengerbund Hall, where a spread was laid with plenty of good things to eat with refreshing drinks to wash them down. Concluding the afternoon's entertainment the delegates listened to addresses of welcome by William Roberts, who acted as toastmaster of the occasion. He introduced as the first speaker John B. Colpoys, Secretary of the Central Labor Union and Editor of the Trades Unionist, their official local paper, who welcomed the delegates on behalf of the local labor movement and spoke on conditions confronting their industry from a legislative standpoint, which were favorably received. On behalf of the international union President Louis Kember and Secretary Joseph Proebstle thanked the Washington locals for their splendid entertainment, and the affair came to a close with rousing cheers from all present for the Washington locals.

During the festivities at the hall music was dispensed by Hayden's Orchestra, which came in for applause after each offering. The delegates then split up in groups, many visiting the Library, and others to other places of interest, and they left for Baltimore on a special train at 10 o'clock, wholly pleased with their trip to the nation's Capital.

The committee having the entertainment in charge consisted of the following: William H. Schaefer, Chairman; William Roberts, Harry Sears, Henry Miller, A. Rommel, R. B. Bisson, W. H. Ryan, H. F. Rock, George Miller, Jr., Theodore Levy, and Frank Rom.

WOOD CARVERS MEET.

Boston.—The convention of the International Wood Carvers' association decided to submit to the referendum the question of affiliating with the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners. The same course was taken on a proposition to create an international out-of-work fund. Grand Rapids delegates reported that some manufacturers there and elsewhere were using a composition product which was sold as genuine wood carving. It was decided to ask the A. F. of L. to urge a national law that would prohibit this deception. Municipal markets to sell food at cost were favored. The physical examination of workers was given much attention by the convention. It was charged that large firms in Cleveland and Camden, N. J., enforce this system, and any one with the slightest physical blemish is rejected, regardless of his trade qualifications or circumstances.

THE LAW WAS ENFORCED

Boston.—The Massachusetts state law which declares it unlawful to make false statements in advertisements was taken advantage of by union cigarmakers in this city to end the practice of a nonunion cigar manufacturer who was deceiving the public.

The manufacturer purchased a well-known 10-cent brand, discontinued its use, and then placed the name on a cheaper grade.

The law makes it an offense to "knowingly make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminate any statement or assertion of fact concerning the quantity, the quality, the method of production or manufacture, the cost of production, the cost of the advertiser, the present or former price * * * which statement or assertion has the appearance of an offer advantageous to the purchaser and is untrue and calculated to mislead."

Under this law, which was originally intended for the use of business men, the unionists secured the conviction of the jobber handling the nonunion goods, and who was prohibited from handling advertising matter. He was also compelled to return all cigars to the manufacturer which bore the name of the defunct union cigar, the court holding that this name had a value in Massachusetts, and its present use was intended to deceive the public, and that such action was a violation of the law of the state.

UNEQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK.

Washington.—Wide variation in the pay for the same or similar work is one of the most striking situations revealed by the investigation of teachers' salaries just completed by the United States Bureau of Education. The rates vary from $2,400 a year for New York city elementary teachers to $45 a year in certain rural communities. Even in cities of the same class there are considerable differences in the salaries paid, although Western States have steadily raised the rates, which are fairly well standardized, the report says. The figures will be used to determine the actual conditions of the teaching profession.

GIVES ADVICE TO TEACHERS.

Toledo, Ohio.—"If you are partial to the girl who comes to your school with more elegant dresses on, if you show more interest and attention to the daughter of the banker, the rich farmer or the society leader, you had better get out of school work," advised Prof. C. H. Freeman, of Ohio Northern University, in an address in this city to teachers.

"The function of our public schools is to help the poorer children. They need the education far worse than the better favored children," continued the speaker.

ARE AIDING BARBERS.

Lansing, Mich.—The Trades and Labor Council is supporting the barbers in their attempt to secure an early closing hour and all classes of citizens will be appealed to to assist in this humane effort.

"An evening at home with wife or friend is almost an unknown luxury for the barber under present conditions," declared one of these workers. "It is not so much the selfish motive for ourselves as it is for our families and homes that we want to get away from the shop in the evening, after having been there all day."

URGES TRUCE IN MINE WAR

Washington.—President Wilson has submitted a plan for a three-year truce in the Colorado strike to the operators and officers of the United Mine Workers. Both sides are urged to consider this "tentative basis for the adjustment of the strike" drawn by the Commission of Conciliation, appointed by Secretary of Labor Wilson.

The basis of agreement offered by the President includes the establishment of a three-year truce, subject to the enforcement of the mining and labor laws of Colorado; the return to work of miners who have not been convicted of law violations; the prohibition of intimidation of union or nonunion men; the publication of current scales of wages and rules and the appointment of a grievance committee by the employes.

The agreement provides that in cases where the officers of the company or the grievance committees cannot settle differences, a commission of three men, named by the President, shall step in and act as the final referee of all disputes.

Under the agreement the claim for contractual relations would be waived. No mine guards would be employed, the federal troops now on duty in the strike district would be withdrawn, picketing, parading, colonizing or mass campaigning by the miners would be stopped, and the suspension of work would be prohibited pending a decision by the commission. The expense of the commission would be divided between the employers and employes.

FOR WORKINGMEN'S HOMES.

Boston.—The first annual report of the State Homstead Commission is declared to be a classic on the subject of providing homes for workers and kindred questions. Charts show that the highest infant mortality is in the congested mill towns and the lowest in the towns and cities where sanitary conditions are up to date and where the people are not overcrowded.

The need of encouraging people to enter the agricultural calling is pointed out, and also the importance of spreading information. The constitutional objection to state aid for workingmen's homes is discussed and the commission says:

"Wherever the State has undertaken such work, profound economic, social and political advantages have resulted."

It is shown that the more congested the population the greater the number of deaths due to tuberculosis.

Recommendations are made concerning local planning boards; profitable use of suburban homes; assessment of betterments; the establishment of residential districts; and for the establishments and maintenance of agricultural instruction for families.

LABOR BUREAU IS EXTENDED.

Washington.—The scope of the government's big clearing-house for laborers and home-seekers has been extended by the setablishment throughout the country of distributing zones with headquarters in eighteen cities.

Information relating to the needs of employers, the supply of workers, and opportunities for settlers will be exchanged among the headquarters under direction of a division of information in the Department of Labor.

More speedy distribution of labor will be accomplished under the system, officials believe, and give impetus to the movement to aid dwellers in crowded centers to find places of greater opportunity in the country.

ORGANIZE IN DALLAS.

Dallas, Tex.—At a well-attended meeting of elevator operators in this city, it was decided to organize a union. A call has been issued for a meeting of all teamsters to organize a local affiliated with the Brotherhood of Teamsters. It is intended to organize the colored teamsters later.

ON LECTURE PLATFORM

Hannibal, Mo.—In a lecture on "The Progress and Problems of Labor," delivered before the Hannibal Chautauqua, John P. Frey, editor of the Iron Molders' Journal, said: "The trade union movement has made mistakes, but we should be judged by what we have done. We did not always have free schools in this country, and when they were first established the poor man's children could not attend. The workmen changed this by demanding free schools. The trade union movement made the fight for free text books. If there is one thing labor organizations are proud of it is the fact that for the last ten or fifteen years we have done much to abolish the great curse of America—child labor. We are doing much to create better conditions and shorter hours for the women who are forced to work. I believe that the men should support the women so that they could be the home worker instead of the wage-earner. The trade unions say that where the women are to be the wage-earners it is the duty of the state to throw all of the safety guards around them."

The lecture was a studious explanation and defense of the trade union movement, and the local press devoted several columns to the effort.

TO ORGANIZE DRIVERS.

Newark, N. J.—Mass meetings are being held in this city for the purpose of organizing the drivers of department store wagons. These workers charge that the stable bosses have employed two dozen "spotters" to discover who is attending the meetings.

Business agents of the various unions in this city have divided themselves into subcommittees of two men each and are giving one-half day each week to organize nonunionists in the various carriage, wagon and automobile shops.

Because of a wage cut, eighty nonunion employes of the Robinson-Roders company, a feather firm, struck. These workers declare it is impossible to live on $8 and $10 a week.

Horseshoers' union reports that the organization of every shop in this city will be a fact in the very near future.

COPPER MINERS' SIDE GIVEN.

Washington.—The miners' side of the controversy between employers and employes in the Michigan copper mines is set forth in a brief filed with the House committee on mines. The workers assert they made every honorable concession to adjust the trouble, and that "the operators' cry of 'alien agitators preventing a settlement' is hypocritical and untrue."

The brief charges assaults and outrages by the deputies, gunmen and soldiers on the striking miners; assails the deportation of Charles H. Moyer, and insists that there was interference with free access to postal facilities and other invasions of constitutional rights. The committee has not yet taken any action on the results of its investigation.

LABOR IS REPRESENTED.

Jacksonville, Fla.—Organized labor is represented in the city charter convention, now being held, by twelve trade unionists.

The recently organized unions of stationary engineers, brewery workers, and structural iron workers have affiliated to the central body, and these additions are doing much to more thoroughly unite the wage-workers in this city.

FORM A. F. OF L. UNION.

Ottawa, Ill.—Postoffice clerks in this city have organized a branch of the National Federation of Postoffice Clerks affiliated to the A. F. of L. The local men declare that the great influence exerted by the A. F. of L. has aided the postal employes in their requests for better salaries and working conditions, and complete unity will yield still greater benefits.

CONDITIONS IMPROVED

Denver.—The copper strike in northern Michigan improved the workers' conditions, is the claim of Secretary Hietala, of District union, No. 16, of Hancock, Mich., who made this report at the recent convention in this city:

"Miners who worked previous to the strike from 10 to 12-hour shifts, now work only 8½-hour shifts, including lunch hour, lowering into and hoisting up from the mine. Wages increased from $2.50, $2.70 to $3 and $3.25 a day. Of course, the one-man drill we could not get abolished, but the work that was demanded previous to strike has been lightened. Trammers work 8½-hour shifts now instead of from 10 to 12 hours per shift. Wages increased from $2.30 to $2.50 and $2.75 after the strike. We might say in a general way that all the underground workers now work 8½ hours a day instead of 10 to 12-hour shifts, as was done previous to the strike, with increased wages and better working conditions. Mill and smelter men who worked 12 hours a shift now work strictly eight hours with the increased wages. Surface men worked 11 hours a day, now work only 9 hours a day with increased wages and shorter working day."

BAN ON "LABOR SOCIETY."

Topeka, Kan.—Secretary Tresner, of the Industrial Council, has received a letter from President Gompers, of the A. F. of L., in which attention is called to a so-called "State Society of Labor and Industry" presuming to appear before the organized workers and the people of Kansas as the bona fide state labor movement.

President Gompers says: "The Kansas State Federation of Labor grew out of the dissatisfaction and protest against one so-called 'State Society of Labor and Industry.' All organized labor of the labor of the state of Kansas is urged to maintain the honor and integrity of the labor movement of the state, to protect the rights and interests of the working people of the state, and when sending delegates from local unions or central bodies to any state convention, such delegates should be sent to the regular conventions of the Kansas State Federation of Labor and not to any other body presuming to speak in labor's name."

CARPENTERS RAISE WAGES.

Galveston.—The new scale of the Carpenters' union, agreed to May 25, took effect last week. Wages are increased 50 cents a day, the new rates being 56¼ cents an hour for carpenters and 62½ cents for foremen, with overtime at the rate of time and one-half. Labor day, Christmas, Fourth of July, Thanksgiving day, Saturday afternoon and Sundays are to be considered as holidays, and when work is to be done at this time the price shall be double time. No subletting of contracts or piece work will be permitted. The eight-hour day is recognized, and only members of the union are to be employed. The contract is to continue for one year and indefinitely thereafter until either party desires a change, when a sixty days' notice in writing, specifying the changes desired, is necessary.

TEXTILE WORKERS TO MEET.

Fall River, Mass.—Secretary-Treasurer Hibbert of the United Textile Workers of America has issued a call for the fourteenth annual convention of that organization, to be held in Scranton, Pa., beginning Monday, October 19.

PLUMBERS PRESENT SCALE.

New Rochelle, N. Y.—Plumbers and Steamfitters local No. 151 is at odds with their employes, who have refused to sign a new agreement, which provides for union recognition and a minimum rate of $4.50 a day for senior plumbers and $2.76 a day for junior plumbers.

GET THEIR WAGES RAISED

New York.—Fur Workers International union has closed a notable agreement with the Fur Manufacturers' association, composed of the largest and most influential employers in the business, and a general strike in this industry is avoided. A so-called independent association of fur manufacturers refused to sign the agreement, and after a strike was called against these small concerns, 202 firms signed up, and eighty-six of the independents joined the big association, thereby becoming part of the agreement made with that organization.

The new rates are:

Cutters who formerly received $23 a week will now receive a minimum of $30.

Operators and nailers are increased $5 per week.

Finishers are increased $6 per week.

Complete union recognition is granted, and shop chairmen will be allowed to collect dues, which must be paid.

No overtime will be permitted except during the first five working days of the week during the months of October, November, and December, and at no other time. Overtime work shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half.

No work shall be sent to the homes of workers, and no contractor or subcontractor shall be permitted inside of the factory.

No piece-work shall be permitted, and all fire and labor laws shall be considered part of the agreement.

The employers further agree that if the union will obtain "from any group of employers conditions and standards of employment more favorable than those herein stipulated," that the maintaining of such higher standards and conditions shall become obligatory upon the firms signing the contract.

About 9,000 workers are affected by this agreement. A. F. of L. Organizer Frayne assisted in the negotiations.

THE TAX REFORM ASSOCIATION.

Increased taxes by reason of the Borland amendment in reference to assessing the cost of street improvements, and the favorable report of the Committee on the District of Columbia on the ownership of the street railways of the District, makes the subject of assessment and taxation of continued and growing importance, to residents of the District of Columbia.

This Association has in the past furnished speakers for a large number of public meetings and is prepared to furnish speakers who can explain briefly and in an interesting manner these questions of taxation, and the reforms believed necessary.

Questions of taxation in the District can be explained by charts if desired, either by paper charts or lantern slides, and if agreeable, we could furnish a chart of a square in your section, to be selected by you, which will indicate how each lot is taxed under the present system, and how it would be taxed under the system proposed by us, together with the saving in taxes to the small home owner or rent payer.

We hope to receive a request to furnish a speaker, and if you desire any special person to address your organization we would be pleased to comply with your request, if possible.

Yours very sincerely,

W. I. SWANTON,
Secretary.

1464 Belmont St.

NEW YORK TAILORS ACTIVE.

New York—Journeymen Tailors union, No. 390, is conducting an agitation for the abolishment of home work, the establishment of an eight-hour day and higher wages, as follows: Minimum of $27 a week for first-class and $24 a week for second-class tailors; $24 and $22 for bushelmen, and $19, $17, and $15 for helpers who are to be employed and paid directly by the employers; extra time for over time. The union also demands sanitary conditions in the work shops. Meetings are being held for the purpose of strengthening the organization before these demands are submitted to employers.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL COUNCIL 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 25, 1914.

Chew union tobacco.

Wear Union-Made clothes.

Smoke Union-Made cigars.

Spend your money for union products.

Intelligence is the mother of brevity.

We should all forgive and forget, but it's so hard to do two things at once.

Life is a grindstone that sharpens either our wits or our noses.

The union label is essentially an emblem of peace, both in suggestion and in practice.

If you can't boost, don't knock; knocking is a disease and is contagious, so you better keep away from knocking.

The young man, or any other style of man, can better afford to be called a tight wad than he can to spend more money than he earns.

Washington is bigger than Raleigh. But why should we need to care. Fritz Reuter gives a dandy lunch with every glass of lager beer.—The Labor Educator, N. C.

A Boston preacher offered up prayer as a remedy for unemployment. He thinks that if you approach the Lord in the right spirit the bosses will come around hunting for you. Try it.

Cigars which are packed in boxes containing the blue label of the Cigarmakers' International union should always be purchased by trade unionists, and they should buy no others. Such cigars are made in clean and healthful shops, of the best material and by mechanics of skill and judgment.

The Lawyers' Union should set a higher standard for membership. None know better than the reputable lawyer the injury the shyster works upon a community nor better how to get rid of him. The whole legal fraternity is suffering from the machinations of the unscrupulous shyster, and the Lawyers' Union is being held responsible for his existence.

THINK FOR YOURSELVES.

"You will find willing slaves and hypocrites in every organization. They who dare to make hell on earth a reality. Oh, you who wish to help bring peace dare to think for yourselves, then do your duty by word and deed; show the poor people that the way to real freedom lies in having a will of their own and making good use of it. When truth is taught to the young, poverty and hell conditions will be done away with, and heaven will be found right here. False teaching is what keeps us in hell here, and no one knows where such teaching will land us."—James Russell Lowell.

WORKERS LEARN TRUE POSITION.

The workers learn in the union what their true relations to the employer is. They learn that their association with him is one of pure and simple business, and that all this "loyalty—co-operation" stuff, invented by employers for business purposes ages ago, has been found out. The workers of the world are getting wise and the union is the depository of their economic wisdom and—what is of vital importance in connection with the wisdom and what will make it worth having—the union is developing the power to put the accumulated working class knowledge into force.—The Timeworker.

LOCAL CIGAR INDUSTRY.

At the meeting of the Central Labor Union on last Monday night, the delegates listened to talks by Organizers Farrell and McCabe of the International Cigar Makers' Union, on the Cigar Industry, both nationally and locally, that were both interesting and instructing. They also were such as to make the trades unionists of this city bow their heads in shame, for the statements were made that in this city, with twenty-five thousand members of organized labor, they have a local union of Cigarmakers with but 65 members, and only 20 of those at work owing to the fact that there is so little demand for union-made cigars.

This condition is shameful to say the least, and it seems about time that union men should bestir themselves, and lend a helping hand to their fellow brothers engaged in this industry. If every member of organized labor would resolve to buy union-made, home product cigars, it would be but a short time when this local would have a membership of several hundred members who in turn would be a great aid to other crafts needing assistance, so let us each one get busy and spend your money on union-made goods, and show that you are sincere in that, by demanding union conditions for yourself, then you are also willing that your fellow brother should enjoy the fruits of union conditions.

NEWS FROM ABROAD

By F. E. Buckland.

July 16, 1914.

Who has not at some time read of the great fortress of St. Peter and Paul and of the dark deeds that have been perpetrated within its thick walls? The fortress is built on an island in the Neva, and in order to reach it had to drive across the Troitsky bridge, the longest of all the bridges across the Neva. It measures 1,970 feet in length and cost 5,000,000 roubles to build. It is comparatively modern and commemorates the silver wedding of Alexander III and Maria Feodorovna. After crossing still another bridge we passed through the two guarded gates and were within the island fortress.

This one-time stronghold, so rich in associations and so closely identified with the history of St. Petersburg, was built by Peter the Great in 1704 on the site of a former Swedish fort. Within its walls are the Cathedral of St. Paul and Peter, the mint and the old arsenal, the latter now used as an artillery museum. In its numerous bastions, partly under water, are its prisons. In one of these foul dungerous Alexis, the only son of Peter the Great, was imprisoned and there he died.

The cathedral of St. Peter and Paul, in which all the Russian emperors lie buried, was founded at the same time as the fortress. The pyramid of its pointed gilded tower is 400 feet high. Its top is adorned with an angel bearing aloft a cross 29 feet high. Inside the spire is a remarkable clock, brought from Cologne in 1760, and considered to be a masterpiece of art. Every hour it plays the Russian hymn and at noon the national anthem "God Save the Czar."

The interior of the cathedral is adorned with trophies of war, but what makes this structure of unusual interest to the traveler is that it contains the vault of the imperial family. The whole of the house of Romanof (except only Peter II) lie buried here, as also do the grand dukes and grand duchesses. White marble sarcophagi, with the imperial eagles at the corners, mark the graves of the emperors. Surrounding the tombs of Alexander II and Alexander III are many wreaths of silver and gold.

A small building near the cathedral contains a boat found by Peter the Great in 1691 and is called "The grandfather of the Russian fleet."

CONTROL BEEF IMPORTS.

New York.—American beef packers are now in absolute control of the Argentine output of beef, according to the testimony of Jacob Bloch, of a firm owning several markets in this city, who was one of the witnesses at the inquiry into the advance in the price of living necessities before Chief Magistrate McAdoo.

The witness said that in thirteen years the supply of cattle in this country fell short of the demand by 16,000,000 and that the shortage was growing more pronounced.

As remedies he suggested an export duty on beef; opening Government lands of the West for grazing; prohibiting killing of any female calf under three or five years old or any calf weighing less than 150 pounds; 10 per cent of the income tax to be used for fostering the cattle raising; public slaughterhouses, like those in England, established by the Government.

MACHINISTS SIGN CONTRACT.

Boston.—Machinists have signed a one year's agreement with the United Metal Seal company of this city, which provides for an eight-hour day and a minimum wage rate of $1.50. Overtime shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half. Sunday work shall be double time, and outside work at the rate of $4 a day. Apprentices will not be less than sixteen years and not over twenty-one years of age at the beginning of their apprenticeship term. They shall serve four years and be employed at day work only. None but members of the International Association of Machinists shall be employed, and a representative of the association shall be permitted at all times to enter the shop and examine the books of its members. A thirty days' notice is necessary for eithey party to change or cancel the agreement.

WIRE MEN RAISE WAGES.

Houston, Tex.—A 5 per cent increase for telegraphers along the lines of the Southern Pacific system is announced, after a controversy that has lasted almost a year. At one time a strike vote declared in favor of ceasing work between New Orleans and Portland, Ore., but continued conferences finally resulted in a satisfactory adjustment.

"MOVIE" MEN RAISE WAGES.

Detroit, Mich.—Moving Picture Operators union has encountered little trouble in securing the adoption of a new wage scale, which raises wages $3 a week. It is said all the picture houses agreed to the increased rates.

TO SPREAD ANTI-UNION FIGHT.

San Francisco.—In the event of success by the Stockton employers in their war against union labor, this city was the next point of attack, declared Rev. J. W. Byrd, who was a witness before the federal commission on Industrial Relations.

The clergyman repeated a conversation he had with President Bird, of the Stockton Manufacturers' association, in which the employer stated that if the non-union shop movement was successful in Stockton the movement would be strengthened in other places that "somebody somewhere else would doubtless reduce wages and increase hours," and that it would then be time for the Stockton employers to do the same thing in order to compete.

The witness said that he was informed San Francisco would be in the fight today if it were not for the coming exposition.

The clergyman stated that while discussing that portion of the employers' declaration, which "unalterably opposed" wage reduction or the increase of hours, the employer told him that "they wanted this clause as a loophole because this was not simply a local movement."

ARKANSAS ADOPTS CHILD LABOR ACT.

Little Rock, Ark.—The child labor law initiated by the State Federation of Labor has been adopted by the voters of Arkansas after a campaign that attracted national interest.

This act provides that a child, to work in any occupation, must have attended school four years and be more than fourteen years of age. Children under sixteen cannot be employed in any hazardous occupation, and the state board of health is authority to rule on the hazards of various lines of work.

Children under sixteen are limited to eight hours work a day, while for those between 16 and 18, nine hours is the limit. Children under sixteen are barred from professional theatrical performances.

INSISTS ON 47 CENTS.

Wheeling, W. Va.—At a convention of Eastern Ohio miners resolutions were passed declaring that the miners and not their officers were insisting on a 47-cent ton rate for mining coal on a straight run-of-the-mine basis. The convention praised "the officials of the organization for the faithful manner in which they have carried out the will of the miners."

These workers have been on strike since last April, and a recent conference with operators failed to adjust matters, as the employers insist on a rate of 45 cents. The miners urge that as they work in the best vein in the competitive district, the operators can pay the high rate as well as operators in other portions of the state, who have recently signed the scale and placed 30,000 men at work.

PHOTOGRAPH EMPLOYES.

Los Angeles.—Photographing employes for the purpose of making it impossible to re-enter the service, once they are discharged, is practiced by the street railway company of this city, according to testimony forced from Chief Engineer Kuhrits and Assistant Superintendent Merrihew, before the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations. The photograph costs 50 cents, for which the employe must pay. Another charge is 50 cents for hospital service.

Before a man can become a conductor or a motorman he must expend about $50 for an outfit and incidentals and serve from eight to twenty-one days' apprenticeship without pay.

RECEIVE BACK PAY.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.—Brakemen and conductors employed by the Delaware and Hudson railroad have received back pay due them through the argument for higher wages that was secured after the strike of several months ago. It is claimed that the firemen and engineers received their awards recently. For some time after the strike the company failed to pay the increased wages, but the demands of these workers finally brought results.

MUSICIANS CALL STRIKE.

Trenton, N. J.—A strike order followed the failure of the Musicians' union to adjust differences between them and theatrical managers of this city relative to the wage scale which calls for a certain number of men in theaters of standard size.

INCREASE SHOP FORCE.

San Antonio, Tex.—The officials of the San Antonio, Uvalde, and Gulf railway have called in a full crew of workmen, boiler makers, and repair men, who are running full time on rolling stock.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION—UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN — Union Made Beer Ale and Porter — OF AMERICA — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT

Phone North 192

Fussell's Ice Cream

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY

COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS

518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

TELEPHONE MAIN 828 — F. B. CROWN, MANAGER — TELEPHONE MAIN 828

W. B. Moses & Sons

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

SPECIAL RATES TO UNION MEN — QUICK SERVICE

Crystal Cafe & Lunch Room

LOUIS DuBOIS, Proprietor

N. Y. Prime Rib Roast — Chichen Dinners Thur. & Sun.

SPECIAL BREAKFAST 25 Cents

No. 6 MASS. AVE. N. W. — Opposite the New City Post Office.

When Purchasing Bread

Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG

Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Best Kitchen Wares

----And Other
----Household Needs

Visit our departments of Housefurnishings, China, and Glassware. The assortments in the various lines are most complete.

All the best known makes of household wares, both imported and domestic, are included.

Decorated Dinnerware.
Decorated Toiletware.
Glassware of every Description.
Lamps and Electroliers.
Refrigerators.
Agate Nickel-Steel Utensils
Vollrath Enameled Utensils.
All-White Enameled Utensils.
Aluminum Kitchen Utensils.
High-Class Kitchen Cutlery.
Complete Laundry Equipments.
Coffee-Making Devices.
Imported Molds and Cutters.
Bathroom Fixtures.
Antirust Tinware.
Russian Iron and Steel Roasting Pans.
Labor-Saving Devices for Cooking, Housecleaning, &c.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

"PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"

WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

THE DRILLERY

1100 New York Ave. N. W.

Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.

Open All the Year.
Session Daily 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Summer Rates.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY

Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.

Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

OFFICE PHONE MAIN 5132 — NIGHT PHONE LINCOLN 1544

W. D. BRISCOE
IRON WORKS

Panorama Bldg. 15th & Ohio Ave. N. W.

Entrance 1424-26-28 C St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English

Civil Service Preparation

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

I observe from the papers that one of the warring rulers in Europe has "reprimanded certain officers for exposing themselves to the artillery fire during a battle." Right, most wise one! The scented scions of the houses of royalty must not endanger their precious lives. They are to reap the benefits of the war—its glory and its power. Let the common herd do the dying—that's what they are there for.

* * * *

That Maine election seems to have been a veritable pleasefest—the Democrats pleased because the head of their ticket was successful, the Republicans pleased because their vote showed a big increase, and the Bullmoosers pleased because they got any votes at all.

* * * *

A few days since I had the pleasure of meeting Harry Watkins, a Washington printer who has but lately returned from the Philippine Islands, where he served three years in the Manila Bureau of Printing. If one is to judge by Watkins's appearance, the Philippine Islands are certainly not what lots of people believe them to be—unhealthy—for he is in the pink of condition. While in the East Mr. Watkins has filled both the offices of president and secretary of Manila Union, and was elected its delegate to the Providence convention of the International, but did not attend, owing to the fact that he tarried too long on visits in the Northwest and other sections of the country after his arrival from the Far East. He left the islands on June 5, and since that time has covered many thousands of miles and visited many points of great interest. The friends of Mr. Watkins are glad to welcome him back to Washington, where he will, I presume, resume operations as a proof reader in the Government Printing Office, the position which he resigned when he left this city.

* * *

Several well-known members of Columbia Union recently came down to the principal plant of the Government Printing Office, and meeting John R. Brown, one of the number, he told me that, while he liked the work of the branch, he was always willing to accommodate the management by returning to the main stem, "for," said he, "when talent is needed they know where to send for it. Being among those transferred, I feel sure that the flower of the branch forces are now assembled to do business in the Swamp." The merry Johnny hath ever his little joke on tap, and what inconvenience his wit and philosophy fails to overcome would indeed be hard to find.

* * * *

My good friend Schmalhoff, one of the veteran copy editors in the Government Printing Office, has been painfully ill for a few days past with a carbuncle, and that is a malady which always excites my most active sympathy, for I had a turn at it some years ago that I shall always vividly remember, not only on account of the pain and inconvenience, but also—strange as it may sound—on account of the fun I had. The late Charles N. Warren was one of the "sympathetic" friends who visited me during that season of distress. Entering the room where I was stretched out, he opened up his session of "Job's comforting" something after this fashion:

"Why, Brocky, I heard you were bad off, but, heavens! man, I had no idea it was so fearful as this. You look wretched! Does the doctor have any idea you will pull through?"

Weakly answering that my medical man thought I had a chance to get out, Charlie continued:

"Maybe so, but you know a carbuncle is an awful thing, and few doctors even realize how dangerous they are. Yours is in a mighty bad place, too, besides you have been in rather poor health of late and are hardly strong enough to undergo such a shock to your system."

Charlie was right—I was weak, far too weak to stop his melancholy strain, and so he continued:

"Yes, they've killed many a strong man. There was David Davis, you doubtless recall as one of our great statesmen and a Senator from Illinois. He was a physical giant, weighing about 300 pounds, but after a ten-day fight with a carbuncle, though not in such a vital place as yours, he gave up the ghost. Green Clay Smith, a Kentucky Hercules who preached at one of the local Baptist churches for a number of years, was another eminent victim of the deadly carbuncle. A near neighbor of mine was buried a few days ago who only kept up the fight about a week—carbuncle. I knew a man down at the printing office who had one of the things who finally got out, after four months' illness, but he was but a shadow of his former strong and vigorous self, and will never be a healthy man again during the few remaining years—or months—that he lives. Awful things they are! Still, I hope you may get well; but—" And he paused and eyed me with a look that seemed to say in about 36-point type, "Son, you're a goner." After which he placidly launched into a history of what he termed my "hideous malady," and for at least half an hour he ransacked the annals of the past, sacred and profane, to show me what shoals of the human family had departed the mundane by the carbuncle route, now and then walking across the room, looking at me with a seemingly renewed horror, and almost hissing at me, "My Lord, man, I never did expect to see you looking this weak and worn out!"

Up to that hour I had never thought that I was specially nervy, but when the profound pessimist had finished I concluded that I must be a man of heroic nerve or I surely would have expired during the ordeal. However, maybe it was not nerve after all; doubtless the real truth was that Charlie so overdid the thing that the farcical side of the situation saved me. I know as he left the room and my wife came in she remarked that Warren must be good company, seeing on my face something that had been absent for many days—a smile; and a broad one it was, too. I shall always believe that as dear old Charlie left the house he also "comforted" my wife by asking that he be at once notified "when the end came."

My next visitor was big, optimistic Jim Alburtis, and we both laughed so much over Warren's "cheering-up" tactics that Jim was afraid I was going to make myself worse, and so cut his pleasant visit short. When the doctor came that night he said I seemed much better, and I was. A few days and I was on the right side of the danger line. I had a good and faithful doctor, but must give credit where it belongs—Warren's overdose of carbuncle fatalities saved me.

W. N. Brockwell.

MUCH APPRECIATED.

Mr. Editor:

Here is two ($2) dollars for bill. It was a mistake on my part to stop paper. Begin again from July 1, and send me the 6 back numbers from that date. I don't like to give up paper after 16 years of subscription. Get me?

Yours,
Jos. E. Goodkey,
Patapsco Poultry Farm, Berwyn, Md.

PRESSMEN'S GAINS.

Rogersville, Tenn.—President Berry, of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' union, announces that a contract carrying wage increases has been entered into between the pressmen's organization and the Baltimore American and Star newspapers. For the first time in their history, these papers are now thoroughly organized.

Dayton, O., printing pressmen have just signed a contract for wage increases in the newspapers of that city.

Organizer Kenney reports that Fall River, Mass., newspapers have signed an agreement with their web pressman which provides for substantial improvements.

START LABOR TEMPLE.

San Francisco.—"The finest labor temple in the world," is the goal of trade unionists in this city who laid the corner stone for their new home on Labor day. The stone was set in place by President Gallagher of the Labor Council. It is intended to finish the building within a year. The building will be a three-story and basement steel frame structure, finished in glazed brick.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS
NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy, and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Anglin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
FALL AND WINTER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

PHONE MAIN 3495

GUIFFRE'S

Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50

908 Pa. Avenue Northwest

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.
W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES
Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.
N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P. Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.
N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.
John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.
John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St, N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT
J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
W. I. STRATTON, Vice-President, 617 6 St. N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden.....425 G St. N.W.
C. S. CUNINGHAM, Conductor.....Rosslyn, Va.

TRUSTEES
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

AUDITORS
W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

RELIEF COMMITTEE
Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
H. S. Hollohan.....814 7th Street N. E.
W. T. Baum.....474 Eye Street S. W.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL
R. H. Burdette....803 Mt. Vernon Place N. W.
L. Luebkert.....1314 Kearney Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

MILL COMMITTEE
E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
Allen Lithgow.....160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. Davis.....439 Second Street N. E.

ATTENTION! ORGANIZATIONS

COMMERCIAL WORK OUR SPECIALTY

you'll appreciate our printing because it's good printing. Our excellent facilities place us in a position to handle

Your Job Work

promptly and at reasonable prices. We can furnish you with any grade you desire of

Union Label Paper

Let us have your next order for printing and we will convince you. Estimates given.

The Trades Unionist Print Shop
604-606 FIFTH STREET NORTHWEST TELEPHONE MAIN 3915

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made

The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. Station K

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. Opposite Hotel Raleigh

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street Northwest

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 ROSSLYN, VA.

NOILLY PRAT'S **FRENCH VERMOUTH**
at CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
909 7th Street, Northwest.
No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

P. B. Suits
for Fall and Winter in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25
Parker, Bridget & Co.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS
"The Avenue at Ninth"

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

You Should Use Union Made Tobacco!

WHY? Because you get greater value for the money and a much superior quality

The following brands are guaranteed by us:

EPICURE SHREDDED PLUG - - - - 10 CTS.
CAMPBELL'S SHAG (2½ oz. paper—2 oz. tin) - 10 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION CUT PLUG - - - - 5 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION NEW CUT - - - - 5 CTS.
MOOSE HEAD (Granulated Smoking Best on earth for cigarettes) 5 CTS.
EXPANSION SUN CURED PLUG W. S. NATURAL LEAF PLUG
(THE BEST FOR CHEWING)

MANUFACTURED BY THE
United States Tobacco Co.
RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 and at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 208 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 65: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillon, 1111 Park Place, N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D, C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 48: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secttary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Fr day of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mon days of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 You street northwest.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman, 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typo. Temple. Secretary, R. F. Dant, 20th & Bryant St. n.e., Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

WAR TALK.

By CYCLE.

[Censored.[

Wheu this cruel war is over—what?

—

European airships are vey much on the bomb.

—

News from the allies sometimes proves to be all lies.

—

Uncle Sam is letting the other fellows do the worrying.

—

Little Belgium simply refused to serve as a door-mat.

—

What's in a name? A great many letters, if it is Russian.

—

Neither party seems quite ready for mediation balm.

—

The wisdom of peace treaties is gradually soaking in.

—

Those best prepared for war are apt to strike the first blow.

—

America looks good to most people just now, even to the tourists.

—

In the list of casualties the names of Smith and Brown are noticeably absent.

—

It transpires that Gen. Sherman's definition of war should be multiplied by two.

—

No doubt but that the initial plans for this war in Europe were "made in Germany."

—

Paris styles for this season have much of the military effect, in the outskirts and much waste-fulness.

—

In times of war the man with a title gets more titles for bravery, while the other fellows get it in the neck.

—

We can see no good reason why Americans should not begin Thanksgiving services right away.

—

If the blood from wars could be conserved, a real Red River would show the appalling cost in human life.

—

The common every day people must bear the brunt of battle, and those who survive must foot the bills. Glory!

—

By comparison, the civil war was merely a skirmish or target practice and the Spanish-American disturbance a holiday vacation.

—

Some people profess faith in the "good time coming," when wars will be patterned after our safe-and-sane Fourth of July.

—

If the groans of the wounded and dying could be heard throughout the world, every fireside would become a sanctuary of prayers for universal peace.

RECORD LABOR DAY.

Washington.—Reports to the A. F. of L. offices indicate that Labor day was observed more generally throughout the country this year than ever before. Speeches and parades featured the day. At the last meeting of the A. F. of L. Executive Council note was taken of the inclination in some quarters to abandon these parades, and the council said:

"Such labor demonstrations are not wasteful, and they do pay, even only through publicity for the cause of labor. Men and women marching shoulder to shoulder typify impressively the purposefulness and unity of the labor movement. They are a physical demonstration of devotion to principles—a proof that none can fail to understand."

This thought was accepted by organized workers, and the outpourings of the men and women of labor indicate that the viewpoint of the Executive Council on the value of these demonstrations is correct.

SECURE GOOD AGREEMENT.

Evansville, Ind.—A two years' agreement has been signed by horseshoers and their employers in this city. No strike can be called or lockout enforced during the life of the contract, which provides for a nine-hour day and $3 per day for floormen and $3.25 for firemen and fire and floormen. Overtime and Sunday work, 60 cents an hour. In the event of employers raising the price of horseshoeing, the minimum wages shall be $3.50 a day. Only members of the union are to be employed. Arbitration and apprentice regulations are agreed to.

STIMULATE IMMIGRATION.

Toledo, Ohio.—"When this great calamity is passed and the people of Europe can get the means, we may expect the greatest immigration ever known," said Charles A. Thatcher, an attorney of this city, who has just returned from an extensive European trip. "These poor people have come to realize that the work of a lifetime may be swept away when they live in a country where a warlike spirit is fostered."

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Edward J. McIlvane and Miss Ella Gillingham, probationary clerk.

Harry C. Murray, Hyman Gubitch, Althea C. Hurley, Miss Edith E. Hoyt, Edward L. Arbuckle, and August Pierson, emergency monotype keyboard operators.

Charles J. Meagher, John W. DeVries, David G. McKenzie, Robert F. Simms, Joseph I. Keefer, Marcus P. Jackson, James B. Huss, George F. Hickman, James H. Adams, Harry A. Burr and Harry H. Geisbert, temporary compositors.

Harry G. Purdy, skilled laborer, transferred from Dept. of Labor.

Harlan Frey, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Charles Williams, Robert Williams, Robert B. Anderson, Samuel Jenifer and Elmore D. Russler, probationary messenger boys.

Separations.

Miss Carrie B. Sherfy, clerk, resigned.
James E. Hoes, imposer.
Oscar W. Reed, linotype machinist, resigned.
Ralph I. Garland, electrotype finisher.
Miss Edith E. Hoyt, emergency monotype keyboard operator.
James M. Leckie, electrician, resigned.
Mrs. Anna M. Gifford, directress, resigned.
Mrs. Rose D. Lawrenson, press feeder, resigned.
Mrs. Amy Kelcher Walters, press feeder.
Samuel M. Hendricks, skilled laborer.
Robert M. Cheshire and Walter A. Reiss, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.
William C. Robinson, unskilled laborer, resigned.
Paul H. Brattain, messenger, resigned.

MOLDERS LOCKED OUT.

Alton, Ill.—The Schuster foundry has locked out its molders, who attempted to induce this concern to live up to the union agreement it is a party to.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — Local No. 224 — Wash. D.C. — Affiliated with Central Labor Union & A.F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Gayety, 9th St. bet. E & F Sts. N. W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meader's, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Regent, - - - 18th & V Sts. N. W.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Lafayette - - - - 1307 E St. N. W.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.

TRY OUR SERVICE.

It pays to find a good drug store and stick to it. By a good drug store we mean one where the goods, the service and the prices are certain to be just right, a store modern in its equipment and its methods. We feel that we are conducting such a store and that there are plenty of people not now trading with us who really want to trade at such a store as we conduct. If you are not fully satisfied with your trading place, try our service when next you want drugs.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

Madam, Read McCall's
The Fashion Authority

"McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 100-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the happiness and efficiency of 1,100,000 women each month.

Each issue is brimful of fashions, fancy-work, interesting short stories, and scores of labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 50 of the newest designs of the celebrated McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

McCALL PATTERNS are famous for style, fit, simplicity and economy. Only 10 and 15 cents each.

The publishers of McCALL'S will spend thousands of dollars extra in the coming months in order to keep McCALL'S head and shoulders above all other women's magazines at any price. However, McCALL'S is only 50c a year; positively worth $1.00.

You May Select Any One McCall Pattern Free from your first copy of McCALL'S, if you subscribe quickly.

THE McCALL COMPANY, 236 West 37th St., New York

NOTE—Ask for a free copy of McCALL'S wonderful new premium catalogue. Sample copy and pattern catalogue also free on request.

TERMINAL BAR
STRICTLY UNION
No. 44 G STREET N. E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up
HOTEL STERLING
13th and E Streets
Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

OUR MOTTO
"Live and Let Live"
THE TRADES UNIONIST
604 5th Street Northwest

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett. 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth Street Southeast
Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

CORBY BROS.
100 per cent Pure
Bread
fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents
Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find
THE NORRIS HOUSE
OPEN AT 4 A. M.
DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor
Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

DRINK! BOTTLED
Coca-Cola
Office: 321 L Street S. W.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS
THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue
THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

ALLEN'S BUFFET
PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Prescriptvon No 2220.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 14 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

CONVICTS ON ROAD WORK

Washington.—According to reports coming from Wisconsin, convicts are being successfully employed on road work. It is stated that a representative of the National Committee on Prisons and Prison Labor made a careful study of the present system of the state two years ago at the request of the Governor of the State Board of Public Affairs. In his report the representative of the National Committee on Prisons recommended that all prisoners who could be placed on their honor should be employed out doors in quarrying stone, clearing stump lands and building roads. The legislature of 1913, in carrying out the recommendations, authorized convicts to be employed on road work, and in 1914 two camps were established. Macadam roads are being built and the convicts are provided with neat khaki uniforms and live and work like a hired crew, the only guards being two unarmed experts in road building. It is considered that so far the developments show complete success in the plan and there are indications that the system will be extended as conditions permit.

DEMAND UNIFORM PRICES.

New York.—The cloak makers in this city have ordered forwarded to the Cloak and Skirt Manufacturers' Association their demands for changed conditions. The union is demanding the formation of a price committee to determine the prices to be paid for the making of various garments, and insisting that this committee shall consist of an equal number of experts from the association and from the union. The reason for this move is that the union desires to establish a scientific method of settling prices for the manufacturing of garments in the entire industry. The present method which permits each shop, through a price committee, to establish prices has proven unsatisfactory. Another change desired by the organization is the making of the manufacturers responsible for their contractors and subcontractors.

COMMISSION AT WORK.

Indianapolis, Ind.—The Commission which was appointed by Governor Ralston under the provisions of the laws of 1913, to investigate the subject of hours and conditions of labor of women in Indiana, held hearings on September 25 and 26 in this city. Other hearings have been held in different parts of the State prior to the hearings in this city. The report of the Commission will be submitted to the Governor with recommendations for remedial legislation. One of the prominent Commissioners is H. J. Conway, Secretary-Treasurer of the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association.

OPEN MUNICIPAL MARKETS.

Chicago.—Two or more municipal markets are to be established in this city as soon as sites can be obtained, each to be in charge of a market master, with a policeman to maintain order, according to a resolution adopted by the Municipal Market Commission. It is intended to choose sites easily accessible to farmers, producers and consumer. The market plan is expected ultimately to cut out the middle men and jobbers.

"TRACKMEN" CONFER.

Winnipeg, Man.—The tenth biennial convention of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance-of-Way Employes was a successful gathering of representatives of this organization, which has made exceptional gains during the past few years because of its advocacy of trade union principles.

CIGAR STRIKE SETTLED.

Lancaster, Pa.—The eight months' strike at the Wolpert cigar factory has been amicably settled.

PRISON CONTRCTOR QUITS

Washington, D. C.—Information comes from Missouri that a prominent clothing company, having under contract 1,000 men in the Missouri Penitentiary at Jefferson City, has notified the warden that the contract will be terminated in the near future. It is stated that the abrogation of this contract means a monthly loss to the State of $20,000. The reason assigned for the abrogation is that the "Warden has failed to cooperate with the clothing company, and that conditions have been so unsatisfactory that it is impossible for the company to make money." The general trend of feeling in the State of Misouri appears to be crystallizing against the leasing of convicts, and no doubt this present situation will have a large bearing on the next state legislature in adopting the "state use" system in order that the state may take its place as one of the progressive states so far as its penal system is concerned.

SECURE NEW AGREEMENT.

St. Louis.—Thirty-four coal companies have signed agreements with the coal drivers' union, providing for the union shop, shorter hours and a schedule of wages that averages from $2 to $3 per week more than the wages heretofore paid. This agreement runs until March 31, 1916, and includes many of the large concerns in this city. The improvement in conditions is marked, and should any grievance arise during the life of the agreements, a committee on adjustment is provided for the purpose of reaching a mutually satisfactory solution of the difficulty.

MAY AVERT STRIKE.

Jersey City, N. J.—It is believed that a compromise will be affected between the embroidery workers in North Hudson and West Hoboken and their employers, some of whom are quoted as favoring many of the demands of the workers that conditions be bettered.

"Regarding the demand that there shall be no night work," said one of the employers, "I will be most willing to agree to this. I have never been in favor of night work, and if it can be so arranged that all the manufacturers will live up to the rule I will be pleased to join hands with them." It is claimed the season is an especially busy one in this industry.

REJECT DEMANDS.

Seattle, Wash.—United Mine Workers of the Washington District have been refused an increase in wages, which was made as a result of convention action. The miners have been in conference with the operators for a considerable period for the purpose of negotiating a new wage agreement. Practically all of the demands of the miners have been rejected. The conference has adjourned its sessions, and the question as to whether a strike will be called is now up to the membership. A referendum vote is to be at once submitted to the miners.

WANTS TO MEET EMPLOYES.

Palestine, Tex. — Superintendent Burd, of the Gulf division of the International and Great Northern railway, has issued a circular letter addressed to the employes of the road in the train and engine departments, inviting them to meet with him once each month to discuss matters pertaining to their duties and of general and special interest to the officials and employes.

LAUNDRY WORKERS UNITE.

Topeka, Kan.—Laundry workers in this city have formed a union and affiliated to the bona fide organized movement. The new local has already made an agreement with one laundry which agrees to the 54-hour work week and a minimum of $7 a week for all women employes.

OUR PICTURE OPERATORS

The Moving Picture Operators, through their hustling business agent, Ben Spellbring, are alive at all times to not only the conditions affecting the members' interest, but also the conditions affecting their employers' interest, as per the following resolution that they introduced and had indorsed at the meeting of the Central Labor Union on last Monday night:

Sept. 28, 1914.

Whereas, The War Tax bill now pending in Congress provides for a tax of $100.00 per year on all theaters, in addition to the license fee already provided for by law; and

Whereas, There are many small moving picture theaters on which the payment of said additional $100 would be a serious and unfair burden; and

Whereas, It is submitted that the following sliding scale of tax for such theaters, would, under the circumstances, be eminently more fair and equitable:

All theaters in towns of less than 15,000, $25 war tax;

In towns of more than 15,000 population—

Theaters up to 200 seats, $25 war tax;

Theaters over 200 and up to 500 seats, $50 war tax;

Theaters up to 500 and up to 1000 seats, $75 war tax;

Theaters over 1,000 seats, $100 war tax.

Therefore, Be it resolved that we, the Moving Picture Machine Operators' Union, Local No. 224, of Washington, D. C., I. A. T. S. E., do hereby recommend the above scale as an amendment to the aforesaid War Tax bill.

Submitted by B. A. Spellbring, President Local No. 224, I. A. T. S. E.

Approved and endorsed by the Central Labor Union of Washington, D. C., at its regular meeting, Monday, ..., 1914.

By .....

As can be seen by a perusal of the resolution, it is unfair in the raising of taxes to offset the revennes of the country, owing to the war in Europe, to compel the theatrical industry to stand more than their fair share of the burden, and as the bill passed the House it was extremely unfair to this industry, and it is hoped that the Senate will give due consideration to the appeal of the Moving Picture Operators through their timely resolution, a copy of which has been sent to the Senate Finance Committee.

Motion Picture Machine Operators' Local, No. 224, received a flying visit Friday, Sept. 18, of our International Assistant President, Bro. M. C. Higgins, of New York, and Jack Miller, the hustling business representative of Chicago, Ill., No. 2 M. P. M. O. Well, it was funny for two such characters to come to this grand city and act like farmers. Both wanted to walk up the Washington Monument; if they had, Bro. Higgins would be here yet. Bro. Miller asks if it would be possible to get a sheet of that printed money in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing; said he would keep it as a souvenir. Honest he did.

MISSOURI VALLEY PRINTERS.

Omaha, Nebr.—The typographical unions of the Missouri Valley sent delegates to this city recently, for the purpose of forming a Missouri Valley Typographical conference. Representatives were present from Kansas City and St. Joseph, Mo., Lincoln, Nebr., Council Bluffs, and Sioux City, Ia., and Omaha, Nebr. Other organizations in the Valley transmitted letters pledging support to the movement. The organization has been formed for the purpose of bringing closer together the members of the craft in this particular locality for business reasons and mutual advantage.

FORM NEW UNION.

Crookston, Minn.—A new local of hotel and restaurant employes and bartenders has been formed in this city.

COMPULSORY SCHOOLING

Washinfton, D. C.—As a result of the bill passed by the Massachusetts Legislature in 1913, continuation schooling in Boston is made compulsory this month, when all pupils between the ages of 14 and 16 who obtained their employment certificates since last January will be compelled to attend a designated continuation school. It is expected that between five and six thousand workers will be affected by this order. These pupils must attend school four hours per week, the hours to be arranged to meet the convenience of the employes as far as possible. One gratifying feature brought out in the preliminary arrangements for the enforcement of this law was the fact that the employers, as a general rule, were found to be favorable to the new system, and declared that the employes, where they were compelled to lose the four hours from work, would not be compelled to suffer a reduction on that account.

ROAD ASKS MEDIATION.

St. Louis, Mo.—The good offices of the Federal Board of Mediation to avoid a strike on the St. Louis and Southwestern Railway have been invoked by the company and the invitation to the Mediation Board to intervene has been accepted. The action of the company was taken pursuant to the action of a committee representing the Order of Railway Conductors, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, which advised the management of the railroad that a strike would be called unless the company reinstated a former conductor.

CAR MEN'S WAGES RAISED.

Syracuse, N. Y.—Conductors, motormen and other employes of the New York Street Railways have been granted a wage increase of 1½ cents an hour, or approximately 15 cents a day, by an arbitration board appointed early in the summer to settle differences between the company and its 2,500 employes in this city, Schenectady, Utica and Rochester. It is claimed the advance will total $150,000 a year. Back pay amounting to $50,000 is to be paid immediately. American Federation of Labor Organizer Roech represented the men, who are members of the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Men.

WILL DISCUSS WAGE SCALE.

Atlantic City.—Committees representing the Brotherhood of Operative Potters and their employers will meet in this city Sept. 29 to discuss the wage scale, which expires October 1. In several departments the employes will ask for increases, especially in the kiln and dipping departments, where, it is said, extra pieces of ware have been introduced since the last general wages conference. It is believed the manufacturers favor a renewal of the present rates, as their employes, through their committees, have received no intimation of proposed changes.

DUNCAN'S SON DEAD.

Washington.—The only son of James Duncan, first vice-president of the American Federation of Labor and International Secretary of the Granite Cutters, died on the morning of September 23. The deceased had recently graduated from a medical college and was entering the professional field with bright prospects. The sympathy of all those who know "Jim" Duncan will go out to him in full measure.

AGREE TO AMALGAMATE.

Chicago.—Through the efforts of President Gompers the rival steam shovelmen's organizations have reached an agreement as to the basis of an amalgation. Continuous efforts to bring this condition about have been in progress for over three years.

UNION MAN FOR CONGRESS

Chicago, Ill.—Oscar F. Nelson, former President of the National Federation of Post Office Clerks, now a State Factory Inspector, has been nominated by the democrats of the Ninth District for Congress. He will be opposed in the coming campaign by Fred Britten, the present republican incumbent, and Laverne Noyes, progressive. Representative Britten was elected to the Sixty-third Congress by a plurality of 1,400 votes over his democratic opponent. This indicates Nelson has a splendid chance to secure election to Congress. During the time that Mr. Nelson was President of the National Federation of Post Office Clerks, a position which he resigned about a year ago to accept an inspectorship on the State Factories Commission, he was active in behalf of the clerks, and materially assisted the American Federation of Labor in its efforts to secure the repeal of the "gag" law, which forbade the civil service employes in the Post Office Department from joining labor organizations. Mr. Nelson will receive the full support of the labor organizations in the Ninth District.

CHILD LABOR ACT ADOPTED.

Little Rock, Ark.—As a result of the recent election it is now definitely known that the two initiative acts and three constitutional amendments voted on at the recent election have been adopted. Among these acts that governing the employment of child labor has attracted universal interest. This act provides that a child to work in any occupation must have attended school four years and be more than fourteen years of age, and children under sixteen cannot be employed in any hazardous occupation. The State Board of Health is authorized under the act to rule on the hazards of various lines of work. Children under sixteen are limited to eight hours work per day, while for those between sixteen and eighteen, nine hours work a day is the limit. Children under sixteen are barred from professional theatrical performances.

STOCKTON'S UNION BUSTERS.

Stockton, Cal.—A coterie of business men in this city, who organized for the purpose of busting the unions and maintaining "industrial equilibrium," have been exceedingly successful during the last year, as shown by a comparison of building permits issued during August, 1913, and August, 1914. In August, 1913, building permits to the amount of $151,690 were issued, while after the union busters had established "industrial equilibrium" the building permits for August, 1914, amounted to $7,360. This record is exceedingly illuminating and should be given wide publicity in all districts where organized business men desire to establish "industrial equilibrium."

PAPER MAKERS ORGANIZE.

Hamilton, Ohio.—One of the largest organizations of paper makers in the Miami Valley has just been organized. A strong organization of paper makers formerly occupied this field, but for some unaccountable reason dwindled and went to pieces. The reorganization of the workers in the paper mills here will not only be of material benefit to the paper makers themselves, but will give an impetus to the general labor movement in this section.

SCRANTON SILK STRIKE.

Scranton, Pa.—A settlement of the controversy with the Derry Silk Company and its 300 textile workers has not yet been effected. The operatives ceased work on account of a wage difference, and the Company has refused to meet a representative of the strikers so far. It is stated that this same Company may be affected in its other plants providing a settlement is not reached within a short time.

OUR LABOR LEGISLATION

The Bureau of Labor statistics has just published as its Bulletin No. 148 a compilation of labor laws of the United States with brief notes on court decisions. This is the fifth such compilation which has been issued by the Commissioner of Labor Statistics since the organization of the Bureau in 1884, the last preceding compilation having ended with the legislation of the year 1907. The present work is in two parts and includes the laws of all the States and of the United States up to the close of the year 1913.

A large part of the laws relate to the two subjects of the regulation and inspection of factories and mines. Another important subject is that of the regulation of the conditions of employment of women, closely connected with which is the employment of children. New classes of laws relating to women and children have recently claimed attention, one looking toward the fixing of minimum wages for womei and children, and another providing for the so-called mothers' or widows' pension, which is in fact an undertaking to care for needy families until the children reach the age when they can aid in the support of the family. The bulletin shows minimum-wage laws in nine States (California, Colorado, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nebraska, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wisconsin), besides the provision of the Ohio constitution which authorizes such law, though none has been enacted, and 21 laws providing for the support of the mothers of dependent children.

On an examination of the carefully prepared index it can not be overlooked that railroads have received a very considerable degree of attention within recent years, train-crew laws, hours-of-service laws, laws requiring shelters for workmen, regulating the height of bridges, etc., over the tracks or the distance of structures from tracks, and numerous laws requiring safety appliances being in evidence.

The compilation includes also the orders of the industrial commissions of New York and Wisconsin, which have the force of laws.

The notes of the decisions are necessarily brief in a work of this kind, and are confined chiefly to decisions by the supreme courts of the various States and of the United States.

The two parts of this bulletin, containing approximately 1,200 pages each, furnish a mine of information for any one interested in labor legislation, the work being practically indispensable to any student in this field, owing to the wide distribution of the material in the various State codes and session laws, which have been searched page by page to locate the desired material.

RETURNING TO WORK.

Chicago, Ill.—At the inception of the European War many thousands of men were laid off in the various industries. With a general European War under way a corresponding exceeding caution and apprehension seemed to lay hold of the managements of the large works of the country. However, with the American Government assuming a strictly neutral attitude, and with the prospects of a large increased export trade as the result of the general cessation of industry in the war-bound countries, men are being returned to work and industry generally appears to have taken on renewed activity during the last ten days or two weeks. If reports coming from various sections of the country can be credited employment will be normal within a comparatively short time.

OTIS BEFORE COMMISSION.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Harrison Gray Otis, he of union-smashing fame, had his fling at union labor during a recent session of the Industrial Relations Commission here. His testimony, however, produced nothing new, the "General" still retaining his bombastic attitude and making the usual noise in expressing his perverted ideals.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 2, 1914.

He is safe from danger who is on his guard even when safe.

It is possible to avoid temptation by attending strictly to one's own business.

Was that last cigar you smoked a union-made home product one, and if not, why?

Smoke union-made tobacco. Chew union-made tobacco. You can get both for the asking.

Joe Wilner will make that fall suit or overcoat, and every garment will bear the label. If you have not placed your order as yet, do not fail to give him a call.

A local shoe store was offering scab made cigars during the past week as an inducement for the purchase of shoes. We hope that you did not avail yourself of the opportunity of procuring any of these cigars and that as long as this concern makes this practice, that you will refuse to wear any of their shoes. To get good shoes look in the advertising columns of this paper.

OUR NEW JUSTICE.

President Wilson is to be commended for his splendid appointment during the past week, in his selection of the Honorable Walter I. McCoy, to fill the vacancy on our District Supreme Bench.

In Mr. McCoy, he has selected a man eminently qualified to fill this most exalted and responsible position, for his work in the House and especially on the Wright investigating committee has shown him to be a man that will bring the proper dignity to this position. The working people will find in him a man that will be sympathetic and just, and one who will give them a square deal, which is all that they ask or expect and something that they have not received at all times from this branch of our government.

We wish to commend the President, and congratulate the Honorable Walter I. McCoy upon his good fortune. We also wish to congratulate that element amongst our District Bar, whose sole desire is to see that justice is rendered to litigants appearing before our courts.

FREE TEXT BOOKS.

Now that school has opened and many of the parents are finding out what an expense it is to send a child to our high schools through the cost of books, we wish to call attention to a bill that was introduced in Congress more than six months ago by the Honorable Frank Buchanan, to furnish free text books to the pupils of our high schools.

This bill was referred to the District Committee and in turn referred to a sub-committee of which the Honorable Horatio C. Claypool is Chairman. It would seem to us that the bill has been before the committee sufficient time to at least have a hearing to see if there is any merit to it, and not allow it to be smothered in the dust of a pigeon hole. If a report was made on the bill we have no doubt of its favorable passage by Congress, and we believe that every advantage that is possible to give should be held out to in induce parents to continue their children at school, and thereby enable them to procure the best education that is possible which will make them better citizens and more than warrant the expenditure of money necessary for its fulfilment.

We hope that this committee will get busy at once, and allow this bill to come before this session of Congress.

THE BORLAND AMENDMENT.

The recent appropriation bill for the District of Columbia that passed Congress contained a clause that is commonly called the Borland Amendment. This clause makes it mandatory for abuting property holders on a street to pay one half of the cost for street improvements. This is a very unfair burden to place upon the citizens who own property on the streets that are to be repaired and numerous citizens associations have passed resolutions condemning this amendment. It would seem to us that the streets that have received attention at the hands of the District officials, have been those on which very few of the working people have owned property, and the ones that are to be repaired because they are sadly in need of repair, are the ones on which many of the working people own their homes, and to begin assessing them with half the cost of this needed work is to say the least very unjust.

If Congressman Borland the author of this pernicious piece of legislation had given any consideration to the class of people that this will hit the hardest, we doubt if he would have framed it in the manner in which he did, for the owner of rented property will never agree to stand the burden of this expense, but he will immediately shift it to the shoulders of the tenant through increased rents.

We would like to suggest that instead of compelling the abutters on streets that are to be repaired, to stand one half the cost that this charge be distributed over the entire city, as it is not the abutters in most instances that profit through the repaired streets, but the whole traveling public is benefited and therefore they should bear their share of the improvements.

NEWS FROM ABROAD

By F. E. Buckland.

American Consulate,
Hamburg, Germany.

After what Mrs. Buckland and your correspondent have experienced since the first of August, we are more than ever prepared to indorse that truism of General Sherman, "That war is hell." We are not only bottled up in Hamburg, but we have been arrested on the streets as spies and have been made temporary prisoners of war on a British cargo boat on which we were attempting to escape to England.

We left Stockholm on Sunday morning, July 26, on board the Swedish steamer "Gauthoid," and after a very stormy voyage of two days and nights arrived in the harbor of Lubeck, never dreaming that we were to be practically marooned in Germany for an indefinite time. After looking over the quaint old town of Lubeck we came over to Hamburg and were greatly enjoying ourselves in seeing the sights of the second largest metropolis of the German Empire, awaiting the sailing of the "Victoria Louise" on August 2 for Iceland, Spitzbergen and the North Cape.

When we returned to our hotel Friday evening, July 31, we learned that the "Imperator," which was scheduled to sail during the day, had been withdrawn, notwithstanding some eight hundred steerage passengers had gone aboard the evening before and all the heavy luggage of the cabin passengers had also been placed in the hold.

Fearing that if the sailing of the "Imperator" had been cancelled, the sailing of the "Victoria Louise" might also be cancelled, we hurried around to the office of the Hamburg-American Line and soon learned that our fears were confirmed. We were told that our passage money would be returned the next day, if we needed it, but the company preferred that we cash our tickets in New York. The next day we went to the office of the North German Lloyd and there learned that the steamer we had secured passage home on had also been withdrawn and that our passage money would be returned in New York.

When Germany sent her ultimatum to Russia the possibility of war with not only Russia but France and England as well increased every hour, "extras" were being issued several times a day, and the excitement on the streets kept growing at a rapid rate. Indeed, things moved fast for a few days, but even then we never thought we would not be permitted to leave Germany.

By Saturday evening, August 1, Americans were becoming desperate and making frantic efforts to leave for Holland or Belgium, hoping to find an opportunity of crossing the channel to England. A party of Americans left the hotel at midnight, bound for the Hook of Holland, but we have never heard what became of them, although I did meet an American lady who went on the same train as far as the Dutch frontier and then got on the wrong train and next found herself in Berlin, but minus her trunk. The trains were so crowded that it was almost impossible to get aboard, and a seat was simply out of the question. As an illustration of the crowded condition of the trains and the lack of regular schedules, a gentleman told me he was thirty hours in coming from Berlin to Hamburg, when it usually takes but about four hours. Another gentleman came up from Meyance in twenty hours when the usual time is seven, and he stood during the entire trip and had nothing to eat.

Germany's ultimatum to Russia, quickly followed by the mobilization of the German army, practically tied up all passenger trains and our last hope for getting home vanished. Following in the footsteps of other Americans (and there are seven or eight hundred of them in Hamburg) we wended our way to the American Consulate and requested an interview with Consul General Morgan, who gave us a warm and sympathetic reception, and advised us that as we were in no danger whatever and that Hamburg was as safe as any place in Europe, the best thing to do was to quietly wait until the mobilization was over, when the trains would, perhaps, be running on scheduled time again.

On Monday evening the Consul told us the "City of Bradford," an English cargo boat, with accommodations for about fifty passengers, would leave for Grimbsy, England, the next day, and that it might be wise to secure passage on it, if possible, for if we got over into England our opportunity of securing passage to America would be increased. The next morning we went to the office of the line and secured transportation and soon after lunch drove to the dock and found no less than three hundred and fifty passengers on board, about equally divided between English and Americans. The steamer was scheduled to sail at two o'clock, but this was changed to four o'clock. In the meantime I managed to secure a berth for Mrs. Buckland in a stateroom with three English ladies, and for myself secured an old sack of hay down in the steerage.

When four o'clock came a notice was hung up that a tank steamer had struck a mine down the Elbe, near Cuxhaven, and that we would not sail until the next morning, or until the channel had been cleared.

As no meals could be obtained on board until the ship sailed, we went ashore to secure dinner. While walking along the streets, looking for a restaurant, a man stepped up to me and said something I could not understand. Thinking he was intoxicated I pushed him aside and remarked that I did not want anything to do with him. In an excited manner he rushed up to a policeman, pointed his finger at us and accused us of being spies. The policeman came up and requested to see my papers. Fortunately the policeman could speak English, and I immediately gave him my passport, and told him we were looking for a restaurant. After reading my title clear he returned the passport, dispersed a crowd of about five hundred who had gathered around us, and politely permitted us to return to the ship, which we lost no time in doing, and made our dinner out of some biscuits we had brought on board with us, and the next morning we breakfasted on the same food, for nothing else could be obtained. We sat up in the dining room until near midnight, when we learned that England had declared war against Germany, and then indeed our hopes of reaching England fell far below par. We then turned in, but for myself not to sleep, for about one hundred men down in that hole were snoring in different tunes, while others had the nightmare. At four o'clock in the morning, just as I was falling into a peaceful sleep, some one came down and said we were all prisoners of war, and added the cheerful information that at 6 o'clock we would all be led out and shot. The news caused every one to crawl up out of the steerage, and when we got on deck we learned that we would not be allowed to leave the ship. All during the morning rumors kept passing about that we would start down the river at different hours, but at two o'clock in the afternoon we learned officially that the authorities would let no ships leave the harbor, and especially English ships. We quickly secured our luggage, passed through the custom house, secured a cab and returned to the hotel, after which we went over to the Consulate and reported to Consul General Morgan our efforts to escape from Germany.

Learning that the consular interests of England and France had been unloaded on the shoulders of Mr. Morgan and his limited staff, whose burden of difficulties was already a heavy one, I tendered my services to the Consul, who gladly accepted them and asked me to report at the Consulate at 9 o'clock the next morning, and since then I have put in from six to eight hours in typewriting and making myself useful in every way I could.

(To be continued next week.)

Note: For the next few issues we will print a letter story of the conditions as seen by our special correspondent Mr. F. E. Buckland, on his recent trip to Europe. This is interesting reading and comes from one who was at the seat of war, and we trust our readers will avail themselves of reading this first hand information.

ASKS LOWER SCALE.

Denver, Col.—The News, Times, and Post, through the general manager of the two former papers, has notified the Typographical Union that it proposes asking for a reduction in the scale. It is not considered that there is any expectancy on the part of the managers of these newspapers that they will secure a reduction, owing to the fact that living conditions rather favor an increase than a reduction. The newspaper field in this city has been undergoing a change during the last year, one morning paper having been purchased by the News-Times combination, the Republican, and its publication ceased. The Scrips-McRay Evening Paper has not joined the other papers in a request for reduction. The situation is not considered serious.

WILL ACT TOGETHER.

St. Louis, Mo.—Theatrical stage employes and musicians have joined hands and their unions will henceforth act together in matters of common interest. An effort will be made to interest the moving picture operators, that some of the conditions in St. Louis amusement places may be remedied.

CARPENTERS WIN.

San Antonio, Tex.—Carpenters in this city have been successful in their demands for a union shop and a minimum wage scale of $3.60 a day, which were established without trouble. Officials of the union appeared before the city council and asked that the new wage rate be granted on all municipal work. This was agreed to.

HAVE ALL BUT ONE.

Decatur, Ill.—The Empress theater is the only amusement house in this city that refuses to sign the agreement of the Moving Picture Operators' union.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA — Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT — Phone North 192

Fussell's Ice Cream

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

W. B. Moses & Sons

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

SPECIAL RATES TO UNION MEN — QUICK SERVICE

Crystal Cafe & Lunch Room

LOUIS DuBOIS, Proprietor

N. Y. Prime Rib Roast — Chicken Dinners Thur. & Sun.

SPECIAL BREAKFAST 25 Cents

No. 6 MASS. AVE. N. W. — Opposite the New City Post Office.

When Purchasing Bread

Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG

Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Best Kitchen Wares

----And Other
----Household Needs

Visit our departments of Housefurnishings, China, and Glassware. The assortments in the various lines are most complete.

All the best known makes of household wares, both imported and domestic, are included.

Decorated Dinnerware.
Decorated Toiletware.
Glassware of every Description.
Lamps and Electroliers.
Refrigerators.
Agate Nickel-Steel Utensils
Vollrath Enameled Utensils.
All-White Enameled Utensils.
Aluminum Kitchen Utensils.
High-Class Kitchen Cutlery.
Complete Laundry Equipments.
Coffee-Making Devices.
Imported Molds and Cutters.
Bathroom Fixtures.
Antirust Tinware.
Russian Iron and Steel Roasting Pans.
Labor-Saving Devices for Cooking, Housecleaning, &c.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"

WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

THE DRILLERY

1100 New York Ave. N. W.

Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.

Open All the Year.
Session Daily 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Summer Rates.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY

Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.

Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

OFFICE PHONE MAIN 5132 — NIGHT PHONE LINCOLN 1544

W. D. BRISCOE
IRON WORKS

Panorama Bldg. 15th & Ohio Ave. N. W.

Entrance 1424-26-28 C St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English

Civil Service Preparation

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

William I. Seltzer, until a few weeks ago foreman of the Washington Post composing room, was recently the recipient of a handsome testimonial from his former chapel mates there, in the shape of a beautiful diamond-set watch charm, the gift being presented to him at his home in Orange, N. J., by Mr. Joseph D. Mann as the representative of the chapel, along with the following appropriate letter signed by the numerous donors:

"Appreciative of the uniform fairness and ability with which your administration of affairs as foreman of the Washington Post composing room was characterized, your many friends in that chapel desire to express their sincere regret at your departure and wish for you the very best success in your new field of activity.

"As a further evidence of our high regard for you personally, we herewith present you with a small token that we trust may prove not only ornamental, but a real 'charm' as you continue your journey through life."

Mr. Seltzer is now with the Keystone Type Foundry, being their sales agent for the city of New York.

• • • •

H. W. Dennett, who represented Los Angeles Union at the recent Providence convention of the International, and who stopped over in this city long enough to make a most pleasant impression on Washington printers, was a witness before the United States Commission on Industrial Relations at its session in Los Angeles on September 15, and his statement as to the aims, work, and necessity of the trades union movement in general and the printers' organization in particular was a classic. It covered the whole subject in a masterly way and left no ground for doubt in an open and honest mind as to the wisdom and right of the union idea. Los Angeles ought to be proud of its representative.

• • • •

Frank E. Buckland, Washington's well-known printer-traveler, was on a tour of Europe when the present great struggle commenced, and happened to be in Hamburg the day on which the Kaiser's Government declared war. For five weeks Mr. Buckland and his wife, along with hundreds of other travelers, were detained in Germany, but at the end of that time he had no serious difficulty in proceeding to Rotterdam, where he took the steamship Principello, landing in New York on September 22. During his forced stay in Hamburg Mr. Buckland made himself very useful to the American consul, working in that official's office every day of his five weeks' stay there and arriving here with about $15,000 in checks from the consul for the State Department, which were turned over the day after his arrival home. Mr. Buckland's leave of absence of three months expired on September 22, and on the morning of the 23d he was at his desk in the accounting division of the Government Printing Office—a record which, considering the troubled state of the countries through which he traveled and his detention in Hamburg, was a remarkable one. However, Frank has been completely around the world once and has made innumerable trips to nearly all the countries of Europe and many in Asia and Africa, and is well versed in all the ways of getting along among strange peoples and places. His recent wanderings in the Old World included parts of Denmark, Sweden, Finland, and Russia. His letters to this paper gave much entertaining reading about the interesting points in the lands visited.

• • • •

Eugene Andrew, of the Government Printing Office, is a mighty good-natured man, and it is well that he is; otherwise he would develop a grouch about the way people print—or, rather, misprint—his name. Every now and then some one tries to print it, but it nearly always turns up as "Andrews." I do not believe 'Gene will ever shed any one's blood about it, but it seems to me he would have considerable justification if he did. The error brings back an amusing incident of my boyhood of the same kind, which had a peculiar ending. I knew a merchant whose name was I. I. Thomas. Almost every time that man's name went into the local papers—and it was quite often, for he was a prominent citizen and a liberal advertiser—it stood all kinds of chances of being printed "J. J." Thomas, and it generally was. Even the job work used in his establishment often got "J. J." instead of "I. I." Thomas was a mild man, of rare good nature, and a member of church, but the thing finally got on his nerves, and he surrendered. After reading his name as "J. J." Thomas on the title page of a weighty religious pamphlet which he had written, and of which he was rather proud, the good man—went to the State legislature and had his name changed to *J. J.* Thomas! I do not advise 'Gene to change his name, but if he would dynamite a few compositors and torpedo a brace or so of proof readers it might bring relief.

W. N. Brockwell.

Don't fail to read the The Trades Unionist every week, devoted to the interests of the working people.

THE LYNCH TESTIMONIAL

The Inland Printer, the leading trade publication of the printing industry, has the following editorial in its September issue:

"In giving James M. Lynch a check for $10,000 in appreciation of his services as an official for fifteen years, the International Typographical Union gave another evidence of its progressiveness. The money has been earned and the occasion and manner of payment were appropriate. While work such as Mr. Lynch has been doing is never well done without sacrifice, yet, judged by commercial standards, it would be niggardly or beggarly for a millionaire organization to bid good-by to a satisfactory and eminent executive without substantial recognition, if that is needed. That Mr. Lynch has served his people well no one denies. Differences of opinion as to his methods are as inevitable as that he made mistakes. The compositors have benefited many times ten thousand dollars each year as a result of Mr. Lynch's ability and activity. Others might have done as well, it is true, but he had the opportunity and embraced it. To look at the donation as the equivalent of ten years' compensation of the average compositor is the jaundiced view. Mr. Lynch worked, and worked well, for the many, and the many should pay their mite cheerfully, for the laborer is worthy of his hire. We congratulate Mr. Lynch, and we congratulate the Union, too, on this new token of its breadth and greatness."

NEW LABEL FACTORY.

Rochester, N. Y.—Rochester has one more union clothing house that will attach the United Garment Workers' label to goods manufactured. General Executive Board member Altman has secured an agreement with a firm which has its main factory in this city with branches in Cleveland, Ohio; Erie, Pa.; Detroit, Mich.; Scranton, Pa., and Schenectady, N. Y.

Washington, D. C.—According to the Coal and Coke Operator and Fuel Magazine, the first discovery of coal in the United States was made by Father Hennepin, a Jesuit Missionary, who in 1679 reported the occurrence of "cole" on the banks of the Illinois River near the present city of Ottawa. The first record of coal mining in Illinois refers to the shipment of a flat boat loaded of coal mined in 1810 at a point on the big muddy river in Jackson County, Illinois.

TEAMSTERS' STRIKE THREATENS.

Philadelphia, Pa.—About 15,000 members of the Teamsters' Union are endeavoring to secure a readjustment of their conditions, together with an increase in wages. The wage agreement now in effect expires on November 1, and efforts will be continued to secure a satisfactory settlement.

NEW CARPENTERS' HALL.

East St. Louis.—Arrangements have been practically completed by the local union of Carpenters in this city to commence the construction of a building to cost $30,000. The structure is to be used partially as a labor temple, while the lower floor is to be rented for business purposes.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy, and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Angfin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire.

WILNER'S
FALL AND WINTER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

PHONE MAIN 3495

GUIFFRE'S

Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50

908 Pa. Avenue Northwest

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P. Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
W. I. STRATTON, Vice-President, 617 6 St. N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden.....425 G St. N.W.
C. S. CUNINGHAM, Conductor.....Rosslyn, Va.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....814 7th Street N. E.
W. T. Baum.....474 Eye Street S. W.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. Burdette....803 Mt. Vernon Place N. W.
L. Luebkert.....1314 Kearney Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
Allen Lithgow.....160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. Davis.....439 Second Street N. E.

ATTENTION! ORGANIZATIONS

you'll appreciate our printing because it's good printing. Our excellent facilities place us in a position to handle

Your Job Work

promptly and at reasonable prices. We can furnish you with any grade you desire of

Union Label Paper

Let us have your next order for printing and we will convince you. Estimates given.

COMMERCIAL WORK OUR SPECIALTY

The Trades Unionist Print Shop
604-606 FIFTH STREET NORTHWEST TELEPHONE MAIN 3915

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made

The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. Station K

140 IPEU

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. Opposite Hotel Raleigh

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street Northwest

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 ROSSLYN, VA.

GORDON DRY GIN 90 Cts.
at CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest.

No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

You Should Use Union Made Tobacco!

WHY? Because you get greater value for the money and a much superior quality

The following brands are guaranteed by us:

EPICURE SHREDDED PLUG - - - - - 10 CTS.
CAMPBELL'S SHAG (2½ oz. paper—2 oz. tin) - 10 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION CUT PLUG - - - - - 5 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION NEW CUT - - - - - 5 CTS.
MOOSE HEAD (Granulated Smoking; Best on earth for cigarettes) 5 CTS.
EXPANSION SUN CURED PLUG U. S. NATURAL LEAF PLUG
(THE BEST FOR CHEWING)

MANUFACTURED BY THE

United States Tobacco Co.

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

OPEN 8.00 to 6.00 P. M. SATURDAYS UNTIL 9.00 P. M.

The Emerson Shoe
HONEST ALL THROUGH

UNION-MADE $3.50 to $6.00

907 Pa. Avenue Northwest
1925 14th Street Northwest 14th and N. Y. Avenue

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 and third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 2081 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall. 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1494 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillon, 1111 Park Place, N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 133 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D. C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 12th street s. e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 You street northwest.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typo. Temple. Secretary, R. F. Dant, 20th & Bryant St. n.e., Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

WAR TALK.

By CYCLE.

[Censored.]

The nearest approach to war in this country is the opening of the football season.

The English definition of war is the same as Sherman's, only that the English drop the "h."

The United States will remain neutral, but this should not be taken to mean that we have nothing to sell.

Whenever little Servia puts one over on the Austrians, there's always some one to say that she's servin' them right.

The political forces of this country are hastily mobilizing for the war of ballots in November.

In former times there has been a prelude to all wars, but in this case the war of words was omitted.

It will never be known for a certainity what the extent of damage would be if a woman President were now in the White House.

Mr. Carnegie is quoted as saying that it would be better to continue the war to a finish, and Mr. Carnegie may be right. The steel industry is reported as "picking up."

Labor will be in demand if the people of the towns destroyed shall conclude to rebuild, and provided, further, that there are men enough left to do the work.

A little iron cross is the testimonial which the crowned heads and prospective crowns hand to the mangled and dying as a personal favor and a passport to the "great beyond." By divine right, as it were.

The latest from the seat of war, at the hour of going to press, gives advantage in position to both parties to the conflict, with neither willing to let go.

The map-makers are making the position of the contending armies so clear that our desire to be right on the firing line has been greatly lessened.

Colonel Roosevelt is still in favor of peace, but steadfastly clings to the "big stick," which is much in evidence in his war on the "bosses."

And speaking of things nearer home, it would help some if Generalissimo Villa were to shut himself up in a close room, turn the gas on and retire.

If it pleases the court, the war tax levied here will be returned in good measure, as a result of the exhausted resources by nations now at war. "Those who would dance must pay the fiddler."

In obedience to the expressed wish of President Wilson, next Sunday, (October 4th), will be observed as a day of prayer in all the churches, for the restoration of peace on earth and a perfect brotherhood among people everywhere. The object of this day thus set apart should be marked by a large attendance of those who would manifest their interest and sympathy in a movement so wisely and humanely suggested.

ASSIGNMENT OF WAGES.

Washington, D. C.—A statute enacted by the legislature of Indiana in 1909 provides, among other things, that "no assignment of his wages or salary by a married man who shall be the head of the family residing in this state shall be valid or enforceable without the consent of his wife, evidenced by her signature to said assignment, executed and acknowledged before a notary public, or other officer empowered to take acknowledgments of conveyances." This provision has been held constitutional by the Supreme Court of Indiana.

MAYOR RECOMMENDS INCREASE.

Cambridge, Mass.—Mayor Good, of this city, sent a cheering message to the employes of the Public Service on Labor Day, when he announced his intention of recommending that the salaries of the handworkers in all city departments after October 1 be raised to $2.50 per day. It is expected that the City Council will concur in the recommendations of the Mayor and grant the increase.

INSIST ON UNIFORM WAGE.

Phoenix, Ariz.—In a circular to the public urging support for their movement to establish a uniform wage, the Cooks' and Waiters' union of this city asks:

"Does any fair-minded man or woman in Phoenix consider that $2 per day is too much money to pay a woman to work in any restaurant or eating house, when they have to wear white dresses while on duty, and keep them laundered?"

UPHOLSTERERS RAISE WAGES.

The local union of Upholsterers of this city recently submitted a new scale of wages to their employers, calling for an increase of fifty cents a day. The new scale has been agreed to by every concern with the exception of one, and the union does not anticipate any trouble in getting this one in line. This makes their scale $4.00 for an eight hour day.

RE-ELECTED VICE PRESIDENT

At the convention just ended of the International Association of Engineers, Milton Snellings of this city was re-elected 1st vice president. He was in this city during the past week looking after matters in connection with his International.

OFF TO CONVENTION.

Joe Handlos, delegate to the Barbers International Union convention to be held in Indianapolis, Ind., leaves for that city Sunday night. Joe will have the convention indorse the bill for the Sunday closing of Barber Shops in this city.

Phone Connection

The Gratz Hotel, formerly the Majestic, is under entire new management. It is thoroughly renovated. Entire satisfaction guaranteed.
Would be pleased to meet my brother union men.

L. GRATZ, Proprietor.

470 Pa. Ave. N. W. Washington, D. C.

H. M. MARKS, Prop. Phone Main 5562

THEATRICAL HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL MARKS
AMERICAN PLAN

10th & E Sts. Running Hot & Cold water in All Rooms

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
I.A.T.S.E.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Gayety, 9th St. bet. E & F Sts. N. W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & P St.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meader's, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Regent, - - - 18th & V Sts. N. W.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Lafayette - - - - 1307 E St. N. W.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.

IF YOU

Are particular about what you buy in drugs and drug store goods we would like to have YOU call at our store. It's particular customers who help us make a reputation. Our prescription business is our pride. We've worked hard to build it up. We give it our increasing care. Our motto is accuracy and purity.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

P. B. Suits
for Fall and Winter in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25
Parker, Bridget & Co.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS
"The Avenue at Ninth"

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

TERMINAL BAR

STRICTLY UNION

No. 44 G STREET N. E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up

HOTEL STERLING
13th and E Streets

Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

OUR MOTTO
"Live and Let Live"
THE TRADES UNIONIST
604 5th Street Northwest

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth Street Southeast
Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

CORBY BROS.
100 per cent Pure
Bread
fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents
Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find
THE NORRIS HOUSE
OPEN AT 4 A. M.
DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor
Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

DRINK! BOTTLED
Coca-Cola
Office: 321 L Street S. W.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

ALLEN'S BUFFET
PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chromic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty
420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS. 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings, Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U. — READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 15 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

ARE AT IT ONCE AGAIN

Minneapolis.—The Kimball-Storer Company has locked out its union pressmen and assistants because each pressman refused to tend two presses. This was one of the companies that made a terrific fight against the Typographical Union in the fall of 1905 at the opening of the general eight-hour fight made by the International Typographical Union. After fighting the printers for a long time the firm capitulated. Since then it has been recuperating from its former fight. It seems, however, that the Kimball-Storer Company has a penchant to fight union labor and it has renewed its hostilities, this time by locking out its pressmen. Unfortunately for the Company, however, practically all its first batch of strike breakers left the shop in a body, probably because when they were first employed they were quartered at the West Hotel, the largest, most prominent and expensive hotel in the city, but after a few days the Company transferred their strike breakers to one of the cheapest hotels in the city and this, no doubt, had a strong influence in the strike breakers deciding to quit their jobs.

A SPLENDID PROGRESS.

Detroit.—At the recent meeting of the Executive Board of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes a report of the progress of the organization from February 1 to July 31, this year, was submitted. It was shown that during that time 210 death benefits were paid, the total amounting to $97,550. The Association pays a benefit ranging from $100 to $800. Disability benefits were also paid, bringing the total for the death and disability claims up to $101,550. The reports also show that the association now has 212 agreements with as many corporations. The most gratifying feature of the reports made by the officers was the one in which it was shown that only $13,735 had paid out in strike and lockout benefits during the six months covered by the report, and that during the same time over 8,000 new members had been enrolled. Out of the eleven controversies which resulted in strikes and lockouts during the period under consideration only one has been lost. In contrast to the contests with the employers is the fact that a large number of controversies were settled by arbitration.

GOOD ADVICE TO EVERY ONE.

Philadelphia.—"One big, definite piece of constructive work will go further in removing race prejudice and giving us a higher standard before the world than all the defending and explaining and 'getting back' can possibly accomplish," said Booker T. Washington in a speech to negroes in this city.

Negroes from all sections of the country, who are attending a religious convention, were urged to adopt a constructive policy and get away from the "defensive, the negative, the more critical side of life." He urged them to make the homes they live in attractive and to lay emphasis on the members of the negro race who own land and are successful, rather than talk of opportunities denied them.

START ORGANIZING CAMPAIGN.

Boston.—The freight handlers have started an organizing campaign to extend throughout New England. It has been decided, after investigation, that this is an opportune time to pursue an active organizing campaign, and every effort will be put forth to enroll a large membership.

EDITOR DIES.

Washington.—Information reached headquarters on September 25 that M. L. L. Shrope, editor of the Eastern Journal, had died at his home at Easton, Pa., on September 24. Mr. Shrope was one of the old time labor paper editors and his loss will be materially felt in the community in which he lived.

A VALUABLE PUBLICATION

Washington.—The Bureau of Labor Statistics has just published in its bulletin, No. 148, a compilation of the labor laws of the United States with brief notes on court decisions. A large number of the laws relate to the regulation and inspection of factories and mines. Another important subject is that of the regulation of the conditions of employment of women, closely connected with which is the emplyment of children. The bulletin shows minimum wage laws in nine states, California, Colorado, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nebraska, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wisconsin, besides the provision of the Ohio constitution which authorizes such a law, though none has been enacted. There are also twenty-one laws providing for the support of mothers of dependent children. It is also noted that legislation has been had effecting the railroads by the passage of train crew laws, hours of service laws, laws regulating shelter for workmen and regulating the height of bridges over tracks and numerous laws requiring safety appliances. The resume of decisions are brief and are confined largely to the decisions of the supreme courts of the states and of the United States.

BREWERS CLOSE MEETING.

Baltimore.—The convention of the United Brewery Workers which was in session here for two weeks has adjourned. The convention created an additional recording secretary and selected Houston, Tex., as the next convention city. The following nominations for officers, which are to be elected in November by the referendum, were made: Secretary Treasurer, A. Huebner and A. Nebel, New York; corresponding secretary, Louis Kemper; financial secretary, Joseph Proebstle; recording secretary, Joseph Oberfeld, Indianapolis, Ind., and Peter Boilenbacher, Pittsburgh, Pa.; international organizer, A. J. Kugler; editor, Gustav Mostler and Adolph Elsner, Rochester, N. Y. E. F. Ward, Louis Kemper and John Sullivan were elected delegates to the next convention of the American Federation of Labor. The convention donated $1,000 to the Textile Workers for use in their strike in Atlanta, Ga., and $50 was donated to the Women's Trade Union Label League.

FAVORS SAFETY CAMPAIGN.

Boston.—The legislative committee of the State Federation of Labor, together with other unionists, held a conference with the State Industrial Accident Board on details connected with the workmen's compensation law and amendments which will probably be urged next year by the unionists. The campaign for safety in this state was also discussed. It is believed that the next convention of the State Federation will favor energetic co-operation with the state board, as it is agreed that if the number of accidents can be cut down the benefits of the compensation act may be greatly extended without increasing the cost.

PRESSMEN WIN OUT.

Davenport, Iowa.—The firm of Reid-Mohr & Kloppenburg, printers and binders of this city, have signed an agreement with the Printing Pressmen's Union. For three years this firm has been employing non-union pressmen, but the pressmen's union has been carrying on an effective campaign during this time with the result as chronicled.

COURT CASES REDUCED.

Buffalo.—Effect of the new workman's compensation law will be felt to an unusual degree in the term of the Superior court, which has just opened, for the court calendar shows that the number of negligence actions filed has been decreased fully 20 per cent over the number of a year ago.

QUESTION OF MERGING

Denver.—The question of merging the Western Federation of Miners with the United Mine Workers of America will be taken up by committees representing each of these organizations at Butte, Mont., on October 7. For more than a year this subject has been under consideration, and at the last conventions of the two organizations, committees were selected to confer as to details. The United Mine Workers will be represented by Adam Wilkinson, of Montana, Robert Harlan, of Washington, and Frank Farrington, of Illinois, each a member of the International Executive Board. The committee from the Western Federation of Miners comprises D. W. Selfridge, J. W. Rankin and Jos. Gorman. There seems to be a feeling at present that this conference will have a good effect on the present chaotic conditions existing in Butte among the metalliferous miners, where a split has occurred which has seriously affected the efficiency, not only of the Butte miners' union, but of the entire Western Federation of Miners.

WHY LABOR WILL WIN.

San Francisco.—Says the Bulletin of this city, editorially:

"Labor will win, as it has been winning, with innumerable setbacks, all through history, because it comprises the most numerous portion of the human race, and because it is fundamentally right and its opponents are fundamentally wrong. The only conceivable way in which there can be a permanent advance in civilization is by improvements in the condition of labor—greater rewards, shorter hours, better education, and, in general, a healthier, happier life. There is no profit for the world in the invention of machinery and the perfection of world organization unless the most numerous portion of the population derives profit from it. The so-called 'upper classes' have always been well enough off, materially, else they would not have been 'upper.' The only way we can measure progress at all is by the advance of the workers."

ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

Winnipeg.—The controversy which has been on for a number of years between the two factions of the Electrical Workers seems to be drawing to a close in this section of the country. The seceding organization has held a number of Canadian locals since the controversy began, but with over 90 per cent of the seceding faction now back and in affiliation with the regular and recognized organization the Canadian locals are seriously considering a return to the regular organization; in fact, a referendum vote is now being taken by all of the Canadian locals, with the end in view of returning to the recognized organization in a body.

LABOR IN AUSTRALIA.

Washington.—The political contest in Australia has returned the Labor Party as a victor. According to the information received the Labor Party will have forty-one members in the House of Representatives and thirty-two in the Senate. The fusion party will have thirty-three in the House and four in the Senate, thus giving the Labor Party a gain of four seats in the House and three in the Senate. It is stated that Andrew Fischer will again be named as Prime Minister. The election occurred as a result of an issue being raised on account of the government giving preference to union labor.

SERIES OF CONFERENCES.

Washington, D. C.—President Gompers left this city September 17 for the purpose of holding conferences in Cleveland and Chicago. After the Chicago conference he proceeded to Indianapolis, where he addressed the Carpenters' annual convention on Wednesday, September 23.

PICTURE OPERATORS 224

Brother F. W. Swett, of Chicago, agent for the Nicholas Power Co., lectured to a full house in the Moving Picture Operators' Hall at the Gayety Theater on Thursday, Oct. 1. He demonstrated his new motor drive machine and also took up other phases of the art of motion picture projection.

Through the courtesy of Mr. Swett, Mr. Robin, of the Precision Machine Co. of New York, was permitted to show his new lamp, and the two lectures brought out some new and interesting points on projection.

The lecture was well advertised and the attendance was one of the largest ever seen in our hall.

It was a source of much pleasure that there were a number of men who do not belong to the organization who were enough interested in the progress of projection to be present and show their interest and speaks well for the future of the business.

As one of the speakers said, "In a new business like ours a man *must* study and try to learn or he will wake up some fine morning and find himself at the tail end of the line."

It is phenomenal the advance that has been made in the moving picture business in the last few years, in not only the widening of its field, but in the betterment of the mechanical element in the show. The organization, too, has done wonders in its own field, and we must not forget to thank the other organizations in Washington for their moral support which has enabled us to advance ourselves to this extent.

We have signed up a number of theaters in the last few weeks, the latest of which is the Scenic of Georgetown.

HEALTH WORK IN SCHOOLS.

Washington.—While progress is being made in organizing health work in city schools in all parts of the country, most rural communities have neglected this phase of the educational problem, says Dr. Clark, of the Public Health Service, in his report to Surgeon Gen. Blue on rural school hygiene. The health official says.

"A surprising number of physical defects are revealed by medical inspection in the schools. The figures for American school children are proportionately about the same as those for the school children of England which were summarized by J. A. Pease in a speech in the house of commons, as follows:

"'Impaired eyesight, 10 per cent; impaired hearing, 5 per cent; ear disease, 3 per cent; adenoids, 5 per cent; serious decay of teeth, 50 per cent; tuberculosis, 2 per cent; heart disease, 2 per cent; malnutrition, 10 per cent; mentally defective, 1 per cent; backward children, 12.5 per cent; abnormally gifted children, 3 per cent.'

"The important point needing emphasis is that many of these defects, developmental and acquired, may be corrected in the early years of life, and to neglect them results in serious impairment of the health, growth, and efficiency of the child."

MACHINE PRINTERS.

Washington.—In a letter from Patrick E. Lyons, secretary of the International Association of Machine Print and Color Mixers of the United States, a large list of union manufacturers of wall paper was inclosed, together with a very small number of nonunion concerns. This organization has strikes on against the Chicago Wall Paper Company, of Steubenville, Ohio, the Wallace Wall Paper Company, of Cortland, N. Y.; the Vaughan Wall Paper Company, of Philadelphia, Pa., and the Thomas, Jakey & Co., at Neward, Del.

SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT.

Pittsburgh, Kans.—The strike of the Street Railway employes on the local lines is nearing a settlement. A conference between the company and the men has been held and other conferences are scheduled.

A MUNICIPAL PROGRAM

New York.—A municipal program for American cities has been drafted by a committee of the National Municipal league, which will discuss same at the league's convention, in Baltimore, November 18. These measures were considered:

A constitutional amendment to give cities adequate powers to run their own affairs;

A model municipal corporation act to organize cities where there is no municipal home rule; and,

A model charter to be adopted by cities having the right to frame their own framework of government.

The constitutional amendment provides for granting of the cities the largest possible powers of local self-government, so that their dependence on the whim of legislatures will become a thing of the past.

The committee recognizes that for certain things there must be a state policy and a state administrative control, notably in such matters as education, health and sanitations. On the other hand the city should be free to determine a larger number of matters than is now the case.

THE OLD SCHEME.

Cincinnati.—The Cincinnati Employers' Association through its organizers are making an effort to organize the Independent Order of Traction Men of Cincinnati. This means that the Company is endeavoring to organize one of those "model" unions which devotes its energy to looking after the interests of the employer to the exclusion of the workmen. Of course, the further object is to destroy, if possible, the regular organization of street car men. A controversy is now on between the traction company and the city authorities over the reduction of the number of cars operated on various city lines, the company claiming a decrease in patronage, while the opposition claims that the receipts of the company do not bear out that statement. However, the company assumes at least that this is a favorable opportunity to follow in the footsteps of other corporations who believe that workingmen have no rights which a street car company is bound to respect.

HATTERS TRIUMPHANT.

Philadelphia.—The union men of this city are jubilant over the announcement of W. B. Staid Company, manufacturers of felt hats, that they would hereafter operate their plant on the union shop basis. The firm has been operating on the open shop basis and many demands to unionize the shop failed, but the union did not let up in its fight, and as a result of persistence the firm has now entered into an agreement with the hatters' organization and is employing union men throughout. The indications are that the business of the company will be largely increased in the future, and consequently more hatters employed.

SHALL PEOPLE RULE?

Des Moines, Iowa.—At the coming election the people of this state will be given an opportunity to pass upon an amendment to the constitution providing for the initiative and referendum. The referendum proposed extends to the reference of laws passed by the General Assembly to a vote of the people, to amendments to the constitution and giving the power also to the people to initiative new legislation. It reserves to the people the right and power to approve or reject any item, section or part of any act enacted by the General Assembly.

BOOM IN WOOLENS.

Washington.—Reports coming from different sections of the country where woolen mills are located are to the effect that there has been a sudden demand for woolens and that the mills are opening up, with the prospect of a busy season ahead.

QUITE CONCISE AND TRUE

Washington.—"The labor question is as broad as humanity itself," said William B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor, in an address at Holyoke, Mass., recently. "If you define it as 'any mental activity not engaged in solely for pleasure,' then you know that the labor question reaches out to the very ramifications of the world. Labor goes far beyond those three important considerations of raising wages, shortening hours and improving sanitary conditions. That is only a small part of its activity."

A feature of the speech was the Secretary's answer to a question asked by a man in the large audience, who wanted to know if it was right that man should be compelled to join unions, and was not such treatment a violation of the Constitution of the United States?

"I do not believe that any man should be compelled to join a labor union," instantly replied Secretary Wilson, "but I think that he is morally obligated to for these reasons: First, as a result of the activity of the various unions in this and other states we have secured different laws on the statute books relative to sanitation and safety; second, through the activity of labor organizations laws relative to the protection of women and children have been secured; third, through the efforts of labor unions there have been laws made for the better education of children; fourth, the hours of labor have been reduced, affording improvements for the unorganized as well as the organized laborers; fifth, wages as well have been increased; sixth, working conditions have been improver; seventh, the housing conditions and the sanitary systems of cities have been made more enjoyable.

"It is for these reasons that I believe that a man who works at a trade and accepts and enjoys the conditions that organized labor has brought about is morally obligated to join the labor organizations to lend his zeal, his interest and his financial help to the movement that gave him those conditions."

SYMPATHY FROM NORTH DAKOTA.

Washington.—During the discussion in the United States Senate recently on the Alaskan coal land leasing bill, Senator Martine, of New Jersey, introduced the following amendment:

"No leesees of any coal or other lands in Alaska shall employ, hire, or permit on their premises or lands so leased armed bodies of men, commonly known as mine guards, under penalty of $5,000 and two years imprisonment in jail."

Immediately Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, moved to amend by adding after the words "mine guards" the following: "or to defend their property in any manner whatsoever." The amendment of the Senator from North Dakota was obvious, in that he desired to make the amendment by Senator Martine ridiculous. Singular as it may seem, however, the Senate agreed to the amendment by Senator McCumber and then rejected the amendment by Senator Martine, as amended by Senator McCumber. Verily the ways of the Senators are oftentimes droll.

SAYS AMERICA LEADS.

Washington.—In a bulletin on labor laws (No. 142), issued by the Department of Labor, is found the following reference to American and European systems:

"Little progress in scientific standardization of safety and sanitation has been made in Europe and labor laws in many instances fail to give exact standards for the guidance of inspectors and for the use of manufacturers and employes. Inspection to detect violations of law is still the method used by most inspectors and most European inspection departments are far behind the more progressive departments in the United States in the matter of keeping records of inspections, violations, etc."

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 9, 1914.

Prove yourself capable—Success is yours.

When in doubt as to where to secure union-made goods—consult the columns of this paper.

Religion and finance are said to be disturbing China. Either one alone would be sufficient to stir up quite a disturbance.

UNION MAN FOR CONGRESS.

Another union man has been nominated for Congress. Mr. Peter W. Collins, former secretary of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, who resigned that position three years ago, has been nominated for Congress on the Democratic ticket in the Ninth Massachusetts Congressional district. The present member from that district is E. W. Roberts, Republican. From present indications it looks as if there will be material additions to the labor group in the Sixty-fourth Congress.

THE THING THE MASTERS FEAR.

The one thing above all else that the employers dread is the idea that you should attempt to organize your own armies, electing your own commanders, and leave them, your self-appointed commanders, out in the cold with no one to command except the gunmen. That's the trick that will put the crimp in all their schemes of empire. They are wise. They know the power of organization better than you do. But you are learning. That's your hope. Indeed it is the hope of civilization.

STRIVE FOR HIGH WAGES.

There are but few persons who are utterly unworthy as to be contemptuous of the ways and means of increasing their value. It is quite simple. Be the man for the task, and the task will seek you and the price that goes with it will be yours.

In every profession there are few men who ever attain a high standard through sudden inspiration or an occasional performance, but day after day under the strain of protracted effort, this puts them in a position to command more, which they are justly entitled too.

The inferior material in the cheap man eventually causes him to go to pieces, where the stronger man endures and holds his peace and completes the work.

The pre-eminent in any calling are looked upon with envy by the lesser men. They are unwilling to recognize the long slow travail of the route another took to reach his higher plane.

What he does looks easy because the schooling was infinitely ardous. Most men who can "do things other people don't do" have risen by labor, not by luck.

BLAMES WOMEN FOR BLOODSHED.

On last Saturday evening, before the Home Club of this city, "Mother" Jones told pathetic tales of the suffering among the little children who are compelled to work in the mines and factories, denied their right to an education, and their parents suppressed to the breaking point.

"Mother" Jones is well-known as an ardent fighter for the laboring man, and a veteran fighter of many strike battles, who blamed the women of this country for allowing such conditions to exist. Stating that women should spend more time studying economic conditions instead of spending most of their time at the matinees.

Women, and women only, can prevent bloodshed, such as was spilled in the fights in the mining districts. They are responsible for it, and they only can prevent it. During her recital of the conditions that existed in the mining centers, she delivered a vigorous attack on the Rockefellers.

Relief and success is ours, now that this country is passing through a crisis such as the world has never known before, but facing the rising sun of a new civilization.

AMERICA PRAYS FOR PEACE.

"Peace" was the theme of almost every place of worship in this city on Sunday, October 4th, in accordance with the wishes of President Wilson.

The services were expressive of the ardent hope that peace would be restored to the lands now rent by warfare. Owing to the fact that practical efforts for the ending of the war through American mediation have utterly failed, because of the attitude taken by the leading powers, arguing that the time has not come for a discussion of peace terms.

The prayers of the American people thus voiced, should send a forcible expression of the sentiments of the nation's abhorrence of war, and the hope that good judgement and the higher principles of humanity supervene so as to check this monster devastation now in progress.

This country has no thought of partisanship in its endeavor to restore peace, there is no judgement as to the responsibility of the struggle. We are praying for peace irrespective of causes and conditions, as war is cruel, wasteful and provocative of hatreds and crushing bitterness.

It cannot fail to bear upon the nations whom are suffering for the lack of judgement of differences in the court of reason.

NEWS FROM ABROAD

By F. E. Buckland.

On Friday, Aug. 7, a letter from the Ambassador at Berlin came to Consul Morgan, informing him that the Cruiser "Tennessee," with twenty-four naval officers under the personal supervision of Assistant Secretary of War Breckenridge, had sailed from New York that day to make arrangements for repatriating American citizens. A staff of typewriters was immediately put to work by the Consul, making copies of a circular letter, both in English and German, and posted at the entrance of the Consulate and in the hotel lobbies, and copies were also sent to American citizens throughout the empire who wrote for information as to the prospects for securing passage to America. There was great rejoicing among the Hamburg colony of Americans when this notice was posted, and we feel quite sure that during the next two or three months those that wish to return home will be able to do so.

This circular informed American citizens that applications for transportation home must be filed under three separate headings, as follows:

I. Mothers or families with young children.
II. Unaccompanied women.
III. All other persons, whether married or single.

The circular letter adds, however:

"That under the pressure of an unprecedented number of applications for passports at the beginning of the war and in the belief that the immediate issuance of passports would enable the bearers to leave Germany, a somewhat lenient policy was adopted and passports were issued in certain cases to persons whose claims to American citizenship were not fully substantiated. It must, therefore, be distinctly understood that the possession of an American passport will not in itself necessarily entitle the bearer to transportation to the United States by one of the ships to be sent over by the government. Of persons in good standing as American citizens precedence will be given to mothers with families with young children."

Since the issuing of the above circular the staff of the Consulate has been busy receiving these applications and giving cards of identification to the applicants.

From the day that the order was issued for the mobilization of the Germany army soldiers of all arms have been passing through the streets of Hamburg, or on troop trains, bound for the French, Belgian and Russian frontiers, but up to this time most of the skirmishing has occurred in the west. These troop trains are made up of box cars for the soldiers and regular passenger coaches for the officers.

From the windows of the American Consulate these troop trains can be seen as they pass through the city, and during one day during the first week of the mobilization no less than fifty-two of these crowded trains were counted, some of them consisting of fifty or more cars.

Thousands of Hamburg citizens line the bridges looking down on the railroad tracks and cheer the troops as the trains pass through the city. There is no denying that this war is a popular one in Germany and that the nation as a whole is loyal to the Kaiser and will support him to the bitter end. This is strongly evidenced by the fact that no less than 30,000 men volunteered in Hamburg alone, while in Berlin 85,000 volunteers offered themselvese to help crush the enemies of the Fatherland.

The call to arms has interfered with business affairs to a tremendous extent and the loss to the merchants and other classes will be such that it will take years and years to make up. It is predicted there will result many failures if the war lasts long. Many of the waiters in the hotels and cafes have donned the uniform as have the proprietors, merchants, clerks, and indeed from all walks of life. A walk through the business streets show that but little business is being done by the retail stores. The natives are hoarding their money, while foreigners either have no money to spend, and if they have money are afraid to spend it, not knowing how long they may be tied up here. The hotel in which we are stopping has one hundred and sixty rooms, and when we arrived from Sweden was practically full, but now not over twenty guests are registered. So anxious is the propritor to keep his house open that we are paying only six marks a day for one of the best rooms in the house, one that under normal conditions cost eleven marks. Food prices, which are regulated by the government, have not as yet been increased, but we are expecting a raise every day.

The bridges of Hamburg, of which there are probably a hundred or more, including those crossing the numerous canals, those crossing the railroad tracks, and the large one crossing the Alstersee, the latter bridge carrying the railroad line leading to the west of Germany, are guarded day and night by mounted officers at the approaches, while two policemen, armed with carbines, pace back and forth, carefully watching the actions of every pedestrian, and especially the occupants of all suspicious automobiles. Other officers patrol the waters near the bridges in row boats. The German authorities are taking no chances of the enemy crippling their transportation facilities by blowing up their bridges.

After returning to the hotel from our attempt to escape to England, the porter told me I would have to report to police headquarters within twenty-four hours. The next day I presented myself before the police authorities and exhibited my passport, upon which an officer proceeded to fill out a blank about half as large as a newspaper page, asking me all sorts of questions—such, for instance, as my full name, when and where was I born, when did I leave America and what for, what is my business or profession, and my address in Hamburg. After answering all these questions about myself, he must know what my wife's maiden name was, and when and where she was born, as well as her parents. Before leaving the station I was given a police pass, so that if we are again stopped by the police we will simply have to show our pass. But should we change our domicile in Hamburg we must again report and obtain permission so to do. Oh, they have got our record all right.

WIN SIX MONTHS' STRIKE.

Boston.—Local Branch, No. 105, of the Leather Workers on Horse Goods has successfully carried on its strike against the shops of J. Forgie's Sons, which began last April through refusal of the firm to sign an agreement with the union to operate their shops as Union Label Shops. They conducted their business in a manner satisfactory to them. On the other hand, the members of the Leather Workers' Union were free to assist the employers in the trade operating union shops, paying union wages, and granting union conditions. In doing this they were directly aiding the members of the union by establishing a higher standard of wages in the business and in harmony with the increased cost of living. The firm in question, finally realizing their inability to longer maintain their position against the leather workers, without serious loss to their business, adjusted their differences with the union, agreeing to the wage scale, hours, and conditions, and to operate union label shops. The Central Labor Union of Boston and organized labor as a whole rendered valuable service in bringing about the adjustment.

COTTON FARMERS PREDICAMENT.

Washington.—A large number of cotton farmers are in this city urging the members of Congress to make some provision whereby relief can be extended to the cotton farmer. Owing to the European war the cotton market has been paralyzed, thus leaving the cotton farmer in a most deplorable condition. A bill has been introduced by Representative Henry providing for government aid in advancing money on warehouse receipts for the purpose of tiding over the cotton farmer. At one of the meetings held by the farmers a representative of the American Federation of Labor attended and assured the representatives of the cotton farmers, the most of whom are members of the Farmers' Co-operative and Educational Union, that the American Federation of Labor was thoroughly in harmony with the plan of the government establishing a system of rural credits, and also proffered assistance in the present crisis to secure for the cotton farmer immediate relief. The The Henry bill will no doubt be called up for consideration in the near future.

CLAYTON BILL.

Washington.—The conferees of the Senate having in charge the Clayton bill have reported an agreement with the House conferees and the report is now being considered by the Senate. Senator Reed, of Missouri, is strenuously opposing a portion of the report dealing with corporations, and under the custom in the Senate of permitting unlimited discussion it is difficult to forecast when a vote will be reached.

PRINTERS WIN.

Allentown, Pa.—The members of the local Typograpical Union after a determined fight against the Democrat and the Daily City News Item, have been declared victors in the contest. Both of the papers have signed agreements with the local union, and hereafter both publications will be conducted as union shops.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS' SCALE.

Bakersfield, Cal.—The electrical workers in this city have just succeeded in securing a new wage scale. The new agreement calls for a daily wage of $5.00 for eight hours. The agreement was reached without friction and is satisfactory not only to the employes, but to the employers as well.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT — Phone North 192

FUSSELL'S ICE CREAM

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

W. B. Moses & Sons

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

SPECIAL RATES TO UNION MEN — QUICK SERVICE

Crystal Cafe & Lunch Room

LOUIS DuBOIS, Proprietor

N. Y. Prime Rib Roast — Chicken Dinners Thur. & Sun.

SPECIAL BREAKFAST 25 Cents

No. 6 MASS. AVE. N. W. — Opposite the New City Post Office.

When Purchasing Bread

Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG

Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Best Kitchen Wares

----And Other
----Household Needs

Visit our departments of Housefurnishings, China, and Glassware. The assortments in the various lines are most complete.

All the best known makes of household wares, both imported and domestic, are included.

Decorated Dinnerware.
Decorated Toiletware.
Glassware of every Description.
Lamps and Electroliers.
Refrigerators.
Agate Nickel-Steel Utensils
Vollrath Enameled Utensils.
All-White Enameled Utensils.
Aluminum Kitchen Utensils.
High-Class Kitchen Cutlery.
Complete Laundry Eqnipments.
Coffee-Making Devices.
Imported Molds and Cutters.
Bathroom Fixtures.
Antirust Tinware.
Russian Iron and Steel Roasting Pans.
Labor-Saving Devices for Cooking, Housecleaning, &c.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"

WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10th & F Sts. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

THE DRILLERY

1100 New York Ave. N. W.

Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.

Open All the Year.
Session Daily 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Summer Rates.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY

Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.

Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

OFFICE PHONE MAIN 5132 — NIGHT PHONE LINCOLN 1544

W. D. BRISCOE
IRON WORKS

Panorama Bldg. 15th & Ohio Ave. N. W.

Entrance 1424-26-28 C St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English

Civil Service Preparation

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

John H. Greene, assistant foreman of printing in the Government Printing Office, recently showed me an old document which he had unearthed that is of much interest to Printery people—"Directory to the Government Printing Office" of December 1, 1870. It consists of four ordinary document pages and contains the names of all then employed in the establishment but bookbinders—a total of 414. The divisions of the office were then the Congessional Printer's office, with 7 employees—A. M. Clapp, Congressional Printer, Harry H. Clapp, chief clerk, John Larcombe, paymaster, and 4 clerks; Congressional composing room (where most of the general typesetting was done, as it comprised not only the Record room, but also what was afterwards known as the document room), with 177; Executive (or job) room, with 36; Specification room, with 37; Press, dry press, and engine rooms, stereotype foundry, and paper warehouse, with 157. Included in the Congressional composing room was the "corps of proof readers"—6 first readers, 6 copy holders, 3 silent readers, 2 revisers, and 1 copy reviser, these being in charge of Aug. S. Boernstein, father of Henry N. Boernstein, now employed there as a reader and one of the city's leading linguists. Though quite a number of names in this register are familiar to present-day printers, the great majority have long since passed away. Among those still living I find John Goodrick, then a distributor in the job room, now employed in the same position; Capt. Henry T. Brian, then assistant foreman of the Congressional composing room, now Deputy Public Printer; James Hughes, then, as now, employed in the machine shop; E. W. Oyster, then a compositor on Specifications, now assessor of the District of Columbia; B. S. Platt, then a compositor, now and for many years past a trusted official of the United States Senate; R. W. Kerr, then time keeper, now a clerk in the War Department; C. M. Robinson, then a maker-up, now a proof reader (having served three terms as chief of the proof room, aggregating almost a quarter of a century, relinquishing that position at his own volition some years since); J. M. Maloney and M. V. B. Stevens, then compositors, now proof readers; Wallace Brewer, then a compositor on Specifications, now filling a like place in the hand section, day; L. H. Patterson and James A. Scott, then compositors on Specifications, now proof readers; R. B. Topham, then a compositor on Specifications, now a linotype operator in the Record room; Robert H. White, then register of printing in the job room, now a watchman; J. M. Craig, then a compositor, now a maker-up on Specifications; E. H. Tabler, then a compositor in the job room, now occupying a similar position in the hand section, day; Jere Sterner, then a compositor, now a clerk in the Patent Office; S. W. Curriden, then a compositor, now a lawyer in this city; Edward Morgan, then a compositor on Specifications, now in this city, but retired from the printing business, I believe; C. M. Bowman, then a compositor, now publishing a paper in Lebanon, Pa.; John N. Bovee, then a compositor, now a clerk in the War Department; Harvey G. Ellis, then a compositor, now a clerk in the Pension Office; Maurice Joyce, then a compositor, now and for years past at the head of the Joyce Engraving Company; M. N. Amis, then a compositor, now a lawyer at Raleigh, N. C.; C. M. Cyphers, now living quietly at his home in Pennsylvania; W. G. Spottswood, then a compositor, now a clerk in the War Department; John P. Morse, D. W. Beach, M. C. Foss, William Macfarlane, and Samuel E. Mullan, all compositors then, but now retired owing to old age or other disabilities. Among the helpers in the Congressional composing room at that time was John Waller (the well-known "Sergeant"), who is still a worker in the office and bids fair to score several years more in the service; and registered among the laborers was Simon Pocher, the sable "Senator" who is known to most of the people ever working in the establishment, still on the rolls. Among those then apprentices—there were 16 of these, under the tuition of the late C. W. Schell—I find the names of Julian Higdon, now in the printing office connected with the Railway Mail Service in this city; W. H. Duling, in one of the branch offices; Frank Kemon and J. H. Burnside, still in the main office. Among all the printers then in the office, I note the name of but one woman—Miss Mary S. Greene—while at the present time about forty of the fair sex are engaged in the various printing divisions as compositors, operators, proof readers, and copy holders. When it is stated that the 414 of 1870 has increased to a working force of more than 4,000, an idea of the growth of this vast establishment is graphically presented.

W. N. Brockwell.

Get Busy.

And help the Cigarmakers Union—smoke union-made cigars, thereby increasing the sale of same, and causing a demand for more union cigarmakers.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

Ten latest design monos have been added to the G. P. O. battery.

Fourteen signers for a class on the G. P. O. mergs have been obtained by Mr. Simpson.

The monotype school at Uncle Sam's printery, agreed to add four weeks to their course.

W. F. Roberts has been attending a reunion of the Pennsylvania regiment with which he served during the Civil War. He carried to the encampment a most interesting collection of war poems. Perhaps some reader of this publication can add to the collection of Brother Roberts a copy of the poem with the line,

"He fought beneath Fort Whipple's signal gun;
He died—and sleeps at Arlington."

It may be rather late to chonicle, but Walker Miller, on a recent trip to Maryland's "Eastern Shore," renewed acquaintance with "Pap" Keefer, pleasantly remembered in the hand days on the Congressional Record.

Charles Gardner has returned from an auto trip through the four adjoining states.

On a recent trip to Atlantic City my good friend, Max Knoble, was seriously bitten by the auto bug and his name will be found in the near future among the car owners of the G. P. O.

Bob Fletcher has sufficiently recovered from a prolonged attack of vocational paralysis to accept a proof-room engagement.

A few days since a collection was taken up in some of the G. P. O. chapels for a brother craftsman. Instead of the perfunctory dimes and quarters a number of dollars appeared among the receipts, one gentleman giving $5.

Inquiring the reason, I was told that the beneficiary had borne the reputation of extending the helping hand; that this was a case, as told in this column in a former issue, of "he showed me the lead box."

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Thomas C. Parsons, probationary linotype operator.

John F. Reed, emergency linotype machinist.

Charles W. Ingalls, compositor, by transfer.

Shelley K. Kieffer, temporary compositor.

Robert W. Morse, unskilled laborer, by reinstatement.

Separations.

William E. Toomey, compositor, resigned.

Miss Lucy Bowles, machine operator, resigned.

Miss Sallie H. Macnichol, skilled laborer, resigned.

Fred L. Powers, electrician.

Charles S. Adams, skilled laborer, resigned.

Daniel W. Burless, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Cloyd L. Riley, messenger boy, resigned.

Don't fail to read the The Trades Unionist every week, devoted to the interests of the working people.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy, and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Anglin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
FALL AND WINTER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

PHONE MAIN 3495

GUIFFRE'S

Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50

908 Pa. Avenue Northwest

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P, Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
W. I. STRATTON, Vice-President, 617 6 St. N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden.....425 G St. N.W.
C. S. CUNINGHAM, Conductor.....Rosslyn, Va.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....814 7th Street N. E.
W. T. Baum.....474 Eye Street S. W.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. Burdette....803 Mt. Vernon Place N. W.
L. Luebkert.....1314 Kearney Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
Allen Lithgow.....160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. Davis.....439 Second Street N. E.

ATTENTION! ORGANIZATIONS

COMMERCIAL WORK OUR SPECIALTY

you'll appreciate our printing because it's good printing. Our excellent facilities place us in a position to handle

Your Job Work

promptly and at reasonable prices. We can furnish you with any grade you desire of

Union Label Paper

Let us have your next order for printing and we will convince you. Estimates given.

The Trades Unionist Print Shop
604-606 FIFTH STREET NORTHWEST TELEPHONE MAIN 3915

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made

The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. Station K

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. Opposite Hotel Raleigh

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street Northwest

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 ROSSLYN, VA.

XANDER'S Delicious Melliston

Will Cure the Most Stubborn Cough 75c BOTTLE

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

You Should Use Union Made Tobacco!

WHY? Because you get greater value for the money and a much superior quality

The following brands are guaranteed by us:

EPICURE SHREDDED PLUG - - - - 10 CTS.
CAMPBELL'S SHAG (2½ oz. paper—2 oz. tin) - 10 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION CUT PLUG - - - - 5 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION NEW CUT - - - - 5 CTS.
MOOSE HEAD (Granulated Smoking; Best on earth for cigarettes) 5 CTS.
EXPANSION SUN CURED PLUG U. S. NATURAL LEAF PLUG
(THE BEST FOR CHEWING)

MANUFACTURED BY THE

United States Tobacco Co.

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

OPEN 8.00 to 6.00 P. M. SATURDAYS UNTIL 9.00 P. M.

The Emerson Shoe — HONEST ALL THROUGH

UNION-MADE $3.50 to $6.00

907 Pa. Avenue Northwest
1925 14th Street Northwest 14th and N. Y. Avenue

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 o'clock and third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 208 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5635 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillon, 1111 Park Place, N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D. C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Sectary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 You street northwest.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening. Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typo. Temple. Secretary, R. F. Dant, 20th & Bryant St. n.e., Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

BAKERS UNION NO. 118

The Bakery Workers of Washington, D. C., are about to consider and perhaps adopt rules and regulations to protect its unemployed members during the long and dreary winter months, so that those men who are forced through circumstances and lack of work to be idle may not suffer. During those periods of enforced idleness they find it hard to keep the wolf from the door, until the spring sunshine again sends forth its cheerful rays.

For that reason, and in order to alleviate, to some extent at least, such circumstances, a committee of Bakers Local Union No. 118 has been at work for some time formulating rules and regulations, and as a result of their deliberations the following rules will be acted on:

In order to safeguard the interests of Local Union No. 118, Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union of America, and to protect the unemployed members of the Local during the dull season of the year, which occurs every winter in this craft, we herewith submit the following rules:

Paragraph I.—Every member of Bakers Local Union No. 118 belonging to this organization for fifteen (15) consecutive months, and having paid dues to this Local Union for that period of time, and having been entered upon the unemployed list for two (2) weeks, shall be entitled to an out-of-work benefit of $5.00 per week.

Paragraph II.—Members who have left Local Union No. 118 with traveling card and return same within two (2) months, shall be deprived of the benefit of one (1) week for each month; if returned after a lapse of two (2) months, they shall be deprived of any benefit for the rest of the term. Members taking out traveling cards from this Local, and returning them at any time, after having received them, shall not be entitled to any benefit for a period of three (3) months after depositing the card with the Local Union.

Paragraph III.—Payment of benefit shall begin on the first Saturday in December and cease on the last Saturday in March of each year.

Paragraph IV.—Members claiming benefit who are in arrears with dues, fines or assessments shall receive no cash payment until all such dues, fines or assessments are covered by the benefit receivable.

Members, however, who are in arrears with their dues more than three (3) months shall not be entitled to be placed upon the beneficiary list until thirty (30) days after the arrearages are paid in full. Exceptions to this rule may be considered in case of sickness.

Paragraph V.—For any one day's or one-half day's jobbing done by an idle member, $1.00 or 50 cents, respectively, shall be deducted from the benefit of the current week; for two day's jobbing, $2.00 shall be deducted, and for three or more days in any one week, no benefit shall be paid for the current week. If a beneficiary member should be doing jobbing for one or more full weeks benefit shall be withheld for the next ensuing week that such member is again idle.

Paragraph VI.—The vouchers for the benefit shall be made out every Saturday at a time to be specified by the committee in charge every Saturday, when every member should be present, with his membership book. For every voucher a check is to be drawn and given to the idle member in payment for his benefit. In cases where a member cannot be present the benefit is to be left in the hands of the business agent, to be given to the member entitled thereto, or his authorized representative.

Paragraph VII.—Members neglecting to report at the office regularly every day shall be considered as being at work on any such day as they fail to so report.

Paragraph VIII.—The committee shall be restricted from making out any voucher for benefit to any member having violated any of the above rules, unless payment be ordered by the meeting of the Union after the case has been investigated by that body.

Paragraph IX.—Whenever an idle member refuses to accept a permit from the business agent without giving a tangible reason for such refusal, or whenever an idle member reports at the office in a state of intoxication, such member shall be debarred from any benefit for that current week. No appeal shall be accepted by the Union from the decision of the committee in such cases.

Paragraph X.—No idle member shall be entitled to out-of-work benefit while such member is sick and incapacitated for work.

Paragraph XI.—Members out of work who may be called upon to do jobbing without the knowledge of the business agent and who fail to report such fact on the following day, shall upon being found out be deprived of one week's benefit and may be deprived of benefit for the entire period that benefit is paid.

Paragraph XII.—In order to avoid disagreements, every member is requested to make himself thoroughly familiar with the out-of-work benefit rules as well as the office rules.

Paragraph XIII.—Any idle member offered a jobbing place and claiming sickness or indisposition for not accepting a job, shall not be entitled to any benefit for that week.

Paragraph XIV.—Members who may be employed at any other trade shall not be entitled to any jobbing place or any benefit.

Paragraph XV.—Any member feeling himself unjustly treated by a decision of the committee may appeal to the next regular meeting of the Union, but such appeal must be in writing, wherein full particulars must be stated; otherwise the decision of the committee stands as approved by the Union.

Paragraph XVI.—After the adoption of these rules no member of this Union shall be exempt from paying dues at any time, but every member of the Union must contribute the regular dues as prescribed in the By-Laws of the Union, irrespective of age or capabilities of a member.

The above rules are to be acted upon at an especially called meeting of the Union on Saturday, Oct. 17, next, at 4 o'clock p. m., and all members interested in this worthy cause should attend that meeting.

JOHN S. SCHMIDT.

Phone Connection

The Gratz Hotel, formerly the Majestic, is under entire new management. It is thoroughly renovated. Entire satisfaction guaranteed.

Would be pleased to meet my brother union men.

L. GRATZ, Proprietor.

470 Pa. Ave. N. W. Washington, D. C.

H. M. MARKS, Prop. Phone Main 5562

THEATRICAL HEADQUARTERS

HOTEL MARKS

AMERICAN PLAN

10th & E Sts. Running Hot & Cold water in All Rooms

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Gayety, 9th St. bet. E & F Sts. N. W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meader's, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Regent, - - - 18th & V Sts. N. W.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Lafayette - - - - 1307 E St. N. W.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Scenic Wisconsin Ave. & N St. N.W.

NO INCONVENIENCE

Don't think it inconveniences us to send out goods. We are more than willing and keep a boy—a live one, too—just to deliver whatever people may want to telephone in for. If you have a prescription to be filled we will send for and deliver it if you'll just 'phone us about it.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

P. B. Suits

for Fall and Winter in all the new colorings

$15-$18-$25

Parker, Bridget & Co.

HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS

"The Avenue at Ninth"

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

TERMINAL BAR

STRICTLY UNION

No. 44 G STREET N E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up

HOTEL STERLING

13th and E Streets

Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

OUR MOTTO

"Live and Let Live"

THE TRADES UNIONIST

604 5th Street Northwest

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.

(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth Street Southeast

Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

CORBY BROS.

100 per cent Pure

Bread

fresh three times daily

AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents

Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find

THE NORRIS HOUSE

OPEN AT 4 A. M.

DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor

Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

DRINK! BOTTLED

Coca-Cola

Office: 321 L Street S. W.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK

A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account

Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

ALLEN'S BUFFET

PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET

J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET

OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP

Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE

UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY

332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 16 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

UNIONISTS ARE WINNING

Stockton, Cal.—The labor unions of this city are enthusiastic over their success in resisting the non-union plans of employing interests, whose lines are wavering because of the workers' solidity. Michael Casey, one of the active unionists in charge of the fight, declares that "the business men of Stockton are weary of the struggle, as every line of business and industry has been crippled." In speaking of a mass meeting held by the employers, the unionist said:

"The speakers had a great deal to say about the non-union shop, which they term 'open shop.' From these speakers I learned what the 'open shop' means. They told the audience that the 'open shop' means more dividends—more money for the employers at the expense of the employes. Yes, they spoke truly, so far as they went; but they did not tell all the truth. They might have added that the 'open shop' means long hours and small wages and unsanitary working conditions and more poverty and sickness and suffering, for that is what the 'open shop' means to the employes."

ELECTRICAL WORKERS' DISPUTE IS AT AN END.

Washington.—In a letter to A. F. of L. headquarters, International Secretary Ford, of the bona fide Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, announces the complete collapse of the secession movement in that organization.

It is stated that the officers of the seceding faction "have finally decided to close their headquarters in this city (Springfield, Ill.) and have sent circular letters to their remaining members so advising them and suggesting that they take advantage of the terms of affiliation now open to them."

Secretary Ford further writes:

"The terms of affiliation are open until the 15th of this month, and with a possible exception of about fifteen or twenty locals identified with the unaffiliated organization, all locals have officially informed us of their acceptance of the terms."

Thanks are extended officers of the A. F. of L. and the entire labor movement for their efforts to end this controversy, which means complete unity among the workers in this industry.

PERSON ACQUITTED.

Lincoln, Ill.—After deliberating 20 hours, a jury of farmers declared Carl Person not guilty of the murder of Antone Musser. Person admitted shooting Musser, but asserted he had been lured into danger by a telephone call from Musser and had shot in self-defense. Labor unions interested themselves in the case, and the accused, who edited a paper in the interests of striking Illinois Central shopmen, secured a change of venue from Clinton. Hundreds of affidavits of prejudice were filed by attorneys for Person, whose plea of self-defense was supported by evidence intended to prove that Illinois Central strikebreakers had entered a conspiracy to kill him. Musser was employed by the road, and had formerly been chief of police of Clinton.

EMPLOY LITTLE CHILDREN.

Philadelphia.—State authorities, representing the Department of Labor, are conducting a vigorous campaign against employers of little children. A corps of inspectors have been in this vicinity collecting evidence, and it is claimed that over 100 men will be arrested for violation of the child labor law.

WELL-KNOWN UNIONIST DIES.

Indianapolis.—James W. Dougherty, secretary-treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, died in this city. Deceased was an active trade unionists and was a factor in placing his organization to the force in the organized trade union movement.

A LEVEL-HEADED EDITOR

Bakersfield, Cal.—In commenting on the "literary campaign" of Stockton employers, who would spread their anti-union fight to other sections of this State, the editor of the Evening Californian says:

"The war for the 'open' shop is a foolish one. The employer of labor is a foolish man if he imagines that, ever again, he can conduct his business without recognizing the right of his employes to organize. Instead of trying to deprive them of that right, he is the wise employer who concedes that labor can do best for itself and best for him through organizations conducted on conservative lines, and with a view to safeguarding the best interests of the wage earners.

"We have industrial peace in Bakersfield, and anything else at the present time, or at any time for that matter, would be intolerable. Organizations of business men are desirable in themselves, but an organization formed for the purpose of warring upon labor organizations has no excuse for existence, and particularly is this true in a city like Bakersfield, where employer and employed are working in harmony."

RESTORED TO BALLOT.

Olympia, Wash.—The State Supreme Court has ruled that Secretary of State Howell had no authority to throw out names on initiative petitions and thereby nullify the attempt to submit various proposals to a referendum vote of the people next month. The court held that an O. K. by the proper registration officers made petitions valid. The court also held that petitions should not have been thrown out merely because the checking official placed his initials on blank lines. It was further decided that where petitions were initialed with lead pencil they should have been counted instead of being arbitrarily thrown out. Ten measures will be voted on. They include a universal eight-hour law; to prevent fraud and imposition in the sale of stocks and bonds; regulating employment agencies; strengthening the industrial insurance law by providing for first aid to the injured; providing for the employment of convicts on state highways.

PLAN FOR "MITCHELL DAY."

Scranton, Pa.—Hundreds of mine workers' locals in this district are planning to attend the five big demonstrations to be held in this city, Carbondale, Pittston, Wilkes-Barre and Nanticoke on "Mitchell Day," October 29. In a circular issued by district officials it is stated that this day will be observed as a holiday "in accordance with resolution adopted by the United Mine Workers of the anthracite region, setting forth October 29, of each year, as a day to commemorate the successful ending of the strike of the anthracite miners in 1900; the same being 'Mitchell Day' on account of the successful leadership of President Mitchell."

PRACTICAL SYMPATHY.

Centralia, Wash.—"Hold the fort, for we are coming with a ton of flour from the Everett Timber Workers' Local," was the cheering message received by mill workers, now on strike because their wages were cut from $1.75 to $1.57 a day. The workers have established a commissary for the purpose of husbanding their resources, and are determined to fight all winter rather than accept the reduced wage scale.

BIG MEETING PREDICTED.

Springfield, Ill.—The call for the convention of the Illinois State Federation of Labor to be held at Peoria, October 2, has been issued. It is predicted that this meeting of the State Federation will be one of the largest in point of delegates ever held in the state and will also be important because of the subjects which will be considered by the Convention.

PRESIDENT REMAINS FIRM

Washington.—President Wilson refuses to consider compromise suggestions offered by Colorado coal operators, who have declined to follow the action of the striking miners in that state and accept the President's recommendations that a three years' truce be declared. It is said that the chief executive told the operators of social dangers that are liable to result from present deplorable conditions. It was intimated also that the government may find it necessary to withdraw the Federal troops from the strike fields and throw the mine owners back on the state authorities for protection. The President made it clear to the operators that he did not consider it proper for him to attempt to pass upon the merits of any compromise suggestions, inasmuch as he could not, from his official position, attempt to act as umpire for the controversy between the operators and miners.

ADVISED TO FILE PAPERS.

Washington.—In a statement issued by the Federal Department of Labor, naturalized Americans the country over are urged to send in their naturalization papers for record at the bureau of naturalization, so that in case the citizen later loses his papers there will be a record in the bureau from which a duplicate can be taken.

It is pointed out that since the Federal naturalization law went into effect in 1906, the buildings housing 38 courts exercising naturalization jurisdiction have been destroyed by fire, and the naturalization records have been either totally lost or so badly damaged as to be of little or no service to the applicant for the purpose for which they were taken out.

STREET CAR STRIKE SETTLED.

Joplin, Mo.—The strike of Joplin & Pittsburgh Railway employes, which began July 14, has been declared off and the men are again at work. An agreement between the company and its employes provides that the question of wages shall be arbitrated. Nine hours shall constitute a day's work. Provision is made for appeal in the case of any worker who believes he was unjustly discharged. The contract agreed to will run for three years and continue in effect after that time until either side files notice of desired changes. The employes are members of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes.

FAVORED LEGISLATION.

Boston.—The following favored legislation was recommended for passage by the state legislature by a committee of the state branch of the A. F. of L.: Initiative and referendum, women's suffrage, the homestead constitutional amendment, home rule for cities, reduction of the hours of labor for children, eight-hour day for barbers, the removal from the poor authorities of the administration of the law providing aid for mothers with dependent children, submit to the voters the question of public ownership of street railways.

MANY NEW ORGANIZATIONS.

Minneapolis, Minn.—President E. G. Hall, of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, on a trip through the northern part of the state, reports exceptional success in the formation of new organizations. Seven new unions have been organized, all with a good membership. President Hall also asserts that the prospects for further organization are exceedingly bright.

RAISE WAGES.

Cleveland.—Moving Picture Operators' Union has been successful in establishing their new scale, which raises wages $2.50 a week. The minimum is now $17.50.

OPPOSITION IS APPROVED

Washington.—The position of organized labor in its opposition to the "Taylor system," and other so-called "efficiency" plans, has been indorsed by the House committee on labor, which urges the passage of the Dietrick bill prohibiting stop-watch management in any government shop. The report was prepared by Representative Keating, a member of the labor group, who, together with his colleagues, condemn nearly everything shop management and "efficiency" experts have said favorable to the system.

The report says:

"The Taylor system regards the workman as a machine, to be 'speeded up' to its maximum capacity. When this human machine fails to function to the satisfaction of the management it is to be cast aside to make room for a new machine—a fresh workman. The authors of the system do not appear to have concerned themselves about the ultimate fate of the human derelicts who may be compelled to drop out because they cannot stand the pace. Mr. Taylor boasts that when he installed his system in the Bethlehem Steel Works, he purposely made the task so hard that 'not more than one out of five laborers (perhaps even a smaller percentage than this) could keep up.'

"That may be the kind of 'efficiency' which produces dividends for the steel trust, but it is surely not the system which a beneficent government should force upon its employes.

"The main object of the Taylor system, and all its related 'system,' is to produce the maximum of output at the minimum of expense.

"The so-called bonus or premium system is a fraud and a snare. It really operates to reduce the workman's wages, not to increase them, as the proponents of the Taylor system maintain.

"The promoters of these various systems of 'scientific management' are making a determined effort to have them generally adopted by large manufacturing concerns, and labor, both organized and unorganized, is most insistent in its opposition.

"It can be readily seen that the advocates of the stop-watch system would have won a signal victory if they were in a position to say, 'the United States government has installed this system in its workshops. It cannot be inhuman or the Federal authorities would not have adopted it.'

"The committee does not believe such an indorsement should be given to a system which is so inimical to the best interests of the toilers of the nation."

The committee disagrees with General Crozier, Chief of Ordnance of the War Department, who, it is stated, determined to install the "stop-watch" and other objectionable speeding-up features in the arsenals in spite of the workmen and in spite of the denunciation of such methods by a special committee of the House.

The report quotes testimony given by Congressman Tavenner of Illinois before the committee on labor. He held that as the workmen at Rock Island and other arsenals were now producing war materials 35 per cent below the prices General Crozier is paying outside private manufacturers, General Crozier was not justified in introducing an efficiency and speeding-up system in order to force the government employes to produce still more.

The committee is most emphatic in its disapproval of the "Taylor" and allied systems, which have a tendency "to further aggravate the accident disabilities and mortality among American workmen and reduce the workman to a mere machine."

OHIO UNIONISTS TO MEET.

Youngstown, Ohio.—Local unionists announce that preparations have been completed for the convention of the Ohio State Federation of Labor, which convenes in this city next week. It is believed all records for attendance will be broken.

REPORTS A BUSY MEETING

The meeting of the C. L. U. on last Monday night was one of the largest attended meetings held for some time. The large attendance was brought about owing to the fact that a delegate was to be selected to represent the body at the convention of the A. F. of L. in Philadelphia next month.

There was a spirited, good natured rivalry on the part of the friends of the several aspirants for this honor and after the nominating speeches placing in nomination Delegates Henry F. Nolda, E. L. Tucker, John J. Purcell, P. A. Shugrue and Joseph E. Toone, Delegate Toone withdrew and left the field to the others. It required three ballots to make the selection and success perched upon the banner of Henry F. Nolda, whose election was made unanimous.

That Henry will fill the bill goes without saying, and he will prove a credit to the local labor movement, for he is one of those hard, conscientious workers and a thorough student of the labor movement. Routine business occupied the attention of the delegates for the balance of the meeting.

UNIFORM COLD STORAGE LAW.

Washington.—When the commissioners appointed by the governors of all the states to draft acts for uniform state laws meet in this city next week, one of the subjects to be agreed upon is a uniform cold storage law. The commissioners have no lawmaking power, but it is believed their verdict will have a moral effect on the various legislatures. About a dozen states have enacted cold storage laws, but they are not uniform. A number of other states are preparing to place more stringent acts regulating the cold storage of food articles on their statutes during the coming year, and it was in recognition of this fact that the conference last year instructed the committee on the purity of food articles to prepare a uniform cold storage act.

FAVOR SIX-HOUR DAY.

Bremerton, Wash.—At a conference of Washington, British Columbia and Oregon painters, held in this city, every delegate pledged himself to work for the adoption of a six-hour day for building craftsmen during the months from October 1st to March 1st, for the purpose of creating work for more men during these dull months for the building trades. A law providing for a universal eight-hour day was also indorsed. One day's session was largely given to discussion of safeguarding members working on scaffolding and to the unhealthy and dangerous conditions under which men must work at times in ship painting.

WOULD BAR ASIATICS.

St. John, N. B.—The Canadian Trades and Labor Congress adopted a report of its immigration committee advocating the exclusion of Asiatics from the Dominion and urged legislation forbidding Asiatics now in the country to employ white female labor. The report also recommended, for the better regulation of immigration in British possessions, the creation of a central board of the imperial government, with colonial representatives among its members.

M. M. Donoghue, of Butte, Montana, attended the convention as fraternal delegate from the American Federation of Labor.

RHODE ISLAND FEDERATION.

Providence, R. I.—At the recent meeting of the Rhode Island State Federation of Labor a splendid representation of the unions in the state was had. The conventions of the State Federation are to be held hereafter twice a year—in March and September. The next convention will be held in Pawtucket in March. President Albert A. Hohler was re-elected for the ensuing term.

MINERS DEFEND OFFICIALS

Indianapolis, Ind.—"Character assassination is the latest work of the Colorado coal operators. Unable to buy or bluff the leaders of the strike or the men themselves, they are now seeking by insiduous lies to attack the integrity of certain leaders, hoping to discredit the organization," says the officers of the United Mine Workers in a vigorous reply to the operators' charge that Vice President Hayes receives $90 per day; John McLennan, $66 per day; Mother Jones, $42 per day, and John R. Lawson, $1,773.40 for nine weeks' salary.

These unionists are active in the Colorado strike, and the purpose of the charges is evident.

The mine workers' officials, however, cite the law of their organization to off-set what is well termed "character assassins." It is shown that the unionists named have nothing to do with money disbursements in this strike, and that all finances are handled by International Secretary-Treasurer Green and District Secretary-Treasurer Doyle, who are under bond to faithfully and honestly perform their duties, that are clearly prescribed by the law of the organization, which provides for an itemized account, and which report must be approved by a board of auditors. The last report showed that the salary of the vice president was $2,500 a year. and the salary of Mother Jones and other organizers $4 per day. The mine workers' officials state these reports are on file in their office and open to inspection.

The answer to the operators' clumsy attack closes with this significant query: "If the coal operators would lie about these things, is it not reasonable to believe they would deceive you about other incidents connected with the strike?"

COMPENSATION IDEA GROWS.

New York.—"Exactly one-half or 24 of the 48 states, have enacted workmen's compensation laws during the last four years," is the announcement of the American Association for Labor Legislation, in a new bulletin, which, by the aid of a colored map, graphically depicts this advance. Two big areas, the solid south, broken only by Kentucky, Louisiana and Texas, and a Rocky Mountain strip, extending eastward over the Dakotas, are still untouched by the movement. Missouri, Indiana, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Vermont and Maine, it is stated, are working toward compensation legislation in 1915.

"It is practically certain that within the near future numerous bills will be drafted to strengthen existing laws and to extend the compensation over the remaining 24 states," says the report.

PEACEFUL METHODS AFTER WAR.

Worcester, Mass.—The Master Steamfitters' Association has accepted the theory that collective bargaining with employes is preferable to strikes similar to the one recently ended, and a joint conference board, consisting of representatives of both organizations, has been created to settle disputes that may hereafter arise. When it is recalled that bitter dissension existed between the interested parties but a few months ago, the outlook for continued peace is bright. Practically every shop in the city is union.

GARMENT WORKERS ORGANIZE.

Davenport, Iowa.—The employes of a large overall company in this city have just organized. The firm is not averse to the organization of its employes because of the fact that there is such a general demand for union labled goods that the Company was having difficulty in disposing of its non-union product. The indications are that much benefit will accrue immediately to the members of the union in an adjustment of their working conditions.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 16, 1914.

We shall not fail—if we stand firm, we shall not fail.

How about it, are you keeping in mind that the Union Cigarmakers are in need of your moral support?

The extent of trade unionism is the best possible measure of a people's capacity for self-government.

The union man who continually knocks the officers of his local, always has an ax to grind. Look out for him.

Our cause, then, must be entrusted to, and conducted by its own undoubted friends—those whose hands are free, whose hearts are in the work—who do care for the result.

Organized labor is today the one conservative, intelligent, constructive force standing out prominently above all other forces operating for the good of all classes in the work of reorganizing industry in the interest of the great masses of the people.

Labor is finding an able ally in his humanitarian work in the thinking people of the employing class.

The millennium is not in sight, but when the industrial forces of society start to moving in the same direction good results will rapidly become manifest.

Very little things sometimes change men's opinions of one another in the twinkling of an eye. For instance, many employers of labor hold men in their employ in the highest esteem so long as they are subservient and show no independence of thought or action. But let one of them join a union and then he is, in the judgment of the boss, of small account if not positively evil or altogether worthless. He has shown a tendency to think and act for himself, and that, of course, is an unpardonable sin embracing every form of wrongdoing.

THE "OPEN SHOP" SLOGAN.

The slogan of the "open shop" is the slogan of savagery. It is the slogan of tyranny. It is the slogan of degeneracy. It is the slogan of hypocrisy and deceit.

The "open shop" is the modern devil's work-shop in the world.

Its open door is closed to everything manly and noble.

It is the trapdoor of beguilement to the ignorant worker, to divest him of his manhood, his independence, and the fruits of his labor.

The "open shop" is an instituted lie.

It is closed to the union worker, while the union shop is open to all who are willing to become true members of the brotherhood of labor.

While the labor union holds its doors closed with one hand, it keeps the other ever extended to all who are willing to enter and share the responsibilities and burdens as well as the rewards and blessings of unionism.—Los Angeles Citizen.

DO YOUR PART.

It has often been said that the "man who does nothing is never censured." It may often-times be said that the man who does least does the most complaining.

Particularly does this apply to members who complain because so-and-so in the union made this or that mistake. Invariably the man who made the mistake was the one who willingly served on any committee, attended the union meetings and endeavored to give and get advice, while the other man didn't have time to attend to union meetings or act on necessary committees.

A committee doesn't comprise a union, then why depend upon a committee to do the union work.

If you have a complaint to make, what part did you play in determining the course of events?

The success of the union depends upon the enthusiasm of all its members. Do your part in the carrying on of this work and you will have little time to spend in finding fault with the honest mistakes of others.

THE WORLD'S SERIES.

The all absorbing topic during the past week was the wonderful work accomplished by the Boston National League Base-ball Club, in the record that they established in winning the greatest prize in base-ball, the world's championship.

The lesson derived from this victory should not be lost sight of by organized labor, for it showed that it was not the individual work that brought this victory about, but it was the organized efforts of each member of the team ably directed by its manager. If union men would only realize that by standing together as an organization, and the submerging of individualties, led by honest intelligent officers, that victory is theirs too, it would not be long before conditions would be materially bettered.

The victory of the Bostons seemed to meet with universal favor, and the members of organized labor should rejoice in the defeat of the Athletics, if for no other reason than the fact that these players have shown their utter contempt for organization by refusing to become a part of the Players Fraternity that was organized to protect the interests of those who earn their livelihood at this profession.

NEWS FROM ABROAD

By F. E. Buckland.

Another means of identification adopted by many Americans is the wearing of a small American flag fastened to the lapel of the coat, and this holds good among the ladies as well as the men. Since I began wearing mine I have received nothing but kindness and assurance of respect at the hands of Hamburg citizens. One day while riding on the platform of a tram car a gentleman pointed to my flag and then warmly shook my hand. I acknowledged his friendly disposition by saying, "Germany for ever," upon which several others on the car stepped up and shook hands. It is no unusual thing while walking along the streets to have German subjects lift their hats in salutating the stars and stripes. In the show window of a store on one of the busy throughfares there are two large American flags. Even the girls have a friendly smile when we pass them on the street. When the subjects of Great Britain discovered how much respect was shown Americans wearing the stars and stripes, some of them said to me that they thought it a good idea to obtain an American flag and wear it themselves, and I doubt not there are any number of the sons of Albion sporting an American flag on their manly breasts, and I doubt not they are also inwardly cursing a condition of affairs that requires such hypocricy on their part. There is no doubt that since Great Britain declared war against Germany, the English people are the worst hated race in the German empire, and not one of them would dare to pin a British flag on his coat and walk through the streets of Hamburg, or any other German city for that matter. A young German fraulien said to me: "We do not hate the English as individuals, but as a nation we hate them with all our hearts." On some of the cafe entrances are notices which read. "British subjects are positively forbidden to enter this cafe." Before war was declared many of the stores had signs in their windows reading: "English and French spoken." All of these have disappeared. Thomas Cook & Sons, whose place of business was crowded with tourists before war was declared, closed their doors and removed its name from the windows. Some of the cafes in the city bore French names and all of these have been removed or painted over. The subjects of Great Britain in Germany are indeed having a hard time of it and there are hundreds of them in Germany. There were many English clerks in the large retail stores and these were all dismissed, leaving many of them practically stranded, and if the war is a long drawn out one there will be great suffering among these people, for they have very little money saved up. A young Englishman whom I met on the boat in which we attempted to escape to England came to the Consulate one day to see me and said: "Now that British subjects are not allowed to leave Germany, I am going into the country, where I have some friends. I don't know when I will get back home, if I ever do, but I want you to promise me that when you get back home you will write to my father and tell him when you last saw Jim I was all right. Here is his address. Please give me your address and some time I will have an opportunity of thanking you for your kindness." I faithfully promised him I would write to his father.

The newspapers of Germany are coining money, for "extras" are issued on the slightest pretext, and sometimes when there is no pretext at all. These "extras" are often but a broadside or single sheet of paper, printed only on one side, and sold for ten pfennigs. During the early days of the war, when mobilization was hourly expected, whenever a man appeared on the streets with an "extra" a perfect mob would surround him and beg for a copy. So excited were the people they would grab at the bundle of papers and tear a piece off and rush for some corner where he could read it, only to be in turn surrounded by a crowd endeavoring to learn the latest news. I have seen one of these newsboys (and newsboys in Germany means a man or woman, for no children are permitted to sell newspapers on the streets), mount the seat of a stalled truck and actually fight to save his papers from the crowd that surrounded him. But this madness on the part of the populace soon wore off, and now it only occurs when some victory is announced by an "extra." There is such a demand for newspapers that I have seen many well dressed men selling them. At one of the corners I pass on my way to and from the Consulate is a nicely dressed woman, wearing a plume in her hat, modestly offering her papers for sale. The venders of newspapers do not make as much noise as they do in America in crying out "extra."

The cafes on the principal boulevards do a land-office business in the afternoon and evenings, for the people then come out in force to hear the latest news and engage in gossip, but all of the cafes that formerly kept open until the wee small hours of the morning are now compelled to close up at 11 o'clock sharp, and by midnight the streets are comparatively quiet. At 9 o'clock, however, it is almost impossible to obtain a seat in one of the popular cafes, so great is the demand for food and drink. The newspapers and the restaurants are about the only business that have not thus far suffered financial loss owing to the war, although the prices of raw material are increasing and we are daily expecting an increase for our food.

The money question was a serious proposition at the beginning of the war, for gold practically went out of circulation and could not be obtained at the banks. Those of us who were fortunate enough to have a few marks in gold immediately put it away for a few days and I found great difficulty in getting change for a hundred mark bill, but this timidity of the people soon vanished and now change is plentiful, for the government immediately put into circulation five-mark paper bills. Once in a great while a ten-mark gold piece is obtained in change and then it goes into a bag with the small hoard we are holding onto with grim determination. America express checks, which so many Americans carry, have been promptly paid at the banks and at their office in Hamburg, but in the country districts they have been refused by some of the hotels and banks. I went into a money changers' office one day and asked him how many marks he would give me for an American dollar, and he said: "Three marks eighty." I replied, "That is a pretty heavy discount." "Well," replied the broker, "we don't have much need for American money these days," and I replied, "nor do I need any German money at those rates."

"BUY A BALE."

Washington. — Information comes from many union men in the South that central bodies, local unions and individual union men are materially assisting in the "buy a bale of cotton" campaign. This movement was started for the purpose of relieving the cotton situation of the South. With the European war in progress and the foreign demand for cotton practically eliminated, together with a bumper crop of cotton, the cotton farmers of the South are in a most precarious condition. Speculators and the cotton manufacturers of the South have taken advantage of the situation and the price of cotton has been forced down to such a low point as to practically bankrupt the cotton growers, providing they are forced to sell at prevailing prices. Therefore, the "Buy a bale" slogan was started and a large amount of cotton has been purchased at 10 cents per pound for the purpose of taking it off the market and at the same time relieving the cotton farmers until normal conditions shall return.

MINERS WRITE TO PRESIDENT.

Indianapolis.—President White and associate officers of the United Mine Workers' Union wrote President Wilson last week that if the published requests of Colorado mine operators for a modification of the truce plan was to be granted, the miners would first like to be heard, as there were certain features of the President's offer that were objectionable to them, and which they would like to have modified or changed, but which they accepted, the letter states, because "we felt that the occasion required full compliance with your very earnest wish." The miners impressed upon President Wilson "our acceptance of your proposed basis of settlement without change, providing only that the same will be agreed to by the coal operators of Colorado in like manner."

GLOVE MAKERS GAIN.

Gloversville, N. Y.—Striking cutters employed at the glove making shop of the Fownes Bros. Company have returned to work at a flat increase of 15 cents a dozen for all styles of gloves. They originally asked 25 cents on men's and 20 cents on women's gloves.

Commissioner of Labor James M. Lynch has ordered an investigation of the strike of glove makers, which has been on for nearly two months. While the commissioner's department has no authority to settle the difficulty, the strikers are confident that the public will aid their cause by showing that the manufacturers have made money, despite contrary claims.

RAISE PER CAPITA TAX.

Lincoln, Neb.—The State Federation of Labor, at its recent convention, raised the per capita tax from 2 to 2 1-2 cents a member; the affiliation fee from $2 to $5, and local fees from $5 to $8. President Reynolds and Secretary-Treasurer Coffey were re-elected. The compensation law was debated for two days, because of differences regarding its value. It was finally approved. Omaha secured the next convention.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN — Union Made Beer Ale and Porter — OF AMERICA — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT — Phone North 192

FUSSELL'S ICE CREAM

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. — TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

W. B. Moses & Sons

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

SPECIAL RATES TO UNION MEN — QUICK SERVICE

Crystal Cafe & Lunch Room

LOUIS DuBOIS, Proprietor

N. Y. Prime Rib Roast — Chichen Dinners Thur. & Sun.

SPECIAL BREAKFAST 25 Cents

No. 6 MASS. AVE. N. W. — Opposite the New City Post Office.

When Purchasing Bread

Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG

Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Best Kitchen Wares

----And Other
----Household Needs

Visit our departments of Housefurnishings, China, and Glassware. The assortments in the various lines are most complete.

All the best known makes of household wares, both imported and domestic, are included.

Decorated Dinnerware.
Decorated Toiletware.
Glassware of every Description.
Lamps and Electroliers.
Refrigerators.
Agate Nickel-Steel Utensils
Vollrath Enameled Utensils.
All-White Enameled Utensils.
Aluminum Kitchen Utensils.
High-Class Kitchen Cutlery.
Complete Laundry Eqnipments.
Coffee-Making Devices.
Imported Molds and Cutters.
Bathroom Fixtures.
Antirust Tinware.
Russian Iron and Steel Roasting Pans.
Labor-Saving Devices for Cooking, Housecleaning, &c.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"

WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

LIVERIES, UNIFORMS — SPORTING GOODS

Saks & Company

MEN'S AND BOYS OUTFITTERS

At the Avenue and 7th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY

Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.

Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

H. M. MARKS, Prop. — Phone Main 5562

THEATRICAL HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL MARKS
AMERICAN PLAN

10th & E Sts. — Running Hot & Cold water in All Rooms

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English

Civil Service Preparation

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

The regular monthly meeting of Columbia Typographical Union takes place at the Temple on Sunday next at 2.30 p. m. Members can find both profit and pleasure in attending.

• • • •

Zophar Hunt, one of Columbia's oldest and most esteemed members, has been granted the old-age pension by the International executive committee. Mr. Hunt's advanced age—he is now about 78—makes it too much of a burden to continue work at the trade which he has followed so long; so he lately severed his connection with the Government Printing Office, wherein he has worked for many years and where he has a great number of friends. For about a dozen years previous to his retirement this veteran of our craft, though far past the average man's productive period, never lost an hour's time on account of sickness. Many good wishes go with Mr. Hunt in his retirement.

• • • •

Says the Philadelphia correspondent of the Typographical Journal: "Director Harte, of the board of health, is out with a bonus of 5 cents for live rats and 3 cents for dead ones. If the director would only put a premium on the two-legged variety, he might get a rise out of the printers."

• • • •

An intelligent and interested vistor to the Government Printing Office a few days since was Mr. J. Frank Higgins, of Springfield, Illinois, who is supervisor of printing of the State of Illinois. The official designation is "printer expert," but the gentleman modestly assured me that he did not insist on its use among "the boys." Higgins is one of us, and was formerly an active member of Chicago Union, where he has many friends and acquaintances. It was a pleasure to meet him here and to know that he was much pleased with his visit to the Printery and the wonderful things there shown him.

• • • •

E. N. Trainham, for a number of years employed in the Government Printing Office and on the Herald, and who was for several years in Porto Rico both as a printer for the Government and in business for himself, returned to this country a month or two since, owing to ill health, and is now sojourning on a farm near this city in the hope of physical improvement. I trust that his desires in that respect may be realized and that he may soon be himself again.

• • •

Mr. Charles J. C. Puckette, one of Columbia Union's oldest members, now living at Waco, Texas, with a daughter who is much devoted to his comfort, in a recent letter to the writer "desires to extend greetings to all his old associates and to be remembered to each of them with many kind wishes." Mr. Puckette, who is 80 years of age, has been confined to his bed for a year past with rheumatism, being entirely helpless, but his mind is unimpaired and he remains cheerful.

• • • •

F. C. Roberts, agent of the Union Printers Home, has lately returned from Colorado Springs, where he attended a meeting of the board of trustees of the institution. He had pleasant interviews with our members there—Mrs. Evers and James H. Alford—and reports them as comfortable and somewhat improved. He also had a session with Ernest ("Ikey") Wear, who was a member of this union many years, but who went to the home from New York, in whose jurisdiction he was working when he concluded to "take a throw" at the Home, as he would probably phrase it. Mr. Wear has made pronounced improvement since arrival at the Home, and tells Mr. Roberts that more than 20 pounds has been gained by him since his stay there commenced. In fact, he is so healthy that he is accused of getting real chesty in relation thereto, though few of us who know the amiable "Ikey" could take that assertion seriously. However, it is in evidence that Ernest has charge of the "guinea-pig farm" of the Home, and it is believed that when he has entirely recovered—and a host of friends hope that will be very soon—he contemplates embarking in the guinea-pig business on his own hook.

Before the board adjourned it made Mr. Roberts the recipient of a handsome scarf pin with diamond fixin's in the nature of a testimonial for his services in the office of agent of the Union Printers Home.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

Furnished or unfurnished rooms, with or without board, can be had of Mrs. Price, who lives at 1229 New Jersey Avenue N. W. The location is ideal for people connected with the Printery or Postoffice, and Mrs. Price has a reputation for good things to eat that attracts those who once patronize. Printers are particularly welcome. Table board without room can also be had, as also single meals. Everything clean and everything good.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

The congressional nomination for which Milo Shanks was contesting goes to another newspaper man.

—

Mr. Goodkey has a letter from Leavenworth, Kans., in which it is stated Charles Francis Savage, formely hereabouts, is civilian foreman in the printing plant of the penitentiary in that city.

—

S. H. White, of Dallas, Tex., in charge of the Howard Printing Co., of that city, is in town, visiting a brother employed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and other friends.

—

Messrs. Hayes and Weidman are walking with a limp, due to contact with automobiles.

—

The fashion to fill out the page with an ornament. A chapter on "Evidence" is followed by a spider's web.

—

Edward Hughes is suffering from an attack of blood poisoning, caused by a corn.

—

Uriel Hayes is acting as instructor at the monotype school in the absence of Charlie McConnell, attending the world's series.

—

J. R. McBride, publisher of Fort Smith, Ark., en route home from the New York meeting of publishers, called to see Messrs. Mayers, Knoble, Partridge and others from his section.

—

A merg school started in the G. P. O. on Monday afternoon of this week, with Instructor Gunn in charge. Three ladies are in the class, which numbers about a dozen.

—

A gaunt, bare throne, with faded tapestries, a labyrinth of springs and wheels, of numerals defaced, of lettering in grouping more grotesque than symmetrical—that were Mono. No. 124, now relegated to a furthermost corner. It was the bridge that carried us over from the lost art of hand composition to the mystic realm of machine manipulation. It was the hopper through which governmental issuances found publicity. On it were printed something Mr. Brandies said. something Mr. Untermeyer said, something Mr. Taft wrote, something initialed "W. J. B.," something Mr. Wilson wrote, among other nominations that of Mr. Ford to the position of Public Printer. Inanimate, yet pulsing, throbbing, as capricious as a girl, with its counterpart of feminine moods and vagaries. Under daylight dull, under the green lights its multi-colored keys took on a smile, a greeting, and its gladsome song attuned an inspiration for the entire chapel. Seemingly it never tired; 7.30 or 2.30 marked no meridian. Its swinging pendulum, with the rythmic regularity which characterized grandfather's clock, aided in the clipping of the seconds. It will be many moons before my fingers forget to weave the symbol, 1-2-4.

DECISION FAVORS MINERS.

Coaldale, Pa.—A board of conciliation has upheld the grievance of contract miners of the William Penn colliery who complained they were compelled to load cars with an excessive topping and that the size of the car had been increased. It was decided to order the topping reduced, and advance the wages of the miners 4 per cent.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy. and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Anglin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P, Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
W. I. STRATTON, Vice-President, 617 6 St. N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden.....425 G St. N.W.
C. S. CUNINGHAM, Conductor.....Rosslyn, Va.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....814 7th Street N. E.
W. T. Baum.....474 Eye Street S. W.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. Burdette....803 Mt. Vernon Place N. W.
L. Luebkert.....1314 Kearney Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
Allen Lithgow.....160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. Davis.....439 Second Street N. E.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
FALL AND WINTER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

PHONE MAIN 3495

GUIFFRE'S

Half Sole and Rubber Heel - $1.25
Whole Sole and Heel - - $1.50

908 Pa. Avenue — Northwest

ATTENTION! ORGANIZATIONS

COMMERCIAL WORK OUR SPECIALTY

you'll appreciate our printing because it's good printing. Our excellent facilities place us in a position to handle

Your Job Work

promptly and at reasonable prices. We can furnish you with any grade you desire of

Union Label Paper

Let us have your next order for printing and we will convince you. Estimates given.

The Trades Unionist Print Shop
604-606 FIFTH STREET NORTHWEST — TELEPHONE MAIN 3915

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made

The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. — Station K

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. — Opposite Hotel Raleigh

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street — Northwest

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

Domecq's FAMOUS Spanish Sherries
19 VARIETIES
at CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

You Should Use Union Made Tobacco!

WHY? Because you get greater value for the money and a much superior quality

The following brands are guaranteed by us:

EPICURE SHREDDED PLUG - - - - 10 CTS.
CAMPBELL'S SHAG (2½ oz. paper—2 oz. tin) - 10 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION CUT PLUG - - - - 5 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION NEW CUT - - - - 5 CTS.
MOOSE HEAD (Granulated Smoking; Best on earth for cigarettes) 5 CTS.
EXPANSION SUN CURED PLUG U. S. NATURAL LEAF PLUG
(THE BEST FOR CHEWING)

MANUFACTURED BY THE

United States Tobacco Co.

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

OPEN 8.00 to 6.00 P. M. SATURDAYS UNTIL 9.00 P. M.

The Emerson Shoe — HONEST ALL THROUGH

UNION-MADE $3.50 to $6.00

907 Pa. Avenue Northwest
1925 14th Street Northwest 14th and N. Y. Avenue

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 208 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall. 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillon, 1111 Park Place, N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D, C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every 2nd and 4th Fridays, Donohues Hall, 314 Pa. Avene S.E., Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street N.E.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 You street northwest.

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourthMonday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typo. Temple. Secretary, R. F. Dant, 20th & Bryant St. n.e., Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

HUNKS OF DOUGH

Hurrah!
Bakers' Union, 118.
Again in sight,
In black on white!

This time it comes above the signature of J. G. Schmidt, in Volume XIX, No. 15, of Oct. 9, 1914, of the Trades Unionists and shows us the rules of the unemployment fund. It was in July, 1911, when B. U. 118 instructed a committee to draft such measure and while that committee did the best it could, the meeting which was to pass upon it did realy pass it along. It was with many a members a piece of legislation with which they did not intend to grabble just like many members did with the work and decisions of the Kansas City convention. No doubt the rules of the present committee who is working on it since the second meeting of last January, is less difficult for the average member to understand then the 1911 rules. They furthermore do not contain any dues or contributions towards their maintenance, as did the 1911 rules. Much more time was spent and all obtainable rules from all local unions were gathered, and from them the most suitable paragraphs were drafted, and now we, the members of 188, may well give the committee of 1914, of which Bro. J. G. Schmidt, John Geiger, Fred Raulin, Fred Hanold were members, the best thanks they can ask for, and that is, the adoption of their work. As a delegate from B. U. 118, and from the Aux. to the Milwaukee convention, the writer had the opportunity to learn the system of caring for idle members as in vogue by some other locals and which, by the way, may be better than the out of work funds of the locals of No. 2, Chicago (they pay 60 cents per month per member to this fund alone) and of Local No. 4, St. Louis, Mo., and others, because the idle members do not receive any money from the union, but instead, are given a chance to work in a bakeshop and earn it every week by steady men giving up a day when necessary, and thereby the taste of charity that may exist are entirely done away with. Nevertheless, the rules upon which the members of 118 are to vote next Saturday, October 17, at 4 p. m., are the only rules that are practicable in Washington at this time.

All members of 118 and of the auxiliary to 118, are getting the Bakers' Journal and it is a duty to themselves to open that paper and read, not alone the suggestions of the committee on constitution of the last convention under which these ideas of support to the idle members are printed, but also the whole proceedings of the convention.

There should be no arguments against the introduction of an out of work fund. Every man is entitled to the wage we are getting. I say he needs it because it is a living wage only. If he does not get it he suffers. He may have been able to scrape together enough to own a little house which he can call his own, but he pays taxes even on that; and he cannot eat it or get a mortgage (death-grip) on it when he is out of a job. He may have a home and a few dollars in the bank, but if he is well he still wants to work and be productive, and it should be the duty of every union member to use his union to create conditions whereby unproductiveness and consequently pauperism is done away forever, at least, so far as union members are concerned.

Therefore, turn out with good spirit and broad minds next Saturday and vote to get the proposed idle fund solidly established in Bakers' Union 188. The cost therefor does not make you poorer or weaker, but stronger. Intrench yourself for any eventualities.

C. P. REICHEL.

DIES SUDDENLY.

Friends of Louis Kemper, international secretary of the Brewery Workers, were astounded at the news of his sudden death during the past week at his home in Cincinnati. He contracted a cold during the recent convention at Baltimore, which developed into a case of pneumonia, which was the direct cause of death. He was in the best of health and spirits on his recent visit to this city, where he was the guest of the locals of Brewery Workers. Thomas Tracey, secretary of the Label Trades Department, was officially delegated to attend the services over his remains as the representative of the A. F. of L. by President Gompers, who was a warm personal friend of Brother Kemper and who was prevented from being present at the funeral owing to the meeting of the Executive Council now being held in this city.

GENEROUS UNION MEN.

Galveston, Tex.—The Galveston Labor Council has headed a movement in this city for the purpose of providing ways and means for furnishing school books to the children in this city whose parents are unable to buy them this year. The fund to be used for this commendable purpose is not to be a charity, but is to be considered as a loan to the parents until it can be repaid.

JAMES MADE CHAIRMAN

President Ferguson of the Maryland State and District of Columbia Federation of Labor has announced his selection for the most important committee connected with the organization and in his selection of Newton A. James to head this committee, and A. C. Hayden as another of its members, the locals can feel secure in the knowledge that their interests will be well taken care of. This committee can render valuable assistance to organized labor, and with Newton at its head, confidence will be restored, something that has been lacking owing to its personal.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL MEETS

The Executive Council of the A. F. of L., have been in session during the past week preparatory to the opening of the convention next month at Philadelphia. Various matters of importance was considered by the Council, and the coming convention promises to be the most important ever held.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William F. Berger, Frank B. Helm, Lewis H. Breswitz, Alexander S. Oswald, and Albert J. Cullen, temporary pressmen.

M. E. Lusby, Will F. Friend, Andrew S. Jackson, John C. Carter, and Benjamin T. Ford, temporary unskilled laborers.

Miss Agnes J. Brosnan, skilled laborer, transferred from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Separations.

Daniel Williams, watchman, resinged.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Phone Connection

The Gratz Hotel, formerly the Majestic, is under entire new management. It is thoroughly renovated. Entire satisfaction guaranteed.

Would be pleased to meet my brother union men.

L. GRATZ, Proprietor.

470 Pa. Ave. N. W. Washington, D. C.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — A.T.S.I.E. 224 — LOCAL No. WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Gayety, 9th St. bet. E & F Sts. N. W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meader's, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Regent, - - - 18th & V Sts. N. W.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
Lafayette - - - - 1307 E St. N. W.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Scenic Wisconsin Ave. & N St. N.W.

WELLER'S O. K. CAPSULES

THIS REMEDY FOR FIVE MALADIES

MALARIA, COLDS, CHILLS AND FEVER, GRIPPE, AND BILIOUSNESS.

A combination of the latest and most scientific remedies. Stimulates the liver, checks fever, stops aches, overcomes congestion. Embodies all the merits of ordinary remedies with special merits of its own.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

P. B. Suits
for Fall and Winter in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25
Parker, Bridget & Co.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS
"The Avenue at Ninth"

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

TERMINAL BAR

STRICTLY UNION

No. 44 G STREET N E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up

HOTEL STERLING

13th and E Streets

Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

REED & BELLO
UNION TAILORS

Phone Main 6937 811 G Street N. W.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth Street Southeast

Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

CORBY BROS.

100 per cent Pure
Bread
fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents

Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find
THE NORRIS HOUSE
OPEN AT 4 A. M.
DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor
Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

ALLEN'S BUFFET
PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 18 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

LABOR UNIONS EXEMPTION FROM ANTI-TRUST LAWS.

Issuance of Injunction Orders Is Regulated and Jury Trials Provided in All Cases of Alleged Indirect Contempts. American Federation of Labor Wins Sweeping Victory.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S VIEWS ON THE LABOR EXEMPTION CLAUSE IN THE CLAYTON BILL.

In a letter to Representative Underwood, October 17:

"Incidentally, justice has been done the laborer. His labor is no longer to be treated as if it were merely an inanimate object of commerce, disconnected from the fortunes and happiness of a living, human being, to be dealt with as an object of sale and barter. But that, great as it is, is hardly more than the natural and inevitable corollary of a law whose object is individual freedom and initiative as against any kind of private domination."

The Clayton bill is now a law, and marks the beginning of a new epoch, because of the following amendment, introduced by Senator Cummins, and which is destined to become historic:

"THE LABOR OF A HUMAN BEING IS NOT A COMMODITY OR ARTICLE OF COMMERCE."

The labor sections contained in the bill are substitutes for the Bartlett-Bacon bill, which made no mention of jury trials in alleged indirect contempts, which is fully covered in the new act. The Clayton bill provides for the exemption of trade unions from trust classification in the following manner:

"THAT THE LABOR OF A HUMAN BEING IS NOT A COMMODITY OR ARTICLE OF COMMERCE. NOTHING CONTAINED IN THE ANTI-TRUST LAWS SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO FORBID THE EXISTENCE AND OPERATION OF LABOR, AGRICULTURAL, OR HORTICULTURAL ORGANIZATIONS, INSTITUTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF MUTUAL HELP, AND NOT HAVING CAPITAL STOCK OR CONDUCTED FOR PROFIT, OR TO FORBID OR RESTRAIN INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF SUCH ORGANIZATIONS FROM LAWFULLY CARRYING OUT THE LEGITIMATE OBJECTS THEREOF; NOR SHALL SUCH ORGANIZATIONS OR THE MEMBERS THEREOF BE HELD OR CONSTRUED TO BE ILLEGAL COMBINATIONS OR CONSPIRACIES IN RESTRAINT OF TRADE, UNDER THE ANTI-TRUST LAWS."

The sections regulating injunctions provide that no Federal court can issue a restraining order in any labor dispute unless necessary to prevent irreparable injury to property, or to a property right, for which there is no adequate remedy at law, and such property or property right must be described "with particularity" and sworn to in the application for a writ.

No injunction can be issued for the following reasons:

To prohibit any person or persons, whether singly on in concert, from ceasing work or urging others so to do.

To prohibit any person or persons from "attending at any place where any such person or persons may lawfully be, for the purpose of peacefully obtaining or communicating information, or from peacefully persuading any person to work or to abstain from working."

To prohibit any person from withholding their patronage from any party to a labor dispute, or "from recommending, advising, or persuading others by peaceful and lawful means so to do."

To prohibit the payment of strike benefits or "other moneys or things of value" to persons engaged in labor disputes.

To prohibit peaceful assembling in a lawful manner and for lawful purposes.

To prohibit any act which might be lawfully done if no strike existed.

It is further provided that NONE OF THE ACTS SPECIFIED ABOVE SHALL BE "CONSIDERED OR HELD TO BE VIOLATIONS OF ANY LAW OF THE UNITED STATES."

Under this section, strikers are allowed to do peaceful picketing, to urge other workmen to join them, to urge a withholding of patronage from those parties to the dispute, and to assemble in a peaceful manner to discuss their grievances.

Jury trials are provided for any one charged with indirect contempt (disobeying the order of the court, outside the presence of the court). This does not apply to offenses committed in the presence of the court—indecorum, disrespect, disorderly conduct, etc.

The law applies to all Federal courts, and is intended to put an end to injunction orders of the Judge Dayton kind, where workers have been enjoined from attempting to organize non-unionists without the consent of employers.

The declaration that the labor power of a human being is not a commodity means that henceforth new ideals will be the rule in the treatment of workers by legislative and judicial bodies, for with the taking of labor from the "commodity class" the human element will be paramount, and the repeated declarations of the American Federation of Labor regarding the rights of man made possible.

CHILD LABOR LAW NEEDED

Philadelphia.—In commenting on the report of the Pennsplvania Child Labor association that of the 4,000 children applying for permission to work 1,000 was physically defective, The North American, of this city, makes this editorial comment:

"To begin to comprehend the full meaning of these figures it is necessary to bear in mind that these children had not yet been subject to the crushing, grinding experience of trying to keep up with an inexorable, power-driven machine or of spending their waking hours in the dank, dust-laden whirr of a factory.

"They were but the fresh raw material for the grundyizing process of Pennsylvania child-industry. It does not require a very active imagination to conjure a vision of those crooked little spines bending lower under the weight of premature burdens. One can see those hollow chests become more concave, those defective limbs become more twisted, those wavering nerves snap, those tubercular lungs wither and decay to early death.

"It is to prevent such harvests of misery that the champions of child labor are fighting in Pennsylvania. Even healthful children hurried at an immature age into industry, with its grind, its long hours, its lack of joy, its confinement, its killing pace will have a critical struggle to grow into normal manhood and womanhood.

"What chance have those in whom the seeds of dissolution have already been sown, those who face the unequal struggle with twisted backs and crooked limbs and pigeon breasts and and consumption already eating their vitals? They have no chance except a miracle from heaven. "The child labor forces are fighting to give these kids a start in life, to let them develop bodily strength, before they are forced into the fight for the enrichment of the exploiters."

WHAT THE WORLD SAYS.

New York, Oct. 24.—"A Legislative Landmark" is the caption for an editorial on the Clayton anti-trust bill, published in the World, of this city, which says:

"The Clayton anti-trust bill, signed by the President, may not be the last word on the subject, but it ends for the time being an agitation that has been in progress for years, and it is a fulfillment of another emphatic party promise.

"To the extent that it relieves labor unions lawfully conducted from the pains and penalties of the Sherman act, it is the most impressive legislative reversal of judical decisions that has taken place in this county since the Dred Scott judgment was overturned by civil war."

SECURE NEW AGREEMENT.

Quincy, Ill.—After a strike that lasted less than a week the Electrical Workes' union has secured a new contract which calls for 42½ cents an hour and an eight-hour work day. This means an increase of five cents an hour, and a reduction of hours from nine to eight. A special agreement was signed for the apprentices who will hereafter receive higher wages and work the same number of hours as the journeymen. The new scale goes into effect December 1, but from now until then the rate will be 40 cents instead of 37½ cents. The agreement will continue until October 1, 1916.

URGE BENEFICIAL LAWS.

Detroit.—Officers of the Michigan State Federation of Labor are interesting the various organized centers in labor's legislative program, which will be submitted to the incoming state legislature. It is proposed to amend the compensation act so that benefits for vacational sickness will be paid. A mothers' pension law is included in the list.

OPPOSE JOKER PROPOSAL

Fort Worth, Tex.—In response to an inquiry from American Federation of Labor Organizer Woodman, of this city, President Gompers expresses his disapproval of the pending initiative and referendum amendment to the Texas constitution, as follows.

"I have carefully examined the proposed amendment and assure you that it is my earnest conviction that it is unworthy of support; that it should be voted down at the coming election."

The American Federation of Labor executive shows that the amendment is not "self executing"—that is, it will require an act of the legislature to put it into effect, and if the legislature refuses, the people are helpless, as a legislature cannot be subject to mandamus proceedings. Amendments similar to this were adopted by the people of Utah in 1900 and by the people of Idaho in 1912, and they are still waiting for these legislatures to act.

Continuing, President Gompers says:

"But suppose the legislature of Texas did act, what then? It has the power to fix the terms upon which the people may exercise the initiative and referendum. It could require a two-thirds majority vote to enact any law. It could deny the right of referendum on expenditure of money by the legislature or any other question. It could prohibit the people from initiating laws on certain subjects. It could require that 20 per cent petitions be secured in each county of the State. It could prohibit the people from circulating petitions and require that citizens voluntarily go to a courthouse and sign them in the presence of a judge. It can give the Supreme court the right to declare as 'unconstitutional' laws passed by the people. In short, there are many, many 'jokers' which the legislature could insert and render the law absolutely useless."

Objection is also made to the 20 per cent requirement for petitions, which makes the figure prohibitive. Experience has shown that 8 per cent is sufficient.

President Gompers urges unionists and sympathizers not to retard the fight for direct legislation by indorsing this amendment, but unite with the farmers to conduct a vigorous campaign in opposition.

STREET CAR MEN WIN STRIKE.

Fort Smith, Ark.—After a 24-hours' strike, street car employes forced the traction company of this city to recognize their newly formed union, which is now a 100 per cent organization. The local was formed September 27 by A. F. of L. Organizer C. H. Miller and sixteen members were discharged immediately. The Central Trades Council held a mass meeting which was attended by sympathizing citizens, who joined with the unionists in a request that the men be reinstated. Failing in this a strike was called. The company was refused guards and special police by the city commissioners and sheriff. With not a wheel turing and public opinion against them, the company officials accepted the workers' ultimatum.

WANT A FIVE-DAY WEEK.

Seattle.—The Typographical union has passed a resolution calling on all locals in the States of Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Montana, Utah, Nevada and Colorado to start a campaign for a five-day law for four months, and asks the executive council of the International Typographical union for assistance in enforcing this action.

ASK ARBITRATION.

Cleveland.—The Street Car Men's union has rejected the local company's offer of a 27-cent rate per hour for first year men and 31 cents for men in the service more than a year. The car men unanimously favored arbitration to settle a disputed section in the agreement.

FIGHT COMPENSATION LAW

Omaha.—It is stated that many Nebraska lawyers are opposing the compensation act, which goes before the people of this state next month, and the claim is used as the best of reasons why the people should favor a plan to put this class of attorneys out of business.

The law was enacted by the 1913 legislature, but before it could become operative certain lawyers attacked the provision under the initiative and referendum law. A vote on the question will be taken at the November election. Thirty-five per cent of the total number of voters of the State must signify that they desire the law as passed by the legislature to remain on the statute books. Should that number fail to vote in favor of the law it will be recalled and declarded void. Lawyers from one end of the State to the other are fighting against the ordinance.

Under the present system of lawsuits for damages based upon negligence, the plaintiff's attorney usually takes not less than 50 per cent of the amount recovered, while under the compensation law all settlements are made direct between the employer and the injured workman, according to the schedule of benefits named in the law. The attorney is eliminated entirely from these settlements, which fact fully explain the reason for the opposition.

Although the law was enacted in the spring of 1913, the "damage suit" sort of lawyers have prevented its becoming a law until the State vote is taken. And in the meantime lawyers of this class continue receiving large profits on all injuries.

PROFIT BY DIVISION.

Stockton, Cal.—Internal dissension made it possible for antiunion manufacturers in this city to start an "open shop" fight, was the declaration of J. T. Woods, who spoke before the State Federation of Labor convention as fraternal delegate from the State Building Trades Council.

The speaker traced the quarrels in the local Building Trades Council and the central body, brought on by men who were paid to do this and who have since been discovered, but not before the movement became disorganizzed to the extent of failing to answer the first attack.

"I am telling you this that you may profit by our experience," Woods told the delegates. "Oust the professional agitator from your ranks. Don't let him cause a split in your union or your council. If you do, you will find that will be the time when the common enemy will step in and openly make war on the labor movement We in Stockton have learned our lesson. We have united the labor movement here. We hope that you wil profit by our mistakes."

FAVORS FREE TEXT BOOKS.

Logansport, Ind.—The state convention of the Indiana Equal Suffrage association adopted resolutions demanding that the next session of the state legislature amend the factory inspection laws by the appointment of two women factory inspectors in addition to the present force of men inspectors, and also enact the free text-book law for public schools. The convention also favored pensions for mothers, and appointed a committee of three to make a thorough investigation of the subject, with a veiw of obtaining the most practical measure.

STATE BOARD WILL DECIDE.

Brockton, Mass.—An arrangement has been made whereby the dispute between the striking laundry workers and their employers will be settled by the state board of conciliation and arbitration rather than by a local board. The strikers have returned to work. International President Brock, of the Laundry Workers' Union, is in the city assisting these workers in bettering conditions.

MANY CHILDREN DEFICIENT

Philadelphia.—Nearly one-fourth of the children who apply for employment certificates in this state are imperfect, physically, according to a communication sent to the local board of education by the Pennsylvania Child Labor association, which urges that provision be made by the board for the examination of applicants, in accordance with the child labor law of 1909.

Seventeen of the 3,954 applicants examined were refused employment certificates because of permanent disablement; 427 others were refused certificates temporarily, pending correction of physical defects. Of these 427, 336 needed glasses, 75 had bad teeth, and 16 were suffering from various defects.

Following are some of the defects found: Stooped shoulders, boys, 443; girls, 189; deformities of the spine, boys, 20; girls, 18; deformities of limbs, boys, 5; girls, 189; deformities of the spine, boys, heart affections, boys, 48; girls, 26; lung affections, boys, 32; girls, 13.

Tuberculosis, actual or suspicious, boys, 28; girls, 12; unstable nervous system, boys, 13; girls, 10; anemia, boys, 245; girls, 175; moderately enlarged tonsils, boys, 270; girls, 231; markedly enlarged tonsils, boys, 46; girls, 23; moderate obstruction of the nose and throat, boys, 135; girls, 65; marked obstruction of the same, boys, 25; girls, 10.

One to three teeth decayed, boys, 717; girls, 545; four or more teeth decayed, boys, 58; girls 47; defective hearing, boys, 51; girls, 16; pigeon breast, boys, 5; flat foot, boys, 2, wry neck, boys, 1; eczema, boys, 2; squint, boys, 9; girls, 7; fracture of patella, boys, 1; defective speech, boys, 3; girls, 4; cataract, boys, 1; girls, 1; funnel breast, girls, 1; mentally deficient, girls, 2.

MOTHER JONES' ADVICE.

Trinidad.—"Lay aside your scruples as to party and vote for the man," was the advice of Mother Jones in an address to a mass meeting of unionists. Vice President Frank Hayes of the United Mine Workers appealed for unity, "which," he declared, "is needed in this county now more than ever before, and regardless of party prejudices we should stick together and vote for the common good."

The miners in this vicinity are vitally interested in the coming election, and are appearing to all classes of citizens to unite with them and other trade unionists to elect a ticket indorsed by labor in opposition to the present office-holding ring, whose brutal disregard for justice has been an aid to the Colorado Fuel and Iron company in their antagonism to the miners' union and their refusal to obey state laws. Congressman Keating, a member of the Labor group, is also being strongly urged for re-election. At the meeting above referred to, Mother Jones pleaded with the working men and women that their votes be cast for the present representative.

HOW TO RAISE WAGES.

Joliet, Ill.—The benefits to be derived from compact and staunch organization were outlined by Miss Margaret Haley, of Chicago, in an address to teachers of this city, who were told: "Organize yourselves and your wages will climb." In referring to wages paid teachers in this city, the speaker declared the rate was ridiculous, and is less money than is paid to factory workers, and "it is a blot to the name of any city to maintain such a scale."

STREET CAR MEN'S HOME.

Detroit, Mich.—The Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes announce that work will soon begin on their new home. A private residence, which was on the lot purchased, will be torn down and a $20,000 two-story office building will replace it.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 30, 1914.

Labor in America is Independent and Proud. It has not to ask the patronage of Capital, but Capital solicits the aid of labor.

MADE IN AMERICA.

The "Made in America" movement which is now sweeping the country is a great movement. Excellent for our country and our citizens. Let us carry this movement a little further. Buy goods "Made in America," and buy them from our Home merchants. It will keep your money in circulation in America and in the town where you reside.

Stand by those who stand by you, and unless we do, it is an unquestionable fact that we can accomplish very little, if anything. Now let us practice what we preach, and buy American-made goods at home—from our own merchants.

THE CLAYTON ANTI-TRUST BILL.

In another column of this paper will be found a full account of this bill which exempts labor unions from anti-trust laws.

We find that labor's efforts have at last been crowned with success, when President Wilson signed the Clayton Anti-Trust bill, which distinctly says that the "labor of a human being is not a commodity or an article of commerce." There has been a hard fight waged for the passage of this measure by the American Federation of Labor.

We have a right to feel proud over this, for the new law puts labor unions and farmers' organizations beyond the reach of prejudiced injunction judges. Another mile post in the march of human progress.

WHERE DOES CHARITY BEGIN FIRST?

We all know, at home, of course, but just now the charitably inclined are bending their efforts toward the collection of funds for Christmas presents for the little ones in the war stricken nations of Europe. It is all well and good as the Christmas present giving plan is probably more of a testimonial of good wishes of the people of America than anything else.

But it behooves us to say, if we really want to contribute Christmas presents to children, there is no necessity in going to the other side of the world to find them. There are any number of children in America who do not know what a Christmas present means, furthermore they lack a deal in getting the simple necessities of life which should be the portion of every child.

We do not mean to discourage the heart-felt sympathy for the children of the war stricken nations of Europe, as we are merely pointing out the fact that charity starts at home first—least we forget.

WHAT WE ALL NEED.

Did you ever stop to consider that not only do school children need physical exercise, but that we all need it, and should have it. Physical exercise will develop the physique, strengthen the the mind, and broaden the intellect. We are aware of the fact that it is conducive to health—and good health brings peace of mind and an ambition to do things.

Many of the greatest and wisest men of the nation indulge in physical exercises. It is a case of necessity as the strain upon their mentality is so great that without some diversion they would soon collapse.

Therefore, exercise and strong physical development serves to keep them in the best of condition and enables them to continue unabated their strenuous pace until late in life.

Physical exercise would do much for the people—its results can be seen in many ways—in increased ambition, in tangible results, more proficient in every way. We all need it and should have it, and what is easier of attainment?

WHAT ABOUT OUR UNEMPLOYED.

From those who are closely in touch with the "labor market" predict that this winter will see the largest army of unemployed men that has ever existed for some years past.

It is not unreasonable to say this means starving and freezing men, destitute families, petty crimes, some of which may develop into serious crimes. Of course, it isn't a very pleasant thing to think of, but should be guarded against if possible. We have charitable institutions to care for these men which is very good, but is not humiliating to well able-bodied men to have to seek such assistance, and these institutions at their best are inadequate and frequently incompetent to cope with the situation.

When a man is practically driven to commit a crime through privations, our system of jurisprudence does not allow that the conditions which led to the crime shall enter into the matter. But simply to determine whether or not the "law" has been violated. Why such, is permitted to exist in the twentieth century, is past understanding.

Work of some nature should be provided. Naturally there would be an expense incurred, but the expense incurred would not equal by far the cost of broken lives and misery that will ensue if nothing is done.

Let us come to our senses and devise ways and means so to arrive at a uniform method of control and regulation over this matter. In the cause of human rights.

NEWS FROM ABROAD

By F. E. Buckland.

The German papers will publish almost anything that will keep the people in good humor. According to the papers England is responsible for sending false news to the American papers. One of the Hamburg papers published an item one evening, saying they had received a cablegram from America saying that it was reported there that Hamburg was in flames and that Emperor William had been assassinated. It may be that the English are guilty of this indictment, but the Germans are doing the same thing on a large scale, and have published some fake news that would put some of the saffron sheets in New York to shame. In the early part of August "extras" announced the assassination of President Poincare of France, but the next day denied it. On another day the papers told how the Russian fleet had been destroyed, while on other occasions, if their accounts had been true the war was practically over for the Germans had whipped the rest of Europe that had declared war against her.

American citizens who brought their automobiles over to Europe are in hard luck in Germany, for they cannot obtain any gasoline to run them. As soon as the war was declared the government stopped the sale of gasoline, except in guantities of four liters a day. There are very few automobiles (except electrically-propelled cars) to be seen on the streets now, and when they are seen they are in the service of the military authorities, for every automobile using gasoline has been taken by the government. One German acquaintance told me the government had taken two of his. This is true, too, of horses, for the government has taken all of the horses they may need, and not a day passes that we do not see long strings of horses being led through the streets on their way to the railroad to be shipped to the front. Three thousand horses were sent out of Hamburg in one day early in August. Even before war was declared all the horses on the frontier of Russia were sent farther into German territory.

On Monday, August 24, Consul-General Morgan succeeded in getting the officials to send a special train to Rotterdam, carrying only Americans. Each one who made application to go on this special deposited his passport and the price of the railroad ticket at the Consulate and was then told to call between three and four o'clock. At that hour an official from the foreign office came to the Consulate and distributed the tickets and returned the passports duly vised to the various owners. The train was scheduled to leave at 5:21 P. M., although it was an hour later before it got away. I went to the station and told the officials I was from the American Consulate and was politely escarted down to the platform where the train was standing. I walked along the train and shook hands with those acquaintance I had made and inquired of others if they were comfortable. I never saw such a happy crowd of travelers, and when the train pulled out every one that could reach a window was leaning out and waving their handkerchiefs and yellings like wild Indians. The railway employees and the thousands of citizens on the bridges crossing the tracks gave them a hearty send off. The train was twenty-six hours in running to Rotterdam, when the usual time is from eight to ten hours.

A list for a second special was started by Mr. Morgan, but before he secured the necessary two hundred applicants demanded by the railway officials a train was put on that makes the trip in twelve hours, leaving Hamburg at 9:10 each morning. A special train was run through from Berlin to Rotterdam, carrying eight hundred Americans, and several specials have been run from Munich, carrying thousands of Americans from that city and vicinity. While railway service for civilians is still in a deplorable condition, it is daily improving to some extent, but there is no doubt that with a German repulse it will again become all but impossible to get out of the country, and consequently Americans who have got the price of a railway ticket are making their way toward Holland, beleiving that they are getting a little nearer home at least.

JUDGE ENJOINS PICKETS.

Seattle.—Judge Ronald, of the Kings County Superior court, has issued an injunction against unionists maintaining pickets near the premises of an unfair employer. The court said:

"The wages he (the plaintiff) pays are union wages, the hours he works are union hours, the conditions surrounding the work are sanitary union conditions. In all these he is 'fair,' according to the standard of union fairnes in these particulars.

The unionists are astounded at this declaration of the court and announce they will appeal the case, as there was no evidence presented by the plaintiff to sustain this view of Judge Ronald.

APPEAL INJUNCTION CASE

Washington.—The United States Supreme Court has granted the request of the Hitchman Coal and Coke Company of West Virginia for a review of the decision made by the Federal Court of Appeals, sitting in Richmond, Va., last May, when Judge Dayton's injunction against officers of the United Mine Workers was set aside.

Judge Dayton issued this injunction in 1907 against John Michell and W. B. Wilson, then officers of the United Mine Workers, and all others, who were enjoined, among other things, from attempting to unionize the Hitchman employes "without the plaintiff's consent."

The Court of Appeals reversed this order, and held:

"It should be understood once and for all that as long as capital employs legitimate means for the protection of property rights, that it is to be accorded the protection of the law; but this does not mean that capital may, by improper methods, from combinations for the purpose of preventing labor from organizing for mutual protection."

The company appealed from this decision and insisted that the questions involved are of such importance to capital and labor that the court of last resort should review the case.

RECEIVER FOR CORSET FIRM.

Grand Rapids, Mich.—The Kalamazoo Corset Company is in the hands of receivers, by action of the Federal District Court, sitting in this city. The assets of the company are given as $579,296, with liabilities of $463,544. This concern has fought its girl employes, who have been on strike for three years. The contest was given wide publicity because of the vigorous manner in which these workers presented their claims for public sympathy. Several of them were jailed for violating injunctions that denied them the right to ask strikebreakers to stay away from the plant.

VALUE OF STEEL CARS.

Williamsport, Pa.—All-steel cars proved their value when an eastbound passenger train was wrecked near here because of a broken axle under the tender.

The entire train, three day coaches, three parlor cars, a diner and a baggage car left the rails, the engine and baggage car rolling down a six-foot embankment. More than 100 passengers were aboard. All were badly shaken up, but only six sustained injures. All were able to continue their journey. None of the crew was hurt.

JOBS FOR UNEMPLOYED.

Indianapolis.—Employers and unemployed men and women in constantly increasing numbers are making use of the free employment bureaus in the various states was the report made by delegates to the second annual convention of the American Association of Public Employment Offices, held in this city. W. G. Ashton, assistant commissioner of labor of Oklahoma, presented a plan for gathering and distributing harvest workers in the grain states.

ORGANIZE CENTRAL BODY.

Virginia, Minn.—President Hall of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor is in this city directing the formation of a central body to be chartered by the American Federation of Labor. A similar body has been formed at International Falls, and the unionist announces that the state organization will continue along this line for the purpose of solidifying Minnesota organized workers.

COUNTY RAISES WAGES.

Los Angeles, Cal.—The new county wage scale ordinance passed by the Board of Supervisors is a decided improvement over old conditions, as the scale in many instances equals that of the interested union. In most other cases the scale at the beginning is lower, but provision is made for a raise at the end of six months' service, and still another at the end of a year, when the rates equal those of the union.

TO INCREASE MEMBERSHIP.

Taunton, Mass.—The Central Labor union of this city has started an organizing campaign which will be continued for three months for the purpose of interesting every unorganized wage worker in the question of unionism. The various locals will be requested to appoint a representative to work with the organizer in charge.

SUFFRAGE DECISION STANDS.

Springfield, Ill.—The State Supreme court has denied the motion for a rehearing of the case in which the legality of the women's suffrage act was upheld in the last session.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3118 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT — Phone North 192

FUSSELL'S ICE CREAM

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles $1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. — TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

W. B. Moses & Sons

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union — Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

When Purchasing Bread

Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG

Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

THE DRILLERY

1100 New York Ave. N. W.

Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.

Open All the Year.
Session Daily 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Summer Rates.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Business Hours: 8.15 to 5.00 P. M.

For Best Kitchen Wares

----And Other
----Household Needs

Visit our departments of Housefurnishings, China, and Glassware. The assortments in the various lines are most complete.

All the best known makes of household wares, both imported and domestic, are included.

Decorated Dinnerware.
Decorated Toiletware.
Glassware of every Description.
Lamps and Electroliers.
Refrigerators.
Agate Nickel-Steel Utensils
Vollrath Enameled Utensils.
All-White Enameled Utensils.
Aluminum Kitchen Utensils.
High-Class Kitchen Cutlery.
Complete Laundry Equipments.
Coffee-Making Devices.
Imported Molds and Cutters.
Bathroom Fixtures.
Antirust Tinware.
Russian Iron and Steel Roasting Pans.
Labor-Saving Devices for Cooking, Housecleaning, &c.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"

WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

LIVERIES, UNIFORMS SPORTING GOODS

Saks & Company

MEN'S AND BOYS OUTFITTERS

At the Avenue and 7th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY

Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.

Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

H. M. MARKS, Prop. Phone Main 5562

THEATRICAL HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL MARKS
AMERICAN PLAN

10th & E Sts. Running Hot & Cold water in All Rooms

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English
Civil Service Preparation

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

James R. Alford, a well-known member of Columbia Union who is now a resident of the Printers Home at Colorado Springs, in the course of an interesting letter to his friend J. H. Babcock, of the Printery's proof room, has this to say of his condition, which will interest and please his friends here and elsewhere:

"I am glad that I have so many friends that are enough interested in me to inquire as to my health. You may say to all of them that I am improving rapidly. I have gained in strength greatly, have taken on several pounds in weight, and eat like a horse. I have hopes of returning to Washington by early spring anyhow. I am very anxious to get into harness again, but will wait till the Home physician thinks it safe for me to leave here."

In another portion of his letter Mr. Alford speaks with much feeling of the many kindnesses of fellow-craftsmen and says that "they are all princes and princesses when it comes to their treatment of 'down-and-outers,' as I discovered when I was sick at home."

"Those of us from Washington," he says, "are always on the lookout for news from there, and if one runs across a TRADES UNIONIST or other home publication we pass it around. The Star and Times are on file in the Home library."

That Mr. Alford is one of the Home's tent dwellers is indicated by this paragraph: "The weather is fine, though the nights are very cool, and we fellows who sleep out of doors have to bundle up to pass the nights comfortably."

"F. C. Roberts," says Mr. Alford, "made himself solid with every inmate of the Home when here at the meeting of the board of directors, and Mrs. Roberts was as popular as he, especially with the Washington contingent, present and past."

* * *

At Typographical Temple, on Sunday last, there was held the annual meeting of the Washington Union Printers Athletic Association, and in point of numbers it was one of the most successful gatherings of the organization that has been held for several years past, and the harmony and enthusiasm of all present was marked. Reports of officers were presented covering all the transactions of the association in detail for the year, and the retiring officials were tendered a rising vote of thanks for the successful conduct of affairs during the past twelve months. President Parsons, National Commissioner Greenawald, and Manager Luitich each declined re-election, after two years successful service, and Thomas A. Bynum was elected president, Edgar T. Brown, of the Times, national commissioner, and William R. Love, of the Government Printing Office, manager. The other officers are: W. N. Brockwell, secretary-treasurer; George G. Seibold, George O. Atkinson, and A. W. Suess, anditors. The new board of directors is composed of the three executive officers and the following elective members: H. N. Kelchner, Star; C. D. Deming, Herald; R. E. Sanders, Post; Elmer E. Boyd, Times; John W. Sherman, Government Printing Office; F. E. Thornburg, downtown.

The next annual tournament of the Union Printers National Baseball League will be held in Philadelphia in the late summer or early fall of next year, and it is the desire of the association to have there a team of printer players that will reflect credit on the national capital. Now is a good time to join the association and use your influence to forward the movement which such organizations stand for—more of the outdoor life and physical exercise for the printers, and consequent improvement of both health and morals. Besides the local branch, the Union Printers National Baseball League comprises clubs in Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Indianapolis, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, New York, St. Louis, and St. Paul.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

Attention, Union Men!

Patronize the merchants who advertise in this paper. THE TRADES UNIONIST is appreciated by those merchants who are in sympathy with the workers' cause, or who look for the business of the wage-earner, and they use its advertising columns.

There is hardly a firm in the city that could stand out openly, and say it did not care for the workingman's trade, but names could be mentioned of business men who have nothing but hard words to hand out in return for a generous patronage. Stand by the business men who stand by you.

You can purchase as cheaply and advantageously from THE TRADES UNIONIST'S advertisers, with good treatment thrown in, as from any or all others combined.

Patronize our advertisers.

Help your friends.

Get union label goods.

Don't fail to read the THE TRADES UNIONIST every week, devoted to the interests of the working people.

WORKING OVERTIME.

Elizabeth, N. J.—Conditions at the Central Railroad of New Jersey shops are better than ever before in their history. Not only are all the employes again working full time, but those of the electrical section are to work six days a week and nine hours a day, according to a bulletin just issued. The painters will also be placed on extra time. It is stated that every section and department of the plant is filled with work.

BUTCHER WORKMEN MEET.

Stockton, Cal.—At the convention of the California State Federation of Butcher Workmen the universal eight-hour constitutional amendment was indorsed, as was also a proposal providing for state supervision of meat inspection. The convention favored national ownership of the meat industry.

EDITOR LAUDS UNIONS.

San Francisco.—Editor Barry, of the Star, makes this pertinent editorial comment: "Men who make war upon labor unions, as such, make war upon social progress. What is faulty in the labor union movement is insignificant as compared with what is good, and with what is working for true social betterment."

SHOW STEADY INCREASE.

Rogerville, Tenn.—President Berry, of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants union, reports contracts for increases in wages and improvement in conditions have been entered into the past month at Muncie, Ind.; Billings, Mont.; St. Joseph, Mo. (press assistants); Reading, Pa., and Cedar Rapids, Ia.

RAISE LABORERS' WAGES.

Montreal.—Starting with the first of next month, laborers employed by the city on public works will receive $2.50 for a nine-hour day.

Attention, Readers!

The attention of the readers is called to the advertising columns of this paper, in the hope that they will at all times give preference, when making purchases, to those merchants who use this paper as an advertising medium. Also, when making those purchases, let it be known that you saw their "ad." in THE TRADES UNIONIST, and you will bestow a great favor on its owner, which will be greatly appreciated. The columns of this paper are open at all times to members of organized labor having anything of interest to say of their craft, or to organized labor in general. So you are respectfully invited to make use of same.

Get Busy.

Shedding tears over what you think you have done for your union or what you try to make others think you have done only emphasizes that which you have not done. Cut out the crying and whinning long enough to do something to brag about. What the union needs is men, real men, not babies.

In the line of gossip, telling tales out of school, please take a tip and don't believe anything you hear and only half what you see—the world will be the better for it.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy, and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Anglin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
FALL AND WINTER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 I St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P. Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 I S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 I St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W
Phone Main 7100

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
W. I. STRATTON, Vice-President, 617 6 St. N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden.....425 G St. N.W.
C. S. CUNINGHAM, Conductor.....Rosslyn, Va.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Holiohan.....814 7th Street N. E.
W. T. Baum.....474 Eye Street S. W.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. Burdette....803 Mt. Vernon Place N. W.
L. Luebkert.....1314 Kearney Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
Allen Lithgow.....160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. Davis.....439 Second Street N. E.

ATTENTION! ORGANIZATIONS

you'll appreciate our printing because it's good printing. Our excellent facilities place us in a position to handle

Your Job Work

promptly and at reasonable prices. We can furnish you with any grade you desire of

Union Label Paper

Let us have your next order for printing and we will convince you. Estimates given.

COMMERCIAL WORK OUR SPECIALTY

The Trades Unionist Print Shop
604-606 FIFTH STREET NORTHWEST TELEPHONE MAIN 3915

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made

The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. Station K

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. Opposite Hotel Raleigh

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street Northwest

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 ROSSLYN, VA.

XANDER'S FAMOUS COCKTAILS
Perfect blend of finest ingredients.

$1.00 BOTTLE 65c FULL PINT

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

You Should Use Union Made Tobacco!

WHY? Because you get greater value for the money and a much superior quality

The following brands are guaranteed by us:

EPICURE SHREDDED PLUG - - - - 10 CTS.
CAMPBELL'S SHAG (2½ oz. paper—2 oz. tin) - 10 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION CUT PLUG - - - - 5 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION NEW CUT - - - - 5 CTS.
MOOSE HEAD (Granulated Smoking; Best on earth for cigarettes) 5 CTS.
EXPANSION SUN CURED PLUG U. S. NATURAL LEAF PLUG
(THE BEST FOR CHEWING)

MANUFACTURED BY THE

United States Tobacco Co.

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

OPEN 8.00 to 6.00 P. M. SATURDAYS UNTIL 9.00 P. M.

The Emerson Shoe
HONEST ALL THROUGH

UNION-MADE $3.50 to $6.00

907 Pa. Avenue Northwest
1925 14th Street Northwest 14th and N. Y. Avenue

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 chrd at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Carl Heinzman, Jr., 2012 12th St. S. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall. 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5635 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 616 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillon, 1111 Park Place, N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D, C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every 2nd and 4th Fridays, Donohues Hall, 314 Pa. Avene S.E., Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street N.E.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1682 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Monday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mon days of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 You street northwest.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman, 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourthMonday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Thursday, Typo. Temple. Secretary, R. F. Dant, 20th & Bryant St. n.e., Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

WILL CONTINUE THE FIGHT

Columbus, Ohio.—Continuance of the agitation against the renewal of the United States government contract with the Mercantile Corporation of Dayton, a private concern, for the printing of stamped envelopes, was agreed to by the Ohio State Typographical Conference, which met in this city. The contract expires next June and the printers charge "sweating" practices and low-wage standards against this concern, which is the only private corporation holding a contrat of this kind with the federal government.

ACCEPTS EIGHT-HOUR PLAN.

Washington.—In a letter to A. F. of L. headquarters, Secretary Ironside, of the Vermont State Federation of Labor, says:

"I am pleased to inform you that this city, Barre, has placed its employes on the eight-hour basis with the same pay as they had for nine hours. This is the only city in Vermont that gives employes eight hours, and you can bet if it had not been for organized labor they would have not got it."

TO URGE THREE LAWS.

Grand Forks, N. Dak.—The executive committee of the State Federation of Labor has agreed to urge three laws at the next session of the legislature. The bills favored are a strong child labor law, an anti-black list law, and a workingmen's compensation act. The present child labor law, the unionists agree, is obsolete, and should be replaced by an effective act.

SECURE 48-HOUR WEEK.

Seymour, Conn.—The Fowler Nail company has signed an agreement with the A. F. of L. Horse Nail Makers' union, No 10953, and the Machinists' union for a 48-hours week without reduction of present wages, The agreement provides for payment for overtime and the adjustment of differences by arbitration.

Mr. Business Man

Do you want UNION TRADE? If you do, the best way to let the workingmen know it is for you to place an advertisement in the paper which represents these men and women. The

Trades Unionist

offical organ of the Central Labor Union of the District of Columbia, and of the Trades Council of Alexandria, Va., goes into the homes of several thousand wageworkers in the District of Columbia, Virginia and Maryland. It is a paper that is read, which makes it a valuable Advertising Medium.

A large or small display advertisement, or business card will bring satisfactory results, and will at the same time indicate to these unionists, their friends and sympathizers that you are in sympathy with them.

If you desire advertising terms, drop a postal to the Manager, or Phone M. 3915, and he will call.

The Trades Unionist

604 FIFTH STREET N. W.,

Washington - - D. C.

Madam, Read McCall's The Fashion Authority

McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 100-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the happiness and efficiency of 1,100,000 women each month.

Each issue is brimful of fashions, fancy-work, interesting short stories, and scores of labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 50 of the newest designs of the celebrated McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

McCALL PATTERNS are famous for style, fit, simplicity and economy. Only 10 and 15 cents each.

The publishers of McCALL'S will spend thousands of dollars extra in the coming months in order to keep McCALL'S head and shoulders above all other women's magazines at any price. However, McCALL'S is only 50c a year; positively worth $1.00.

You May Select Any One McCall Pattern Free from your first copy of McCALL'S, if you subscribe quickly.

THE McCALL COMPANY, 236 West 37th St., New York

NOTE—Ask for a free copy of McCALL'S wonderful new premium catalogue. Sample copy and pattern catalogue also free on request.

OUR MOTTO

"Live and Let Live"

THE TRADES UNIONIST

604 5th Street Northwest

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Donald T. Wilson, probationary messenger boy.

Edward A. Vogts, compositor transferred from Post Office Department.

James H. Sheridan and Thomas E. Dougher, temporary pressmen.

Mrs. Amanda V. White, Mrs. Anna B. Tiffany, Miss Mildred J. Beach, Miss Margaret L. Barnhart, probationary press feeds.

John A. Botts, probationary pressman.

Separations.

Miss Marie L. Grasse, folder, resigned.

Miss Margaret I. Nicolai, folder.

Walter W. Mobray, probational linotype operator, resigned.

Benedict E. Finotti, clerk.

Gus W. Hill, unskilled laborer.

James A. O'Leary, temporary skilled laborer.

Henry T. McGowan, Jacob R. Smeltzer and George V. Johnson, temporary compositors.

Hyman Cubitch and Mrs. Althea G. Hurley, emergency monotype keyboard operators.

Mr. UNION MAN,

your credit is always good here. You can select any article from our enormous stock of high-grade jewelry and silverware, and pay for it on terms as low as

FIFTY CENTS A WEEK.

CASH CANNOT BUY BETTER VALUES

HERE'S AN EXAMPLE 1-4 CARET PRICE $25.00

SCHWARTZ

JEWELRY and SILVERWARE

824 SEVENTH ST. N. W.

FOR RENT

IN TYPOGRAPHICAL TEMPLE

No. 423 G STREET N. W.

Three Desirable Second-story Front Rooms suitable for offices; heat and light included.

Phone Connection

The Gratz Hotel, formerly the Majestic, is under entire new management. It is thoroughly renovated. Entire satisfaction guaranteed.

Would be pleased to meet my brother union men.

L. GRATZ, Proprietor.

470 Pa. Ave. N. W. Washington, D. C.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Gayety, 9th St. bet. E & F Sts. N. W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N. W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meader's, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Regent, - - - 18th & V Sts. N. W.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Lafayette - - - - 1307 E St. N. W.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Scenic Wisconsin Ave. & N St. N.W.
Niagara - 7th St. bet. G & H N. W,

Let Us Compound Your Recipes and Prescriptions.

We give Service that Cannot be Excelled Anywhere.

PRICES ARE REASONABLE AND ALIKE TO ALL.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

P. B. Suits

for Fall and Winter in all the new colorings

$15-$18-$25

Parker, Bridget & Co.

HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS

"The Avenue at Ninth"

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

TERMINAL BAR

STRICTLY UNION

No. 44 G STREET N. E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up

HOTEL STERLING

13th and E Streets

Excellent Restaurant Grill and Buffet

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

REED & BELLO

UNION TAILORS

Phone Main 6937 811 G Street N. w.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK

A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account

Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

ALLEN'S BUFFET

PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET

J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET

OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP

Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings, Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

MACHINIST

C. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevato Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth Street Southeast

Down by the Navy Yard Wash. D.C.

CORBY BROS.

100 per cent Pure

Bread

fresh three times daily

AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents

Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find

THE NORRIS HOUSE

OPEN AT 4 A. M.

DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor

Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 20 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1914. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL CONVENTION---AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

REFUSE PEACE OVERTURES

Stockton, Cal.—The employers' association of this city has rejected the arbitration proposal submitted by a committee representing the trade union movement and all prospects for settling the differences between the two parties are at an end.

The workers suggested that the board of arbitration be made up as follows: Two to be selected by each side; these four so selected to choose the fifth; or three to be selected by each side; these six so selected to choose the seventh. The membership of said board of arbitration to be made up of persons absolutely free from any association, connection or membership with either of the parties involved in the present controversy.

The unionists are not downcast at the refusal of the Merchants, Manufacturers and Employers' association to abandon their non-union fight, which they attempt to disguise by declaring for the "open shop."

One member of the association made this statement:

"The leading members of the association fully appreciate that we are defeated, but they desire to avoid the humiliation of admitting defeat, and would rather see the association crumble to pieces than [illegible]go. They know that a large number of members will withdraw and settle individually with the unions and that this means the death of the organization, but they are convinced that that is the best way out of a very bad situation—a better way than openly admitting failure. Personally I was willing to arbitrate, but the majority voted the other way. I shall now give up my membership in the association and go it alone in peace with labor as I have heretofore."

Stockton, Cal.—Trade unionists in this city gave the employers' association a hard jolt by electing two councilmen and a member of the school board, despite the combined efforts of every influence the anti-unionists could muster. The employers were depending on the numerous nominees that would claim labor's support, while the antis would "single shot" for their nominees. The plan failed to work, however, by the withdrawal of Al Harrison, a member of the barbers' union, whose refusal to stand as a candidate for council made it possible for the workers to centralize their forces.

PREPARE FOR THE RUSH.

Baltimore, Md.—The Baltimore American comments as follows on future immigration to this country:

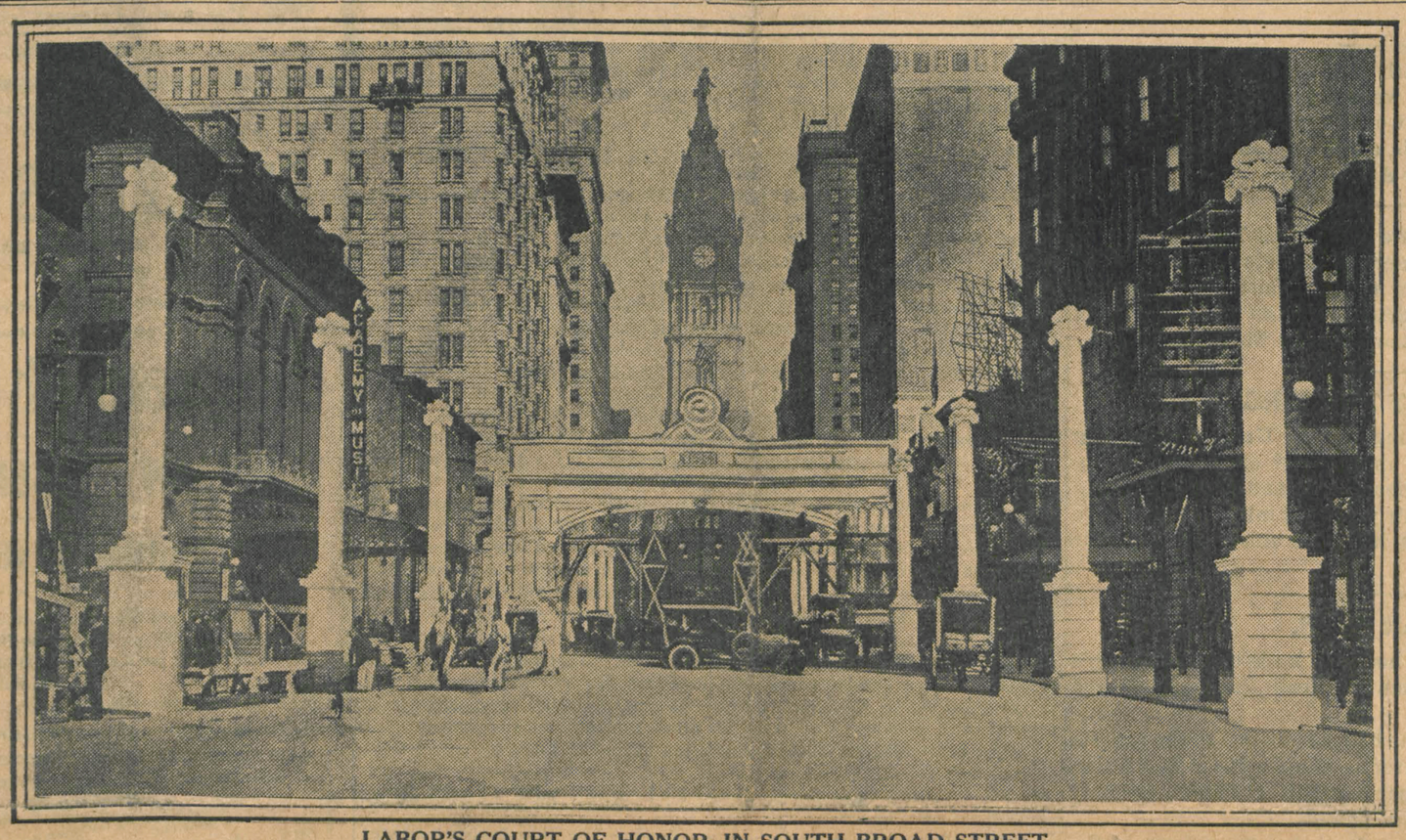
"Immigration officials and others who are in position to obtain advance information are of opinion that at the close of the European war, or before the close, if it is possible to get over to this side before the war ends, there will be a rush of European immigration to the United States passing by far all previous records. From Russia, Poland, Austria, Belgium and even from Germany this peaceful invasion will be coming, say those who undertake to speak with some degree of authority upon this matter."

NEW RATE IN FORCE.

Scranton, Pa.—The new wage increase, ranging from 40 to 60 per cent, is now in effect in the Solomon overall factory. The organization campaign of the United Textile Workers' union is resulting in bettering conditions of the workers in this industry.

AGREEMENT REACHED.

Raleigh, N. C.—After negotiations that have been conducted for the past several months, the Bookbinders' union of this city has reached a wage scale agreement with employers. At one time peace prospects were dark, but reason eventually prevailed.



LABOR'S COURT OF HONOR IN SOUTH BROAD STREET

A view from Spruce street north through the white pillars and the great arch. The delegates to the American Federation of Labor convention are in session in Horticultural Hall, on the left.

Labor Takes Stand For World's Peace

Other Matters of Vast Importance Will be Transacted---Delegate Nolda Representing Washington Central Labor Union.

The thirty-fourth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor opened its sessions on last Monday morning, at Horticultural Hall, when the gavel of that grand old man of Labor fell with a resounding thud. Previous to the assembling of the delegates at the hall a picture was taken and a short parade.

The delegates were welcomed on behalf of labor by George Ulrich, president of the Philadelphia Central Labor Union; Joseph Ritche, president of the Building Trades Council; James Maurer, of Reading, president of the State Federation, and Frank Feeney, chairman of the entertainment committee. On behalf of the city, an address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Blankenburg, and the applause which greeted his remarks were loud and prolonged, and many who have been attending conventions for years stated that it was one of the finest speeches of welcome they had ever listened to.

Mayor Blankenburg, in welcoming the delegates, said:

"Let me extend to you a most hearty welcome to what we love to call the City of Brotherly Love. We feel highly honored to have you meet here. The first organized government in this land had its birth in this city, which has endured more than 130 years. This government, founded on justice, will endure for all time, as long as we adhere to the principle of justice to all.

"I have always been in favor of organization," the Mayor declared. "It is almost impossible to do anything without organization. I am glad to see women here, for I believe that they are even more in sympathy with good government than are men.

"I know that your organization is trying to do its best to uphold the principles upon which this government is founded.

"I am sure that those of you who have never seen Independence Hall will not fail to go there before you leave. I never pass that old Independence Hall without lifting my hat. The whole world is now worshiping at that shrine in the hope that they will have that liberty which that shrine stands for.

"You are," the Mayor added, "one of the greatest powers for the wealth and national well being of this country. I always feel like shaking hands with one and all of you, for it is in your power to make this country greater. Compare this army of peace with the vast armies that are devastating the lands of Europe. What this federation conquers will endure longer than the conquests made by the armies of Europe.

"It behooves all of us," Mr. Blankenburg observed, "to dedicate ourselves to this country. I am not a politician, but I wish to say that all government in this country—all good government must have its foundation in good municipal administration.

"The trouble with the cities of this country has been that they have been run for political exigencies, and where politics are involved in municipal administration you must look out. If you went into politics I don't know what would become of your organization.

"I regret that I must leave you when I have finished my speech, but the 'old man' is kept very busy. I was never more pleased than I was to sign an ordinance of $25,000 for the purpose of your convention. I sent for Mr. Kraft and his friends and gave them the pen with which I signed the ordinance.

"I now," the Mayor observed, turning to President Gompers, "hand you the key to the city of Philadelphia. It is not a physical key, but a key that has opened our hearts to the American Federation of Labor. Don't forget this noble city after you shall have left it."

Mr. Gompers, responding to the Mayor's address, said in part:

"Let me express, to you, Mr. Mayor, in behalf of this Federation and for myself, our deep appreciation, not only of your welcome to this great city, but of the manner, the cordiality, the deep sentiment expressed by you. We feel that your welcome is more than the performance of a perfunctory ceremony. We have been deeply impressed with what you have said and the splendid manner of its saying."

Mr. Gompers referred to the fact that this was the third time the Federation had met here. Subsequently in his address to the delegates he said that it was a "Philadelphia boy" (J. P. Maquire) who had made possible the formation of the American Federation of Labor.

"The first time this Federation met in this city," Mr. Gompers declared, "at old Donaldson Hall, Board and Filbert Sts., and again it met in this hall. Each time it has been an epoch in the spirit of the organized workers of this country."

Mr. Gompers added, turning to the Mayor, "You may rest assured that you will have no cause to regret having given the American Federation of Labor the great honor done it in presenting the key of this great city."

Mayor Blankenburg, at the conclusion of Mr. Gomper's speech, shook hands with the latter, an action which was loudly applauded by the delegates and their friends.

The preparations made for the comfort of the delegates and the entertainment that has been provided for their pleasure surpasses anything in this line at previous conventions. The label exhibit on the lower floor of the convention hall presents an imposing array of union-made articles, and bespeaks well for the arduous work that the committee had in arranging for this display.

The decorations are all on an elaborate scale and the court of honor that has been erected on South Broad Street, at a cost of $17,000, is both gorgeous and impressive, and at night, when lighted up with its thousands of electric lights, presents an imposing sight.

The big feature of the convention will be the parade on next Friday night and labor's hosts, to the number of 60,000, will march under the court of honor and past a reviewing stand that is being erected to be reviewed by President Gompers and other invited guests.

The convention will remain in session two weeks, and the second week promises to be a warm affair when the various committees will make their reports. The jurisdictional dispute between the Carpenters and Sheet Metal Workers will be the first big dispute to occupy the attention of the delegates as a special committee of three from each organization, together with a like committee appointed by President Gompers to take up a jurisdictional dispute were instructed to report their findings not later than Monday of next week.

The committee having the matter of arranging for this convention are deserving of a great deal of credit and especially its chairman, Frank Feeney, who has worked night and day for the past several months to make the affair the success that it is.

The report of the Executive Council consumed nearly three hours in reading and then only the most salient features were read by Vice-President Duncan. The one part of the report that called forth the greatest applause was when reference was made to "Home Rule for Ireland." The most important features touched upon in the report are as follows:

Points From Labor's Report.

War denounced in the name of the workers of the world and international disarmament called for with thibunals of justice for all nations.

Labor exemption in Clayton anti-trust bill hailed as greatest act toward industrial freedom in history of the world.

Land owning and police power of mining companies called "feudal and brutal" and preventative legislation urged.

Opposed to so-called "efficiency" system in Washington Bureaus.

For general "literacy test" in immigration laws.

For woman suffrage.

For limitation of child labor under Federal statute.

Additional legislation for accident prevention and the obliteration of preventable occupational diseases.

FAVORS EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

Bridgeport, Conn.—Business Agent Larkin, of the International Association of Machinists, makes this report of the recent eight-hour agreement signed with the Capewell Horse Nail Company, of Hartford, Conn.:

"I asked the superintendent of this concern how the eight-hour day had worked out for all concerned, and he replied that as far as the machine room was concerned it had been the best year in production since his connection with the firm, covering a period of about ten years.

"He further informed me that perfect harmony had prevailed between the concern and the machinists employed, and that every one was perfectly satisfied during the past year, and all the men seemed to appreciate what had been done in the matter of the shorter work day and he appreciates the efforts of the men during that period.

"He stated that he informed the shop committee that he would not want to go back to the nine-hour schedule, and only wished that the eight-hour schedule had been introduced at an earlier date.

"This concern employs only members of organized labor. There are two Federal unions and the International Association of Machinists represented there, with yearly agreements covering all concerned."

LABOR PRESS CONVENTION.

The convention of the International Association of Labor Papers, held in the Continental Hotel in Philadelphia on last Monday night, was a well-attended affair and matters of great importance to the interests of the papers and the good that they can do in assisting the general labor movement were brought before the convention.

The reports of the officers were read and showed that this organization formed about nine months ago have accomplished a great deal of good for their members. THE TRADES UNIONIST was the only paper represented from this section by its editor, John B. Colpoys. It was decided to meet again in May in some city in the central part of the country, to be chosen by a referendum vote of the members.

FAVOR NEW CONSTITUTION.

Fort Wayne, Ind.—In an address to the Central Labor union on the necessity for a new State constitution, Ross F. Lockridge said the principal champions of this movement have been educators and those connected with the labor movement. He showed that the present constitution was made in 1851, sixty-three years ago, to fit conditions at that time, when there were 14,432 laboring men in the State, against 218,000 now; that no labor problems existed then; that the economic problems found their solution in the free land of the State; that the State had been changed from a purely agricultural unit to an industrial center with growing cities.

NOLDA MAKING GOOD.

Henry Nolda, the delegate from the Washington Central Labor Union, is as busy as any delegate to the convention, exchanging greetings with the various delegates. He has introduced some important resolutions effecting conditions in the District, and there is no doubt that they will meet with favor.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 13, 1914.

If there are so many people who are poor because they drink then those who do not imbibe ought to be rolling in wealth.

If you are of the belief that organized labor is what we claim it to be, always ask for union-made goods—remember the label, the emblem of fair dealing.

If this country were at war with Mexico, the cost would probably exceed $400,000,000. If we were drawn into war with another first-class power, Congress would be compelled to give at least a billion as a starter. As it is, a light tax on beer and whiskey foots the bill.—The Miles City American.

It is well to remember the little children of Europe—but do not forget the children of the American Miners who are crying for food and clothes; are they going to be permitted to suffer unnoticed? It would not be more than justice on the part of the charitably inclined to render assistance to this worthy cause.

THE TRADES UNIONIST PRINTING OFFICE.

Where do you have your printing done? Under a sweatshop and unsanitary condition? The union label on your printing means sanitary conditions, eight hours work and a descent living wage, that is what you want, don't you? Think it over, we are all human, same as you, therefore have the union label on your printing.

BUCHANAN WINS.

It was pleasing news to the hosts of trade unionists of this city to learn that Frank Buchanan was again successful in the election of last week.

At first it was feared that he had lost owing to the reports that appeared in the press, but later accounts came in and it was found that he won; the joy of many in this city and especially among the Building Trades knew no bounds.

Frank Buchanan has won the respect and the esteem of the trade unionists all over this country by his fearless advocacy of laws that tend to the amelioration of the working classes. Honest to a fault, ever ready to lend his assistance both in and out of the halls of Congress to his fellow trades unionists, and a fighter of sterling quality, he has come to be known by his fellow Congressmen as one who neither by threats or promises can be swerved from a stand once taken.

We wish to congratulate the trades unionists of this country in again having such a champion to look after and protect their interests.

PROPOSED CHANGE IN OUR CONSTITUTION.

Now that the election is over and business will have a chance to settle itself to comform to the results, we wish to propose a change in our constitution which we think will benefit our country.

The election of last week was the first in which the people in some of the States had an opportunity to vote directly for a United States Senator and by 1917 the citizens of the whole country will have had this opportunity. In view of this fact it would seem that the time has come when a change should be made in the length of tenure of a United States Senator and also that of the President, and we make so bold as to suggest the following which we believe will be a great improvement over our present system, as it will not unsettle business as frequently as occurs today.

An amendment, "That the President of the United States shall be elected for one term of office for six years, and shall be ineligible for re-election. That the term of a United States Senator and that of a Congressman shall be for a term of three years each, and that they shall take their office on January 1, succeeding the election."

LABOR GROUP INTACT.

The elections of last week show that the group in Congress commonly known as card men who are members of organized labor were all successful at the polls and in addition to those that were in this Congress and who sought re-election the group has been augmented by several others so that labor will again be well represented in the halls of Congress.

While the party now in power have placed upon the statue books some of the most important legislation in which labor was particularly interested; there remains much more to be done before the legislation that was embodied in Labor's Bill of Grievances that was submitted in 1906 is accomplished.

This legislation consists of the Seamen's bill, proper restriction of immigration and regulation of convict labor. They have been passed by the House of Representatives, and reported favorably by the Senate Committees to be acted on when the Sixty-third Congress convenes December 7, 1914, for its last session.

Of all legislation that labor is directly interested in, important to our mind is the Palmer-Borah Child Labor bill, and all efforts should be centered on this piece of legislation.

It is confidently believed that another emphatic request by organized men and women will result in as complete a success as did the effort to secure relief from trust classification and the correction of injunction abuses.

NEWS FROM ABROAD

By F. E. Buckland.

ROTTERDAM, HOLLAND.

We met our Ohio friends at the station Sunday morning, September 30, and boarded the 9.10 train for this city, practically the only neutral port in this part of Europe. While the train was crowded with passengers, many of them Americans, we succeeded in obtaining seats together in the same compartment. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon we arrived at Osnabruck and were told to leave the train. We had to wait here for an hour or more, when we boarded another train and proceeded to Bentheim, the last German station before reaching the Dutch frontier. Before arriving at Bentheim, where we were told we must submit to a rigid examination of our luggage and have our passports as rigidly scrutinized, I placed beneath my underclothes some private papers and the dispatches given to me by the consul at Hamburg, as well as the letters in English that had been given me to mail, believing they would be much safer there than in my pockets or our luggage. When the train pulled into the station we were ordered to take our luggage into the custom house. To the inspector who was detailed to attend to us I said "Ich bin ein attache Americanische Consulate, Hamburg, Deutschland," whereupon he refused to allow us to even open our luggage and proceeded to pass it with all speed and courtesy. When I informed him that the three ladies from Ohio were under my charge he immediately chalked their luggage and passed it through. However, before leaving the custom house our passports were very closely scrutinized and found to be all right and then we were allowed to pass out onto the station platform and were soon aboard a Dutch train and on our way into Holland; but when we came to the first town across the frontier we were all ordered to leave the train with our luggage and compelled to submit to the same experience we had undergone a few minutes before in Germany. I repeated to the Dutch inspector the same words I had told the inspector in Germany and was rewarded with the same courtesy and did not have to open our luggage. While we were more fortunate than the other Americans in passing through the two custom houses this thing of having to get your luggage together and submitting to a lot of crowding and confusion, especially on an unusually hot day, is far from being pleasant. Besides, the trains were crowded and seats were not always easy to obtain after entering Dutch territory. At the stations of the different Dutch towns we stopped at were large numbers of soldiers, many of whom crowded into the train, until all the corridors were filled to suffocation. From one of these soldiers we learned that 300,000 Dutch soldiers has been mobilized to guard the frontiers.

About dark the train stopped at some station and all Rotterdam passengers were ordered to leave the train. With considerable difficulty we secured a porter who looked after our baggage and promised to put us on the right train for Rotterdam. However, before the train we had just vacated could pull out officials came running down the platform and cried out, "All Rotterdam passengers get back on the train again." At least that is what we were told, for we could not understand a word that was said. At any rate we hurriedly boarded the train again, and when the conductor came around he told us that it had been decided to run the train through to Rotterdam, but by way of Amsterdam and The Hague, and that we would not arrive at our destination until 11 o'clock, instead of at nine, as we expected. We certainly got our money's worth, and at the same time enjoyed seeing the thousands of lights on the water as we passed through Amsterdam and other Dutch cities. While we were more than fourteen hours in traveling a distance usually covered in about eight hours, we could not complain, for the special train sent from Hamburg was twenty-six hours in making the same trip.

Realizing that the hotels would most likely be crowded with Americans and other travelers, when we arrived in Rotterdam two of our party remained at the station, guarding the luggage, while the others started out to find a hotel. We finally found a room in a nearby hotel for the three Ohio ladies, while Mrs. Buckland and myself secured a room in a private house across the street, for many of the citizens of Rotterdam and other Holland cities have opened up their houses to accommodate American citizens, owing to the crowded conditions that prevail at the hotels.

The next day we learned that the steamship "Principello," of the Uranium line, an English company, was being fitted up with temporary staterooms in order to facilitate the transportation of Americans back home, and would sail on the 5th of September. Upon making inquiry at the steamship office I learned that for $310 we could secure a two-berth cabin for Mrs. Buckland and myself, which was $25 more than I had paid for my ticket on the Holland American line, but we were willing to pay the additional amount in order to reach home as soon as possible. Going to the Holland American line I told them I wished to cancel my ticket on the "Noordam," but they declined to cancel it without discounting it ten per cent. This I declined to do, for there were people in the office at the time who would have gladly bought it at a premium, but the company would not permit me to sell it, saying it was not transferable. I called on Consul General Listoe, to whom I had a letter of introduction from the consul in Hamburg, and told him of the demands of the steamship company, and he immediately gave me a letter to the traffic manager, requesting him to cancel the passage on as liberal terms as possible, and on the strength of this letter I received most of the money back, but they paid me in German bills. When I went to the Uranium line to pay for my ticket and handed them the German money, they said all Greman money, either gold or paper, would have to be discounted ten per cent, so Americans were getting it both coming and going. But so anxious were we to get away from Europe that we were willing to pay almost any price, for there is grave danger of Holland ceasing to be neutral, and we may be tied up, perhaps, until the war is over.

DEATH IN THE MINES.

Washington.—The following portion of a circular issued by the United States Bureau of Mines conveys some notion of the dangers confronting coal miners:

"The miner, if he has a safety lamp, should carefully raise it to the roof, move it slowly across the working face and hold it for two or three minutes in the corner at each rib to test for gas that may have collected. If no gas is found, the roof and face should be sounded with a pick or yardstick, while touching with one hand the piece being tested. If the lamp shows the presence of gas, it should be drawn very slowly toward one and put under the coat to smother the flame if the gas has fired inside the gauze. The working place should then be left at once, bars or timbers put across the track, and the gas reported to the mine foreman, fire boss, or nearest official. The miner should never attempt to brush out gas. Many miners have been burned or killed by trying this."

SAYS LABOR LAW IS VIOLATED.

Boston.—The New England District Council of Electrical Workers charges the Edison Electric Illuminating Company with discriminating for years against organized labor, even to the extent of violating the federal contract labor act. Central labor unions of the state are urged to start an agitation for the purpose of canceling the company's charter. A letter of protest is also sent President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, on the company's disregard for law.

TO HONOR A. F. OF L.

Philadelphia.—Mayor Blankenburg has signed an ordinance appropriating $25,000 for defraying expenses to honor the thirty-fourth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor. A large delegation of local trade unionists were present when the mayor's signature made the act a law.

Philadelphia organized morkers declare this convention will be a record breaker, and the night parade will be the largest ever witnessed in this city.

WANT NEW CONSTITUTION.

Indianapolis.—The Central Labor union has declared in favor of a state constitutional convention in 1915, for the reason that: "A constitutional convention has a vital interest for labor from the opportunity it will afford to secure legislation giving workingmen a more direct voice in government through the initiative and referendum, protection from industrial accidents through a workmen's compensation act and other legislation looking to the improvement of industrial conditions in the state."

A GOOD CONVENTION.

Phoenix, Ariz.—The biggest and best in the history of Arizona is the report of delegates and other trade unionists who attended the third annual convention of the State Federation of Labor, held in this city. Several initiative measures, to be voted on at the coming election, were indorsed, and a representative was appointed to watch the progress of legislation at the state capitol. Flagstaff was chosen as the next convention city.

WASH HOUSES FOR MINERS.

Springfield, Ill.—The state Supreme Court has upheld the law passed last year which compels coal mine operators to maintain suitable wash houses for the use of employes. "Class legislation" was the operators' futile plea.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT — Phone North 192

FUSSELL'S ICE CREAM

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. — TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

W. B. Moses & Sons

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

When Purchasing Bread

Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG

Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

THE DRILLERY

1100 New York Ave. N. W.

Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.

Open All the Year.
Session Daily 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Summer Rates.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

Everyday Needs for Housekeepers

DOOR MATS.
All sizes; plain cocoa; priced from $1.25; colored borders; steel wire and rubber.

THE DUSTLESS DUSTCLOTH, 25c
Does not make the dust fly, but absorbs it and polishes the article dusted.
Large size for automobiles, 45c

Outdoor Food Safes for winter use, $4.50.

THE WINDOW REFRIGERATOR, $2.50
Swings on a hinge from window. Made in weather proof galvanized iron.

THE "DUPLEX" FIRELESS COOKER
Enables the cooking of a whole meal while attending to other duties. Saves fuel and cooks food more nutritiously.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"
WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

LIVERIES, UNIFORMS — SPORTING GOODS

Saks & Company
MEN'S AND BOYS OUTFITTERS
At the Avenue and 7th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY
Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.
1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.
Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

H. M. MARKS, Prop. — Phone Main 5562
THEATRICAL HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL MARKS
AMERICAN PLAN
10th & E Sts. — Running Hot & Cold water in All Rooms

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English
Civil Service Preparation
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

E. Finley Kitson, who is well known to people in the National Printery, is back in the city, after two or three weeks of pleasant visiting among relatives and friends in Indiana. Mr. Kitson is an expert in the insurance line, devoting most of his spare time to writing policies for the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

* * * *

Eugene A. Conner, sergeant-at-arms of Columbia Union, died at his home in this city on Thursday, November 5, 1914, having been in poor health for several years past. This veteran member was born in this city on September 2, 1848, and had spent practically all of his life here. He joined Columbia Union in December, 1869, thus having to his credit in that organization a membership of forty-five years—a period which has covered the growth of the organization from a few hundred to almost two thousand. For several years past Mr. Conner had served Columbia Union as its sergeant-at-arms and had a wide acquaintance among our members, especially those of the downtown contingent, with whom most of his many years as a printer had been spent, and where he had many friends. Mr. Conner is survived by his wife, a son, and two daughters. Funeral services were at St. Patrick's Church on Saturday morning and burial was at Mount Olivet Cemetery, the pall bearers being former friends of the deceased and all members of Columbia Union—W. C. Fectig, R. E. Youart, N. C. Stoops, J. L. Fectig, J. B. O'Neal, and W. N. Brockwell. A large number of printers and others were in attendance at the services and many beautiful flowers came from friends.

* * *

Mr. R. A. Johnson, of the Printery proof room, has a nephew, W. W. Evans, who recently was awarded a valuable prize for a useful tool in a competition which was open to all the type-foundry employees and salesmen of the United States and consisted of suggestions for improvements on any kind of printing machinery or suggestions for new machinery, parts, or tools. The tool suggested by Mr. Evans is a combination wrench and screwdriver to be used on platen presses. It is very simple, but no one before had ever thought of making one. Young Evans, who is a salesman for the Chicago branch of the Keystone Type Foundry, formerly lived in this city, and had quite an acquaintance among people connected with the printing business in and around the neighborhood of the Government Printing Office.

* * * *

Here is a "comma story" going the rounds which is well worth printing:

Jackson and Johnson are not now on speaking terms. It all arose as the result of an argument which required some mental calculation.

"I tell you," said Jackson, "that you are altogether wrong in your conclusions."

"Pardon me, but I am not," replied Johnson.

"Didn't I go to school, stupid?" almost roared his opponent.

"Yes," was the calm reply, "and you came back stupid."

* * * *

A marriage of much interest to a great many printers of this city was that of Miss Jeannetta K. Grumley, which took place at the home of her father, Edward C. Grumley, an ex-president of Columbia Union, on Tuesday evening, November 3, 1914, the bridegroom being Mr. Samuel Richards White, a popular young man employed in the office of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The ceremony took place in the presence of about a hundred friends, the officiating clergyman being Rev. E. A. Sexsmith, of the North Carolina Avenue Methodist Protestant Church. The house was beautifully decorated for the occasion, the presents were numerous and handsome, and the affair was one of those delightful home functions which always afford a pleasant time for those who attend. Miss Anna Barker as pianist, Miss Eleanor Slater as violinist, and Miss Sue Hess as vocalist added much to the many charming features of the evening. Since she was a wee girl the writer has known the bright and lovable young woman who is one of the principals in this marriage, and he most sincerely hopes that the future has for her and the young husband great happiness.

* * * *

Every member of the International Typographical Union is entitled to a copy of the Typographical Journal, the official organ of our great organization, but a great many neglect to take advantage of the privilege—and a privilege indeed it is—of having this well-nigh invaluable publication in hand every month. Every issue is not only a mine of official information which is of much value to the members, but there are many other good things about it, notably the correspondence from printers in all parts of the jurisdiction. If you do not get it—that is, if you are a printer—hand your name and address to your chairman; he will turn it into the secretary, who will forward it to headquarters, and Secretary Hays will do the rest.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By CYCLE.

Col. Roosevelt may discover a tributary to Salt River.

The calamity howlers have decided on a continuous session.

"Uncle Joe" came back, but not with his old-time backing.

As between the two, give us peace and the high cost of living.

The political prophets are counting the chickens to be hatched in 1916.

Lady passengers appear complimented when the conductor says "Fare, lady."

To be effective, the desire to do good must be accompanied by willing self-sacrifice.

In actual warfare the idea seems to be: if at first you don't succeed, fire, fire again.

Apparently, the days and nights are not long enough wherever a victrola or player piano is first installed.

Justice Hughes, of the Supreme Court, will be drafted as a presidential candidate should a supreme effort seem advisable.

With everybody as his friend, John Sherman of the hand section (G. P. O.) should prove an easy winner in the printer friendly delegatorial contest.

The nature of "assault" and "battery" throughout the war zone leaves no room for doubt as to the intent to kill.

While striving to be neutral, the temptation to say something is almost overpowering when the tide of battle goes the other way.

Tucked away in an obscure corner of the plunderbund press, in very small type, is the announcement that the socialists of New York City elected a Congressman.

BARTENDERS RAISE WAGES.

Boston.—The Bartenders union has raised the wages of its 1,200 members $3 a week. The new scale is for $21 a week instead of $18 for a 60-hour work week. The agreement between the union and employers is for four years, to take effect on the first Monday in January. It is further provided that extra bartenders shall receive the regular rate of wages during the week, with $4 for ten hours on Saturday, with 40 cents an hour overtime. Sundays and holidays the bartenders will receive $5 a day with 50 cents an hour overtime. Any man now receiving more than $21 a week will not have his wages decreased.

The union agrees to suspend any member who leaves his position before his regular time and without permission, while the employers agree to employ only members of labor unions about their place of business. The bartenders in hotels where meals are served will receive $3 less a week than the new scale calls for.

TALK "SAFETY FIRST."

Racine, Wis.—The Cumberland club of this city is interesting factory owners in a "safety first" campaign which will include practical demonstrations and talks by men who have a knowledge of the subject and who are acquainted with the value of guarding machinery in industrial plants.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 533 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Frank Nolte, Wm. D. Clark.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda.

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Joseph E. Toone, Harry Oehler, Ben Spellbring and Chas. Callan.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Considine, J. H. Conroy, and Edwin Giles.

Laws: Joseph E. Toone, Chairman. Joel Mann, E. T. Good.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. Harry Schearer, and Robert Jones.

Organization: Morris Wolfe, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Scott West, and W. H. Anglin.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and John Wolfe.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. James Considine, and W. D. Clark.

Delegates to Baltimore: John Hartley, Chairman. Julius Staats, and William Roberts.

Delegates to Alexandria: Harry F. Oehler Chairman John Weber, and Wm. Baum.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
FALL AND WINTER SUITINGS

The latest novelties of the season have just arrived. Every Union man should come and see these patterns.

TRY OUR $20 SPECIAL
that has no equal in the city

Not only do we save you $5.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS

W. T. LEVI, President.....310 Indiana Avenue N. W.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, Vice-President..2007 14 Street N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....507 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
F. Murphy.....203 Bates St. N. W.
C. J. McClure.....1224 D St. N. E.
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
E. Rodbird.....Langdon, D. C.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
P, Lewis.....1010 Columbia Road N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Wm. Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....5221 Ga. Ave. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
J. Shanley.....1246 Monroe St. N. E.
Geo. W. Elliott.....500 F St. N. E.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John Lynch.....734 3d St. N. E.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
J. J. Brosnahan.....835 11 St. N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT

J. J. Brosnahan..Office LeDroit Bldg. 8th & F Sts. N. W Phone Main 7100

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
W. I. STRATTON, Vice-President, 617 6 St. N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden.....425 G St. N.W.
C. S. CUNINGHAM, Conductor.....Rosslyn, Va.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Holiohan.....814 7th Street N. E.
W. T. Baum.....474 Eye Street S. W.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. Burdette....803 Mt. Vernon Place N. W.
L. Luebkert.....1314 Kearney Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
Allen Lithgow.....160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. Davis.....439 Second Street N. E.

ATTENTION! ORGANIZATIONS

COMMERCIAL WORK OUR SPECIALTY

you'll appreciate our printing because it's good printing. Our excellent facilities place us in a position to handle

Your Job Work

promptly and at reasonable prices. We can furnish you with any grade you desire of

Union Label Paper

Let us have your next order for printing and we will convince you. Estimates given.

The Trades Unionist Print Shop
604-606 FIFTH STREET NORTHWEST — TELEPHONE MAIN 3915

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made
The Corby Company
Washington, D. C. — Station K
140

Phone Main 2626
CHARLES M. SCHNEIDER
BUFFET
416 12th Street N. W. — Opposite Hotel Raleigh

ED. J. GLAVIN
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street — Northwest

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

Finest TENNESSEE Whiskies
$1.00 and $1.25 QUART
at CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

The Man's Store
Home of the Suit
Home of the Overcoat

No Wonder We're Busy!!!

—Selling Suits
—Selling Overcoats

NO WONDER—right at the start of the season—just when you want that suit—that overcoat—we're giving you.

Honest $20 Suits and Overcoats

$15.15

This is our great special—there are hundreds of them—they're master garments—nothing can touch 'em at the price.

Our famous "Kimono Coat" $25. the back seam is the only seam—absolutely different. Nothing like it in town!

Suits and Overcoats at $20
Look like $25 garments.

Suits and Overcoats at $25
Try to duplicate them at $30.

Suits and Overcoats at $28.75
Hand-tailored garments—regular $35 grades.

Suits and Overcoats at $35
The tailor can't match 'em for $45.

Money's Worth or Money Back.

D. J. Kaufman,
(INCORPORATED)
1005-7 Pa. Ave.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE.

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

You Should Use Union Made Tobacco!

WHY? Because you get greater value for the money and a much superior quality

The following brands are guaranteed by us:

EPICURE SHREDDED PLUG	10 CTS.
CAMPBELL'S SHAG (2½ oz. paper—2 oz. tin)	10 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION CUT PLUG	5 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION NEW CUT	5 CTS.
MOOSE HEAD (Granulated Smoking; Best on earth for cigarettes)	5 CTS.
EXPANSION SUN CURED PLUG	U. S. NATURAL LEAF PLUG

(THE BEST FOR CHEWING)

MANUFACTURED BY THE

United States Tobacco Co.

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

OPEN 8.00 A. M. to 6.00 P. M. SATURDAYS UNTIL 9.00 P. M.

The Emerson Shoe — HONEST ALL THROUGH

UNION-MADE $3.50 to $6.00

907 Pa. Avenue Northwest
1925 14th Street Northwest — 14th and N. Y. Avenue

THIS PAPER HAS BEEN IN EXISTENCE NINETEEN YEARS--THANKS FOR YOUR HEARTY CO-OPERATION.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

One must need to keep a dictionary at his elbow when reading current literature. Louis Vance, in November Munsey, uses "coolth," "blague," and "crepsucle."

The G. P. O. mono. school, after a four-weeks' course, closes Friday of this week.

The following, from the Pike County (Ill.) Republican, should appeal to every typographical craftsman:

"James Doocy, of Washington, D. C., spent last week here, visiting his brother, Judge Edward Doocy and family, and many friends here. He has a position in the government printing office, where he has been working since he left here, in 1885. His daughter, Miss Helena Tracy Doocy, graduated in law this spring, and is an expert stenographer and typewriter. She also has a departmental position. Perry Grimes, who was one time editor of the old Pike County Banner, is also in the printing department, where he is operating a Monotype type-setting machine. Grimes has been there for a number of years. It was Perry who initiated The Republican Man into the printer's trade, something like twenty-three years ago, and many's the time The Republican Man has heard Perry tell as how there never would be no such thing as a typesetting machine. We'd certainly like to hear Perry holler now if he had to go back to setting 'medicine locals' by hand with that old bourgoise body type on the Banner, and then when he got through that job, he might grab hold of the crank of the old Country Campbell, and grind off his forty quires, taking his turn with Lou Frederick and Bert Niccum, not forgetting, either, how he used to step across the hall and 'chin' the girls in the dress-making shop. They were dandy days, when the Banner was located in the room over the Harry English store, then the postoffice, and not the least features of their delight were the hot peach pies that we used to get from Charley Reinbold's oven, just down the back stairway, about every morning of the world."

COMPENSATION LAW IN EFFECT.

Baltimore.—The Maryland workmen's compensation law, which was made possible through the activity of organized labor, took effect the first of the month. Hereafter workers will be compensated for injuries received, or their dependents will be provided for in case of death. Four methods for guaranteeing the payment of these indemnities are provided.

Employers may insure in a state fund which is created by the law; in mutual companies; in stock companies authorized to transact a casualty insurance business in the state; or he need not take out any insurance at all, providing he can furnish satisfactory proof to the state industrial accident commission of his personal ability to pay compensation to insured workmen or their beneficiaries himself. In the latter case the employer must deposit with the commission satisfactory securities, in an amount to be determined by the commission to secure his ability to pay such compensation.

URGE ORGANIZATION.

Cleveland.—"The day has gone by when garment workers need fear that employers will take steps against individuals active in organization," declared Secretary Frank Morrison of the A. F. of L., in an address to a large meeting of ladies' garment workers in this city, held for the purpose of interesting these workers in trades unionism.

The speaker referred to the continued growth of the American Federation of Labor and said that in two years the membership of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' union has leaped from 3,000 to more than 100,000, "and," he added, "it is still growing."

President Schlesinger, of the international union, and other members of this craft also spoke.

"FULL CREW LAW" IS LEGAL.

Little Rock, Ark.—The "full crew" law, passed by the Arkansas legislature last year has been declared constitutional by the State Supreme court. Under the law it is ordered that all railroad companies operating roads 100 miles and more in length in the state shall use a crew composed of an engineer, fireman, a foreman and three helpers, while doing switching in terminals or yards in cities of the first and second class.

$25,000 FOR LOSS OF SIGHT.

Cleveland, Ohio.—A jury in the common pleas court awarded John Haas a verdict of $25,000 against a manufacturer of cabinets for the loss of his sight. Haas was operating a circular saw when he was hit in one eye by a piece of wood. A short time afterwards he became totally blind.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Edward J. Wood, compositor, reinstated.

Separations.

Harry Hewlett, Benjamin T. Ford, Gilbert Brown, Will Davis, and Andrew S. Jackson, temporary unskilled laborers.

Thomas E. Dougher, temporary pressman, resigned.

Miss Gertrude McWilliamson, press feeder.

Brendan S. Gynan, machine operator.

Thomas E. Reardon, emergency plasterer.

SHOES FOR WARRING ARMIES.

Brockton, Mass.—At a meeting of business agents of the Boot and Shoe Workers' unions a recommendation was adopted calling for immediate special meetings of the executive boards of the various locals for the purpose of considering new agreements, which manufacturers request shall apply to army shoes. It is said that large orders from European countries are being received.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

1½ lbs. Porterhouse Steak	$ .40
1 doz. Fried Oysters in a Box	.30
1 doz. Fried Oysters at Table	.40
Spaghetti Italian Style	.25
Qt. 4 year old Taylor Golden Rye	1.00
Qt. 4 year old Straight Old Charter	1.00

Also Best of Hot Free Lunch Served in the City.

Rooms Steam Heated—50, 75, & $1.00 per day. AT THE

VICTOR BUFFET & HOTEL CO.
COR. 7th & G STREETS N. W.

CONFECTIONERY MAGAZINES
JOS. ETTERLEN
Leading Brands of Cigars and Tobacco
221 Ind. Ave. N. W. Washington, D. C.

FOR RENT
IN TYPOGRAPHICAL TEMPLE
No. 423 G STREET N. W.
Three Desirable Second-story Front Rooms suitable for offices; heat and light included.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Gayety, 9th St. bet. E & F Sts. N. W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie, - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meader's, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Regent, - - - 18th & V Sts. N. W.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Lafayette - - - - 1307 E St. N. W.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Scenic Wisconsin Ave. & N St. N.W.
Niagara - 7th St. bet. G & H N. W,

CUTICLE BALSAM
FOR CHAPPED HANDS, LIPS, ETC.

WELLER'S CUTICLE BALSAM is a skillful combination of the healing properties of benzoin, eucalyptus, etc. Can be used on the most delicate or sensitive skin on any and all occasions and leaves the skin soft, smooth and white.

Weller's Cuticle Balsam is the perfection of neatness and cleanliness. There is no stickiness nor greasiness; it is quickly absorbed, leaving no visible trace, so that gloves may be worn immediately after its use.

Manufactured and for sale by

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct

P. B. Suits
for Fall and Winter in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25
Parker, Bridget & Co.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS
"The Avenue at Ninth"

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

TERMINAL BAR
STRICTLY UNION
No. 44 G STREET N. E. — J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

European Plan $1.00 Up
HOTEL STERLING
13th and E Streets
Excellent Restaurant — Grill and Buffet

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth Street Southeast
Down by the Navy Yard — Wash. D.C.

CORBY BROS.
100 per cent Pure
Bread
fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents
Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find
THE NORRIS HOUSE
OPEN AT 4 A. M.
DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor
Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. — Washington, D. C.

REED & BELLO
UNION TAILORS
Phone Main 6937 — 811 G Street N. W.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

ALLEN'S BUFFET
PAUL ALLEN, Prop. — No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER — 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Prescription No 2220.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings, Hosiery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevator Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U. READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 37 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1915. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

"TAYLOR" SYSTEM DEALT HARD BLOW

CONGRESS WON'T FINANCE PLAN

Refuses to Vote Money for This Purpose.

Organized Labor Wins in Long Fight Against Alleged "Efficiency."

Washington.—Congress has ordered that no moneys in the army or the naval appropriation bills shall be used on behalf of "Taylor" or other alleged "efficiency" schemes, and the stop watch method of production has received its hardest blow since its advocates conceived the idea that government sanction would increase their prestige.

The House had included in the army and naval appropriations bills provisions that no part of these moneys could be used to further "Taylor," stop-watch or premium systems. The Senate rejected these provisions and the bills went to conference. The House conferees were unyielding in their demand that the provisions be retained. All other differences were adjusted, but the House stuck for its anti-"Taylor" system section. It was necessary to pass the bills, which provided for millions of dollars for the army and navy the coming fiscal year. The clock ticked seconds that marked the time when this Congress would pass into history, and other important legislation needed attention.

Finally the Senate conferees yielded, and organized labor won another important victory.

PAROLE SYSTEM A SUCCESS.

San Francisco.—The California parole system is a "splendid success," reports state prison officials to Gov. Johnson, who is told that:

"Experience has demonstrated its value in weaning men away from crime and restoring them to the ranks of self-supporting and self-respecting citizens. There are 764 prisoners on parole from both prisons. Twenty-two per cent of the men paroled in the two years are classed as failures, but only 4 per cent committed new crimes."

Fresh air treatment, ventilated cells, increased baths and increased medical attention have caused a large improvement in the health of the prisoners, it is reported.

PLEADS FOR SHORTER HOURS.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—In an address on the necessity of shorter hours, Rev. Robert E. Goodrich, of this city, said:

"The toilers of the world must be given shorter hours for work. Much has already been gained in some branches of industry, but shocking injustice still abounds in many directions. Fewer hours and one day's rest out of seven is the demand of the church in America for the laboring men."

PRESENT NEW AGREEMENT.

Allentown, Pa.—The two unions of carpenters in this city have presented new agreements to contractors, same to take ecect May 1. The new rate provides for a wage increase of 2 1-2 cents an hour. The present rate is 35 cents. Fifty hours shall be the work week from April 1 to December 1. Overtime at the rate of time and one-half and double time for work on Sunday, Christmas, Fourth of July and Labor Day.

WOMAN'S LAW PASSED.

Trenton, N. J.—Gov. Fielder has signed a law which makes the personal belongings of a married woman in this state her sole and separate property. Formerly the belongings of a married woman, coming to her as gifts through her husband, have been liable to attachment for debts of her husband. Under the new law this is impossible.

AGAINST MILITARISM

Cincinnati.—"Organized insanity" was the term used by N. C. Schaeffer, state superintendent of public schools of Pennsylvania, in opposing the theory of militarism in the public schools.

The school man said:

"When the demand is made that militarism form an integral part of vocational training, the teacher's distraction reaches a climax. If she should succeed in fulfilling this latest requirement, the public schools would develop a race of Amazons more fierce than the militant suffragettes.

"The war brides need as much bodily help and vigor as the soldiers who marry them if future generations are not to show signs of decadence.

"Investigations have shown that military drill is injurious during the adolescent period, and that the gracefulness of the cadets is not the outcome of drilling or marching, but rather of the hours spent under the direction of the dancing master.

"The moral drainage which results from militarism is still greater.

"The great powers of Europe have come to judgment and are grinding one another to dust and ashes. Their fate should be a warning to the American people not to introduce and foster militarism in the public schools."

FAVORS RESTRICTION.

Boston, Mass.—Discussing the various phases of unemployment problems, Thomas N. Carver, professor of economics at Harvard University, said:

"I have no use for nor can I spend any time listening to those, no matter how high they may be in the council of state or nation, who profess their love for labor and then oppose restricted immigration. It is a great thing to talk about opening our gateways to the world, but it appears that the appeal of the pocket-book is still stronger than the appeal to sympathy, and therefore I am inclined to hold them responsible for conditions until they clear their skirts."

WEAKEN LABOR DEPARTMENT.

Albany, N. Y.—A joint resolution has been introduced in the state legislature to place the state department of labor under the Secretary of State. This official shall have the ower to appoint two deputies who will supplant the commissioner of labor, an office now held by James M. Lynch, ex-president of the International Typographical Union.

The proposed bill will make the department of labor but an adjunct to the Secretary of State's office.

GRAND JURY WON'T INDICT.

New York.—No one will be punished for the wreck on the elevated railway in this city last December, which cost the lives of two passengers. The grand jury refused to indict any of the officials or directors of the company who had been held in $500 bail by Coroner Riordan on charges of culpable neglect in connection with the road's affairs. The grand jury also stated that it would not indict employes of the company.

OPPOSE CONVICT LABOR.

Peoria, Ill.—Trades unionists in this city are opposing the plan of commercial adventurers who have asked the state legislature for permission to install broom-making machinery in the local workhouse.

MOVIE MEN ORGANIZE.

Syracuse, N. Y.—Moving picture operators in this city have organized and affiliated to the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes.

OPPOSE STATE POLICE.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—The Central Labor Union of this city has adopted strong resolutions against the establishment of a state constabulary.

ASKING HIGHER WAGES

Chicago.—Before the arbitration board that will decide the wage requests of western engineers and firemen, General Manager Trenholm, of the "Omaha" railroad, opposed the workers' claim that engineers and firemen shall not be required to throw switches or do bagging. The railroad official insisted that the work was "insignificant," and could be done by firemen. The workers' representatives replied that in below-zero weather, after a fireman had shoveled six or eight tons of coal, if he is obliged to leap from his cab into the freezing atmosphere and walk some distance to throw a switch or wave a flag it may endanger his health.

The general manager answered: "Oh, I don't think it would hurt the fireman."

Mr. Trenholm expressed much concern over the stockholder and insisted that "the unions were eternally asking for too much."

"If we can show you that capital has received more than 10 per cent on all it has invested in railroads, will you approve the request of the brotherhoods as to wage increases?" inquired Grand Chief Stone, of the Engineers.

Mr. Trenholm hesitated, and then said:

"I hardly think that such a thing could be shown, and if it could be, I do not see how it would have any bearing on the present case."

SAFETY AFTER WAR.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"If there was ever a time when America would be safe, it is during the generation following this war," declared Dr. Jesse Holmes, of Swarthmore College, in a speech in this city. The speaker said that when the war is over the victor will be in slightly less depleted condition than the conquered, and only the sheerest stupidity could imagine designs on the United States at such a time.

"If, as is claimed, every generation should have a war to develop bravery and manly attributes," he said, "why not have wars between states or cities within our country and thus conserve in our borders the highest to be gained therefrom instead of letting another country have half the benefit in better men."

ANTI-UNIONISTS WORRIED.

Terre Haute, Ind.—The old adage regarding "a long lane" is recalled by unionists and their sympathizers in this city as jitneys make inroads in the dividends of the local street car company, which started out some time ago to "smash" the union of street car men. This city was one of the first to establish a jitney service, which is making it possible for unionists to administer a chastisement to the anti-unionist corporation that its daily income is affected to such an extent securities have taken a dangerous tumble. In fact, retribution is so swift and emphatic that officials of the company admit the situation is serious and financial difficulties probable if the unionists refuse to forget and forgive.

DEADLY MINE EXPLOSION.

Hinton, W. Va.—It is believed nearly 200 miners have lost their lives in the Layland mines of the New River and Pocahontas Consolidated Coal Company through an explosion. The usual announcement is made that "the Layland mines were well equipped and inspections during the past month failed to show the presence of any gas." This is the second explosion within a month in this field. Last month 20 miners lost their lives in the Carlisle mine, near Fayetteville.

BUTCHERS' UNION GROWS.

Dallas, Tex.—Because of increases in membership the union of Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen in this city is forced to secure larger quarters.

WAR'S DELUDED VICTIMS

First Soul—
I was a peasant of the Polish plain;
I left my plow because the message ran:
Russia, in danger, needed every man
To save her from the Teuton; and was slain—
I gave my life for freedom—this I know:
For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Second Soul—
I was a Tyrolese, a mountaineer;
I gladly left my mountain home to fight
Against the brutal, treacherous Muscovite:
And died in Poland on a Cossack spear.
I gave my life for freedom—this I know:
For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Third Soul—
I worked in Lyons at my weaver's loom,
When suddenly the Prussian despot hurled
His felon blow at France and at the world;
Then I went forth to Belgium and my doom.
I gave my life for freedom—this I know:
For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Fourth Soul—
I owned a vineyard by the wooded Main,
Until the Fatherland, begirt by foes
Lusting her downfall, called me, and I rose
Swift to the call—and died in fair Lorraine.
I gave my life for freedom—this I know:
For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Fifth Soul—
I worked in a great shipyard by the Clyde,
There came a sudden word of wars declared,
Of Belgium, peaceful, helpless, unprepared,
Asking our aid; I joined the ranks, and died.
I gave my life for freedom—this I know:
For those who bade me fight had told me so.

W. N. Ewer, in London Nation.

FREE RIDES IN DISTRICT.

Washington.—Both the Senate and House have accepted the District of Columbia appropriation bill which includes free rides for firemen and policemen. Provision is also made for the establishment of a trial board regulating charges against firemen. Heretofore one of these public servants could be summarily dismissed without a hearing "for the good of the service. Firemen were especially active in securing this legislation and report valuable asistance was rendered the mby A. F. of L. affiliates throughout the country.

"DAY OF REST" LAW UPHELD.

Albany, N. Y.—The constitutionality of the law securing to employes in factories and mercantile establishments twenty-four consecutive hours of rest every week has just been upheld by a unanimous decision of the New York state court of appeals.

The decision was rendered in an appeal from the judgment of a Buffalo city court which convicted a packing company of violating the law.

AGREE TO EARLY CLOSING.

Sioux City, Iowa.—The early closing campaign conducted by the local Central Body is proving successful. Every large store but one has agreed to close at 5:30 each day in the week except Saturday.

MINE OWNERS "UPLIFT"

Denver, Colo.—Colorado mine owners will enter the "uplift" business for the benefit of employes, and several "club houses" will be erected, according to President Welborn of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, which imported strikebreakers and private detectives to resist efforts of the miners to compel this and other concerns to obey the state's mining laws. Mr. Welborn says the recent strike cost the operators $1,250,000, and he closes his "uplift" announcement with this rather vague statement:

"Although our mine employes were generally speaking, satisfied with working conditions at the time the strike was called, and had been for many years prior thereto, I know I am safe in saying that they are better satisfied and have a more friendly feeling toward the company today than they ever had before."

HOSPITAL BILL A LAW.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—Gov. Williams has signed the bill which provides that railroads must furnish hospital aid to injured employes without removing them from the state. At practically every session of the state legislature this measure has been urged. In 1913 a similar bill was passed by both houses, but was vetoed by Gov. Cruce.

FAVOR UNION'S SYSTEM.

Boston, Mass.—Before the board of arbitration that is considering wage demands of the Bay State railway employes, Eben I. Morse, a motorman, said he did not believe in company compensation for faithful, continuous service. He favored the union plan of 30 cents an hour for the first year and 35 cents an hour thereafter.

PROVIDES LOW COMPENSATION.

Harrisburg, Pa.—Pamphlets containing the proposed state compensation law have been issued from the office of the attorney general with requests that comments be forwarded to Gov. Brumbaugh. The schedule of compensation establishes a 50 per cent. rate. An employer who can satisfy the compensation board may carry his own insurance if he proves his financial reliability.

Pennsylvania workers are protesting against the 50 per cent rate.

At the last convention of the American Federation of Labor, held in Philadelphia, it was resolved: "We desire to emphatically indorse the establishing of rates not less than 66 2-3 per cent. of the wages paid to those who are to receive awards under compensation laws."

STATE LIABILITY CHEAPEST.

Albany, N. Y.—The state workmen's compensation commission is resisting efforts by private insurance companies to cripple its department by having the state reduce the appropriation for running expenses. At a public hearing in this city it was shown, according to the Legislative Labor News:

"That $20,000,000 a year or more is collected in premiums by insurance companies in this state under the compensation law.

"That the state insurance fund does a business of less than $4,500,000 a year in premiums, at a premium rate now placed at 25 per cent. less than insurance company rates; is accumulating a big reserve, and is able to pay all its own administration expenses after one year of operation.

"That less than $7,000,000 will cover all the claims awarded under the law in one year.

"That the insurance companies clean up in profits 65 cents out of every dollar collected for compensation insurance in this state.

"That a gigantic conspiracy, subtly staged, is under way to pluck the vitals out of the compensation law, while retaining intact in the shell all the 'graft' for the insurance companies."

AN APPRECIATION

San Francisco.—Says the Bulletin of this city, in its editorial columns:

"We have given their meed of praise to the President, to the officials, to the directors, to the architects, to the engineers, to Jules Guerin, who translated a symphony into color, to John MacLaren, who tamed wild California nature to aid them all in the work.

"Now, therefore, let us take off our hats to the workingmen who built that exposition in the sweat of their brows and the masterful skill of their hands. In an intimate sense it is their exposition.

"It is a monument to the efficiency of organized labor."

PENSIONS FOR CITY EMPLOYES.

San Francisco.—The board of supervisors has indorsed a proposed city charter amendment providing for pensions for city employes. The board says:

"Every man who works for a living is in constant dread of the time when, through old age or disability, he will be incapable of making a livelihood.

"This is especially true of municipal employes, many of whom are paid small salaries, from which they are unable to lay aside something as a protection against old age or disability.

"The proposition embodied in this amendment is one of simple justice to faithful servants of the public. Surely a man who has spent the best years of his life in the service of the public should have some protection against old age or disability."

The plan has also been approved by the Labor Council.

BAKERS STRIKE.

St. Louis, Mo.—A strike has followed the discharge of nine union bakers by the Heydt branch of the American Bakery Company, which is a strong advocate of the non-union, or so-called "open shop." The company is a believer in "free and independent workmen," and General Organizer Schmidt, of the Bakers' Union, tells why.

"Fifty men were employed in the Heydt Bakery," says this unionist. "Thirty-five of them were bakers and the rest helpers. Oven hands received from $12 to $16 a week; bench hands, $10 to $14; dough mixers, $16.50; bench foremen, $15, and helpers received from $8.50 to $9.50 a week. These wages are from $3 to $4 below the union scale for eight hours."

MACHINISTS REDUCE HOURS.

Rochester, N. Y.—Two eight-hour union shop agreements have been signed by the machinists in this city. Wages have been increased from $18 for 52 hours' work to $19.20 for 48 hours' work. The gains have stimulated organization.

MACHINISTS STRIKE SETTLED.

Worcester, Mass.—The strike in the Palmer shop has been settled with a complete victory for the machinists, who have been granted recognition of their union. As a result, scores of machinists are now joining the organization.

LABOR TEMPLE FLOURISHES.

Atlanta, Ga.—Secretary-Treasurer Marks, of the Atlanta Labor Temple Association, has issued a glowing report of labor temple conditions in this city. He says:

"The doors were opened three years ago to the local unions of the city and practically all of them moved in. Since that time all the indebtedness against the property has been liquidated and for a year it has not owed a penny. During the three years the association has paid back to the stockholders 17 per cent in dividends and the property is worth almost twice the amount paid for it. During the coming year it is the intention of the association to either erect a new building or add to the present structure."

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 12, 1915.

Don't be afraid of doing any one a favor.

The average worker doesn't get enough dough to supply his daily bread.

In the long run men hit only what they aim at. Therefore though they should fail immediately, they had better aim at something high.—Thoreau.

RETIREMENT OF MAJOR SYLVESTER.

After years of faithful and efficient service, Major Richard Sylvester, of the Metropolitan Police Force, has handed in his resignation to the Commissioners and the same accepted. It is gratifying to the Major's friends to know that the charges which were filed against him were withdrawn by the introducer, after a partial investigation of them had been made by the Commission- who found that they could not be substantiated.

A man filling this responsible position would not be human did he not err, and the jealousies and ambitions of subordinates had a great deal to do with the preferring of the charges, which, as we ers, who found that they could not be substantiated.

We trust that Major Sylvester will live many years to come to enjoy the fruits of a life well spent in the interest of the citizens of the District, and we hope that his successor, Mr. Pullman, will have the same efficient career and success that has marked that of Major Sylvester as Superintendent of Police.

THE FISCAL RELATIONS OF THE DISTRICT.

Now that the whole matter of the half-and-half plan of appropriating for the maintenance of the District is to be investigated by a joint committee of Congress, we trust that their findings, which we hope and believe will be fair and impartial, will put a quietus upon some of the near statesmen on the hill who have been berailing against the District for the past few years. If it was left to some of these near statesmen the people of the District would be saddled with the full duty of maintaining the expenses of the Capitol City of this country, and if that should happen it would mean that the taxes which would have to be raised would be increased on the homes of the working people, and the rents likewise increased to make up the difference, or else the standard which is maintained today would have to be considerably lowered. We do not believe that either of these conditions should prevail and a thorough investigation by this committee will demonstrate that the present plan is as near perfect as can be arranged, and we trust that while this committee is doing their work they will give some consideration to the question of allowing the people to have some voice in their local affairs.

EXCISE INVESTIGATION.

The recent investigation into the workings of the Excise Board of the District by a sub-committee of the Senate was the most unfair, prejudiced, and biased public hearings ever held by a committee of either House of Congress.

Charges were made, inuendos indulged in, and corruption charged against the members who make up this board by members of the Anti-Saloon League, and after the testimony was taken, it developed that not one charge of corruption could be substantiated. It developed that the Board being human and infallible, made some errors of judgment, the same perhaps as any others who might have been charged with the responsibility of putting into effect the full provisions of the so-called Jones-Works Act; but if organizations or individuals are to be allowed to make charges impugning the honesty and integrity of men's characters without a scintilla of evidence, and Congress pay heed to such charges, the day will come when it will be impossible to have respectable, conscientious and just citizens serve on public boards.

We have always been opposed to prohibition and until other arguments other than the ones already used are presented, we always will be opposed to prohibition, and it looks to us as if Congress was being used to further the propaganda of the prohibition forces of the country through the recent investigation. We will say further that the Liquor Business as conducted in this city is as clean, and great deal cleaner than a great many others—as can be found in any city in the country, and there is less drunkenness in the District than can be found elsewhere.

We hope that this investigation with its false charges will fail of its purpose in the next session of Congress—that of passing a prohibition bill for the District, and it is the duty of all those who believe in proper regulation of this business to bestir themselves and prevent such drastic legislation from being enacted.

BE A GOOD FORGETTER.

Life is too short to remember the things that would prevent one's doing one's best.

"Forgetting the things that are behind, I press forward," said a brave old man in the first century.

Usually old men live largely in the past, but this old man lived in the future. He was a good forgetter.

Many of us fail because we do not forget. We remember our failures and they hamper us. We remember our victories and they make us vain. We remember our enemies and fritter away valuable time trying to get even with them. But—

The successful man forgets.

He knows the past is irrevocable. He lets the dead past bury its dead. He is in too much of a hurry to attend the funeral of his hopes. He is running a race. He cannot afford to look behind. His eye is on the winning post.

The magnanimous man forgets.

He is too big to let little things disturb him. He forgets quickly and forgets easily. If any one does him a wrong he "considers the source" and keeps sweet. It is only your small man who cherishes a low revenge. Or an Indian. The Indian never forgets and because he is ever wanting to pay somebody back he never gets on.

Be a forgetter.

Bigness dictates it and—

Success demands it.—The Wisconsin Labor News.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

A few hours after boasting that, married twenty years, $10 would pay the doctors' bills for himself and his wife durng that period, Hugo Zwicker was called home. Mr. Zwicker, who some years ago worked on the Post and the Congressional Record, returned to this city about two years since, and at the time of his death was a member of the night keyboard chapel, G. P. O. On Saturday night last, on motion of Mr. Goodkey, the chapel suspended work for two minutes out of respect to his memory; also voting to escort the body from Mr. Zwicker's late residence to the Union Station, en route to Indianapolis for interment.

With the breaking up of the night forces, G. P. O., Chairman Hartsin, of the keyboard room, was presented with a box of cigars and other tokens of esteem by his chapen associates.

At the annual meeting of the Knights of Momus on Sunday afternoon last about twenty-five applications for membership were presented. These names, after scrutiny by the membership committee, will be placed on the "waiting list." Sir Knights Chisholm and Parsons moved to the chairs of president and vice-president. Sir Knight Joe M. Johnson was elected "Scribbler of Scroll," while the incumbents, Messrs. Huston, Bodenhamer, and Julian, were retained as financial secretary, treasurer, and sergeant-at-arms. Mr. Whitehead, on behalf of the organization presented Mr. Burkholder with a handsome pin—a custom following the retirement of each president from office.

Dr. Cowles resigned from the G. P. O. on Saturday night last, to take up his chosen profession, that of dentistry. For some time past the genial doctor has maintained an office in the Victor Building, Ninth street, so that he is far from being a fledgling, and will now devote his entire energies to his practice.

In this column, date of February 12, was outlined a route for a bus line. Now comes the Capital Traction Co., with a proposition to lay car tracks on practically the same north and south streets.

Later comes the Washington and Maryland with another version of the same route. An opportunity for a feature article, this, in a Sunday issue, showing existing and proposed north and south lines.

Frank Jones, Merg. operator, G. P. O., resigns, returning to his home in Iowa.

The erection of a building at No. 1222 H Street Northwest, to be occupied by the National Publishing Co., marks the moving of another printing establishment into the uptown section.

Walter Kinsolving is in receipt of a copy of "Shop Talk," a neat publication, devoted to unionism and good fellowship, issued by the Banner chapel, Nashville, Tenn. The editorship goes around among the members of the chapel and a most creditable sheet is produced.

"Ladies night, 1915," will be appropriately celebrated by the Knights of Momus on some date in April, in the form of a shad or beefsteak dinner in the basement of Elks Temple, with dancing on the upper floors.

In one of my "takes," quoting an opinion from a distinguished jurist, mention was made that five young men read law in his office. All of these gentlemen have been dead more than half a century, yet streets, counties, and babies are being named after two of them to-day. They are Henry Clay and John Marshall. The three others attained the Presidency of the United States.

F. H. Whitman, foreman of the Washington Herald, contributes to the Monotype house journal and the Editor and Publisher and Journalist entertaining articles on what he calls his "non-distribution system," in other words, the care of mono-made sorts for advertising purposes, giving the patron new type with each issue.

On invitation of Charlie Henry, I attended the illustrated lecture of Rev. Charles E. Fultz—subject, "A trip to the Holy Land"—at Pythian Temple on Tuesday evening. I had exploited the entertainment, not so much on behalf of the Ladies Auxiliary and the Printers' Athletic Association, joint beneficiaries, but on account of the reverend gentleman himself. I knew that on numerous occasions, when but few of the craft had gathered at the bier of a departed brother, he was the officiating clergyman. I found a name-sake at the piano and for two hours added to my store of biblical and geographical lore. One of the films was a picture of the Government Printing Office, the divine's "second church," the employees of which contributed over 3,000,000 votes in the Post's contest sendng 12 members of the local clergy to the Holy Land. Another feather was placed in the cap of the Post when the gentleman stated, it being impossible to honor checks in Turkey, the paper cabled an additional $1,000 to defray expenses. At future presentations I would respectfully suggest an elimination of a goodly per cent of the levity. The phrase "sky-pilots," in connection with sacred scenes, doth grate upon the ear.

To be had for the asking, is a booklet issued from International Typographical headquarters, entitled "Sermonettes," from the pen of Joe M. Johnson, of this city. One sentence therefrom—"The man (speaking of the one who falls by the wayside in unionism) who has gone his lonely way isolated, shunned, and scorned, and all the time face to face with a bad conscience, knows a great more about hell than General Sherman knew about war."

That St. Cecilia College is running well up in the Post contest for moving-picture machines for ten schools is due in no small measure to the efforts of W. S. Tappan, who is collecting coupons from his associates.

The expected has come at last—the doubling up of the operator. This is one of the good ideas born of Mr. Benton. Some six years since, when that gentleman was in charge of the Mono. keyboard section, he initiated a practice, when tabular matter was running heavy, of sending operators, in relays, for two hours to the assembling division. Result—the proof desk was supplied with work the next morning and a man or woman must need be more than a mere fingerer of the keys to show that they were printers. About this time a gentleman at the close of a night's work, related to me how he had, in the early evening, set a take; detailed to the proof room, he had read it; "back to the ivories," he had corrected it. This was Eddie Nevils, now in charge of the Merg. section.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By CYCLE.

The flag of the rumor committee is still up.

The moon failed to get full last month, and that is more than some people can say.

Winter has its advantages. For instance, the psky fly does not tramp all over the butter, and the front lawn is self-supporting.

The opportunity came to Comptroller Downey to restore sight to justice by granting thirty day's leave with pay to all Government Printing Office employees.

The name of the new superintendent of police suggests that offenders of the law, who are hustled off to the station, shall be required to take a Pullman instead of the patrol-wagon.

Unceasing service and fidelity of purpose in behalf of others has won for Mr. F. C. Roberts the friendship and gratitude of those who wish for the greatest good to the greatest number. A substantial voluntary testimonial would be entirely appropriate at this time.

In meeting the requirements of the law, incident to the adjournment of Congress, the Public Printer has adopted the plan of requiring those having leave due them to take it at once, thus avoiding what probably would have amounted to a general discharge. A very satisfactory solution of a problem offering many perplexities.

DOWN AND OUT.

We hear a lot about the man
  Who's always down and out;
The cause is just a simple one
  And ofttimes fair no doubt.

He's never been in jail, not once,
  He's never stole or scabbed;
He's just a poor unfortunate,
  Some mother's boy in bad.

Down and out, you hear each day,
  Amongst your daily jaunts;
The man who's up against it,
  Just work is all he wants.

Once he held a job secure,
  When pay came sure as day;
But now its different, hear him tell,
  In his "Down and out" sort of way.

Old Dame Fortune wrecked his plans,
  He started o'er and o'er;
He shocked the wheat on farmer's hill,
  Until his hands grew sore.

He made a lot of money once,
  And was about to wed,
When something seemed to interfere:
  Again his dreams had fled.

But he's still with us, close at hand,
  This fellow, down and out,
To-day you say it is not I,
  To-morrow brings a doubt.

We gain success and lose the same,
  Because of powers that be;
I'll help you if you'll find the way,
  I ask: Would you help me.

ELMER T. GOOD.

March 8, 1915.

FOR PURITY AND WHOLESOMENESS, INSIST ON

"The Velvet Kind" Ice Cream

YOU CAN GET IT AT YOUR RELIABLE DEALER

'Tis Made in the Most Scientific and Sanitary Ice Cream Plant in the World. CHAPIN-SAKS MANUFACTURING CO.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION—UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN — UNION MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter — OF AMERICA — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ASK FOR IT — Phone North 192

FUSSELL'S ICE CREAM

Made With Pure Rich Pasteurized Cream

1324 14th Street N. W. — Washington, D. C.

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

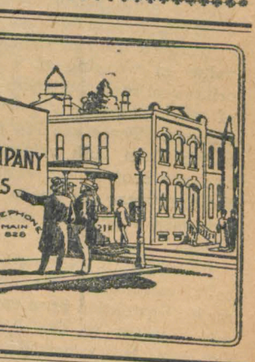
WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY

COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS

518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

TELEPHONE MAIN 828 — F. B. CROWN, MANAGER



W. B. Moses & Sons

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

FAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union Chas. T. Smith, Editor

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

For Best Kitchen Wares

----And Other
----Household Needs

Visit our departments of Housefurnishings, China, and Glassware. The assortments in the various lines are most complete.

All the best known makes of household wares, both imported and domestic, are included.

Decorated Dinnerware.
Decorated Toiletware.
Glassware of every Description.
Lamps and Electroliers.
Refrigerators.
Agate Nickel-Steel Utensils
Vollrath Enameled Utensils.
All-White Enameled Utensils.
Aluminum Kitchen Utensils.
High-Class Kitchen Cutlery.
Complete Laundry Equipments.
Coffee-Making Devices.
Imported Molds and Cutters.
Bathroom Fixtures.
Antirust Tinware.
Russian Iron and Steel Roasting Pans.
Labor-Saving Devices for Cooking, Housecleaning, &c.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

'PHONE, MAIN-6995 — "THINGS RUBBER"

WASHINGTON RUBBER CO.
10TH & F STS. WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY

Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.

Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

H. M. MARKS, Prop. Phone Main 5562

THEATRICAL HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL MARKS
AMERICAN PLAN

10th & E Sts. Running Hot & Cold water in All Rooms

When Purchasing Bread

Get Meinberg's Top Notch

Look For Label on Each Loaf

JOHN G. MEINBERG
Baker and Confectioner

714-716 11th Street, S. E.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

That was a well-pleased audience which gathered at the Pythian Temple on Tuesday evening last to hear Rev. Charles E. Fultz, of the United Brethren Church, in his lecture on "The Holy Land." It was given for the benefit of the Ladies' Auxiliary of Columbia Union and the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association. Additional enjoyable features of the entertainment were the fine violin playing of Miss Ruby Stanford, daughter of Mr. Wilmer Stanford, a well-known union printer working in the Government Printing Office, and the pleasing singing of Miss Ritchie McLean, daughter of R. A. McLean, of the Star—both young ladies being possessed of much talent in their lines.

The Auxiliary and the Athletic Association are indebted to all those who contributed to the success of the venture, either in buying tickets or in other ways, and have asked that the writer make this public acknowledgment thereof.

* * *

Word was received here a few days ago by Secretary Seibold of the death, at the Union Printers' Home, at Colorado Springs, of Edgar W. Trainham, a member of Columbia Union who entered that institution on January 15th of the present year. Mr. Trainham was a native of Virginia, having joined the Richmond Typographical Union in 1889. In this city he worked for a number of years in the Government Printing Office, afterwards going to the Herald, from which chapel, in 1910, he went to Porto Rico to work in the printing office there maintained by the United States Government. Owing to ill health, he returned to the United States in August, 1914, remaining in this neighborhood until his departure for the Home. Tuberculosis was the cause of death. He was about 45 years of age, and is survived by his wife. Burial was in the cemetery at the Union Printers' Home.

* * *

J. Worth Carnahan has sold his interest in the Carnahan Press, one of this city's finest printing offices, and will hereafter devote himself to other business. E. Norval Fortson succeeds Mr. Carnahan as president of the company. The management remains the same.

* * *

Charles M. Robinson, one of Columbia Union's best known members, out of commission for several weeks past due to illness, is again at his desk in the Printery proof room, while Levi H. Patterson and E. J. Hall, of the same chapel, both dangerously ill for some time past, are improving. William Walton, of the Post, one of the most widely known of the downtown contingent of No. 101, is dangerously ill at George Washington Hospital.

* * *

Recently I met Albert Cottle, for many years an employee of the Government Printing Office, but who about two or three years ago gave up the activities of labor and retired from his position in the Printery. During his service there he was for several years a foreman at the main office and also in one or more of the branches, and a chat with him accents the fact that he had a wide acquaintance among people now or formerly employed in that great establishment. To judge by appearances, Mr. Cottle is in what the sporting writers call "the pink of condition," and that he is enjoying his well-earned rest is the pleasant wish of all those who knew him when he was one of us.

* * *

The sudden death of Hugo Zwicker, a member of the monotype keyboard chapel of the Government Printing Office, was a great shock to his acquaintances and friends. Seemingly in his usual health to within a few hours of his death, the call came to him on the afternoon of March 5, 1915. Mr. Zwicker, who was about fifty years of age, was known to a large number of printers here and in the cities of the Middle West and in New York, and there will be much sorrow at the death of such a popular craftsman, companionable man, and faithful friend. Years ago he was employed here on the Post and possibly other papers, his last return to this city being about two years ago, at which time he became a mnootype operator in the Printing Office. Mr. Zwicker is survived by his wife, and to her and others stricken with the sorrow of his passing much sympathy is extended by friends. The remains, accompanied by the wife and a brother, were taken to Indianapolis for burial.

* * *

"Sermonettes" is the title of a neat 12-page folder recently published and sent out from International headquarters at Indianapolis. It is by Joe M. Johnson, ex-president and ex-delegate of Columbia Union and agent of the Union Printers' Home. It contains much that is good and truthful about our union, its benefactions, and its principles, all clothed in a language bringing memories of the Bible, the Tennessee hills, and Joe's peculiar gifts. It is well worth the time to read, and then to be laid aside for future use—for its plenty good to keep.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

DOUBLEDAY PAGE COMPANY.

The Allied Printing Trades Council of Greater New York, receives from time to time requests for information as to the attitude of the Doubleday Page Co., towards our unions and requests us to publish this statement.

Through the Labor Press throughout the country, we desire to make known to every member of Organized Labor and their friends, the fact that there has been no change whatever in the antagonistic attitude of the Doubleday Page Co., toward the members of Trade Unions and they will not knowingly employ any member of Organized Labor, and they do not pay the Prevailing Scale of Wages in the Composing Room, Press Room, Bookbinding, Mailing and Electrotype Departments.

While we receive numerous communications for information on this question, there is a large number of members of Organized Labor and their friends, who will not write for this information, and we therefore adopt this method of letting the public know and understand that Doubleday Page Co., are just as antagonistic toward Organized Labor as they were over a year ago when they endeavored to have our Unions in Greater New York punished as violators of the Sherman Law. We have no doubt that you readers will be pleased to know that the Federal Investigation found that the New York Unions were in no way violating the Sherman Law orany other law.

BULLETIN No. 158.

Government aid to home-owning and housing of working people in foreign countries is the subject of Bulletin No. 158, just issued by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor. The report presents a comprehensive study of the work which has been done in the principal European and Australian countries, a work so important that it has already called for no less than 10 international housing congresses. The activities of foreign official authorities in the aid of housing have grown out of the conviction that private initiative is inadequate to deal with the housing problem and that systematic Government regulation, encouragement, and financial aid must be given.

The methods of granting public aid differ greatly in detail in various countries, but the form in which the aid is given usually falls under one of three classes.

TO ORGANIZE WOMEN.

San Francisco.—At the seventh annual convention of district council, No. 3, Retail Clerks' International Protective Association, it was decided to inaugurate a campaign of organization among women clerks. An effort will be made to establish a uniform wage scale and working agreement for all clerks in California.

DISCUSSES ATLANTA STRIKE.

Washington, March 6.—Last week Representative Greene discussed the strike of Atlanta textile workers in the House and urged consideration of his resolution which provides for an investigation of the mills in that city. During his speech he read the contract forced on employes of the Fulton Bag anl Cotton Mills. This contract is one of the main causes of the strike. It permits the company to withhold one week's wages if a worker fails to give one week's notice before he quits his employment. The company, on the other hand, can discharge at any time, with or without reason.

CALLS REST LAW A FARCE.

Albany, N. Y.—The state law which provides rest rooms in department stores and compels mercantile establishments to furnish one seat for every three women employes was declared to be a "farce" by women workers at a hearing before the legislature.

"The law compels you to furnish seats for women, but it doesn't compel you to allow them to sit on them," one shop girl told the merchants at the hearing. "In New York city the girl who tries to sit down in a department store is called a shirker."

"Crocodile tears" was the answer of employers to the stories of hardships told by these workers. President Dyer, of the New York State Retail Merchants' Association assured the committee that the increasing legal restrictions on businsss was one of the reasons "for the present hard times."

ATTENTION!

The Label Trades Department of the A. F. of L. at the last convention held in Philadelphia, decided that the only bona fide label when buying clothes is the label of the Union Garment Workers of America, and can only be procured at Jos. A. Wilner and Kassan, custom tailors, corner 8th and G streets Northwest.

I. GANTZ, Sec. Local No. 11,
U. G. W. of A.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
MID-WINTER CLEARANCE SALE

Suitings and Overcoats Sold at $25, $27.50 and $30, Reduced to - - $19

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & KASSAN
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

PURE DRUGS PROMPT SERVICE

Healy's New Drug Store
North Capitol and G Streets
(Opposite Government Printing Office.)

JOHN FERRY, Prop.

Phone Lincoln 2010-2011

TERMINAL BAR

STRICTLY UNION

No. 44 G STREET N E. J. F. McCARTHY, Manager.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night

Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

NEWTON A. JAMES.....President
E. L. TUCKER.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive: E. L. Tucker, Chairman, Newton A. James, John B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Joseph E. Toone, John Hartley, and Henry Nolda

Legislation: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. John H. Lorch, William Clark, Daniel J. O'Leary, and N. P. Alifas.

Adjustment: Henry Nolda, Chairman. Chas. Callan, Ben Spellbring, Robert Jones, and B. O'Leary.

Contract: John Hartley, Chairman. W. H. Schaefer, Harry Anglin, Edwin Giles, and J. L. Considine.

Laws: Harry Oehler, Chairman. Joel Mann, and Patrick Ahearn.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler, Chairman. J. H. Conroy, and J. M. Foster.

Organization: Jos. E. Toone, Chairman. Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Elmer Harding, and Wm. Whyte.

Auditing: John Weber, Chairman. Miss R. Levair, and Ben Lorch.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears, Chairman. M. J. Costella, and Thos. E. Blakeley.

Label: E. T. Good, Chairman.

Press: John B. Colpoys, Chairman. W. D. Clark, and Chas. Heuter.

Delegates to Baltimore: Frank Rom, Chairman, William Baum, and Daniel Hassett.

Delegates to Alexandria: Wm. Roberts, Chairman. John J. Purcell, and Charles Wright.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N.E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W.
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W.
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Maryland Building 1410 H St., N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
Arithmetic
English

Civil Service Preparation

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES

THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

B. and N. Hat Cleaning Company

Straw, Panama and all kinds of Ladies' and Gent's Hats Cleaned and Blocked in the latest styles. A General Remodeling of Hats.

PANAMAS BLEACHED SHOES SHINED
606 Fourteenth Street Northwest

ON REQUEST

If you see any drug-store article advertised which is not to be had from our stock, we will, on request, be glad to get it for you—However, you will find practically all the extensively advertised articles here waiting for you.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N.W
Right by the Aqueduct.

YOUR AD IN THE
Trades Unionist
WILL BRING RESULTS.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

OFFICE: Typographical Temple, 425 G St. N. W.

R. H. BURDETTE, President....803 Mt. Vernon Place N.W.
W. I. STRATTON, Vice-President, 617 6 St. N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Rec. Secretary....425 G St. N.W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, Typographical Temple, 423-425 G Street NW.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden.....425 G St. N.W.
C. S. CUNINGHAM, Conductor.....Rosslyn, Va.

TRUSTEES

F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth St. N. E.
A. P. Taylor.....622 Eye Street N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

AUDITORS

W. T. Baum.....474 Eye St. S. W.
T. W. Woltz.....604 13th St. N. E.
J. W. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.
George E. Hatton.....519 M St. S. W.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATES TO CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

H. S. Hollohan.....814 7th Street N. E.
W. T. Baum.....474 Eye Street S. W.
C. S. Cuningham.....Rosslyn, Va.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. Burdette....803 Mt. Vernon Place N. W.
L. Luebkert.....1314 Kearney Street N. E.
M. A. Foley.....38 Myrtle Street N. E.
E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
J. G. Robinson.....624 6th Street S. W.

MILL COMMITTEE

E. B. Byrne.....425 G Street N. W.
Allen Lithgow.....160 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth St. S. W.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. Davis.....439 Second Street N. E.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

ED. J. GLAVIN
WINES AND LIQUORS
309 G Street Northwest

PHONE MAIN 3546 WORK GUARANTEED

TYPEWRITER CLEANING AND REPAIR COMPANY

1417 F St. N. W., Room 5 F. L. WILLIAMS, Mgr.

CORBY BROS.
100 per cent Pure
Bread
fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents

Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find

THE NORRIS HOUSE

OPEN AT 4 A. M.

DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor

Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

THE DRILLERY

1100 NEW YORK AVE. N. W.

Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
SESSION DAILY 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.
SUMMER RATES.

You Should Use Union Made Tobacco!

WHY? Because you get greater value for the money and a much superior quality

The following brands are guaranteed by us:

EPICURE SHREDDED PLUG - - - -	10 CTS.
CAMPBELL'S SHAG (2½ oz. paper—2 oz. tin) -	10 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION CUT PLUG - - - -	5 CTS.
CENTRAL UNION NEW CUT - - - -	5 CTS.
MOOSE HEAD (Granulated Smoking; Best on earth for cigarettes)	5 CTS.
EXPANSION SUN CURED PLUG	U. S. NATURAL LEAF PLUG

(THE BEST FOR CHEWING)

MANUFACTURED BY THE

United States Tobacco Co.

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 o'clock and third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, John Weber, 518 6th St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Francis J. O'Donnell, 3 Grant Place Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E Street Southeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincey Place N. W.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a.m. W. H. Shaefer, Secretary, 1404 E Street S. E.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 6th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krauss, 1012 H street northeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Cement Workers, No. 60: Meets 1st and 3d Monday Typographical Temple. Secretary, O. Brust.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, Edwin Tillow, 242 8th St. N.E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 133 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Conductors Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday, 1110 6th street. Secretary, Frederick Allen, Ballston, Va.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth Street n. w., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: C. M. Hisle, Secretary, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 14644: Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. R. Paxton, Station K, Langdon, D. C.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

International Moiders Union: Meets every 2nd and 4th Fridays, Donohues Hall, 314 Pa. Avene S.E., Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street N.E.

Janitors' Protective Union, No. 14574: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday, True Reformers' Hall. Secretary, J. R. Anderson, 600 Fairmont street.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1682 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secttary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary Andrew J. Livick, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois building, 11th and G street n. w., room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 936 Pa. ave. northwest. Phone main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th street northwest.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, Harry J. Wells, 229 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Fr day of each month, 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, E. T. Stulz, The Warfield Apt., Alexandria, Va.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Lewis Breswitz, 651 Second street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O Street, Northwest.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, H. O. Brubaker 517 Harvard street northwest.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets 1st Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P Cannon, 408 12th street s e.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n.w. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth street northwest.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, Miss Mary Farmer, 154 A St. northeast.

Tailors Industrial Union No. 166: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 811 E street N. W. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I Trundle. 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place northwest.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets 1st and 3d Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, R. F. Dant, 20th & Bryant St. n.e., Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 6th street northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

A BIT HUMOROUS

A professor in a medical college had one exasperating student.

"You see, Mr. Smith," said the professor to this young man one day, "the subject of this diagram limps, because one of his legs is a trifle shorter than the other. Now, what should you do in such a case?"

"I should limp, too, I think, sir," replied the student, with an expression of perfect innocence on his face. —Tit-Bits.

• • • •

"Now, Dorothy," said the teacher to a small pupil, "can you tell me what a panther is?"

"Yeth, ma'am," lisped Dorothy. "A panther ith a man that makths panths."—Chicago News.

• • • •

Brown (on fishing trip)—Boys, the boat is sinking! Is there any one here who knows how to pray,

Jones (eagerly)—I do.

Brown—All right. You pray and the rest of us will put on lifebelts. They're one shy.—New York Globe.

• • •

"Have you anything to say before I pass sentence?"

"Yes, your honor. I would call your attention to the fact that the fool lawyer who defended me was assigned to the case by yourself."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

• • • •

"Mother," asked Tommy, "is it right to say that you 'water a horse' when he is thirsty;"

"Yes, my dear," said his mother.

"Well, then," said Tommy, picking up a saucer, "I'm going to milk the cat."—The Labor Clarion.

• • • •

Houseman—If I'd known you were going to drop in on us so unexpectedly, we would have had a better dinner.

Horton—Don't mention it, old man; but next time I'll be sure to let you know.

• • • •

"Madam," said the man in the street car. "I know I ought to get up and give you my seat, but unfortunately I've joined the Sit Still Club."

"That's all right, sir," replied the woman. "And you must excuse me for staring at you so hard; I am a member of the Stand and Stare Club."

She proved herself so active and conscientious a member that the man began to feel uncomfortable under her gaze. Finally he rose and said: "Take my seat, madam; I guess I'll resign from my club and join yours."

NEVER HAD IT.

"To what do you attribute your longevity?" asked the reporter.

"My which?" questioned the oldest inhabitant.

"Your longevity" repeated the reporter.

"Never had it. As far as I can remember I ain't never had no such complaint."

VALUABLE INACCURACY.

Pat was a witty young recruit, who was taking instruction in markmanship. The squad had finished firing. Pat was brought to task for his poor shooting, and told that he must do better at the next distance; there were to be seven rounds of quick firing.

"Now, Pat," the sergeant told him, "fire at target number five." Pat banged away, and hit target number four seven times in succession.

"What target did you aim at?" asked the irate officer.

"Number five, sor," answered Pat.

"And you have hit number four every time."

"Bedad, sor," retorted Pat, "that would be a grand thing in war. Sure, I might aim at a private and hit a gin'ral!"

PAPERMAKERS TALK STRIKE.

Holyoke, Mass.—Papermakers employed by the Valley Paper Company are talking strike because the manager refuses to grant the wage requests of women employes in the rag room. These women are asking for a rate of $7.50 a week and are now on strike. The state board of conciliation and arbitration investigated the case and decided in favor of the strikers, but the company has ignored this decision.

ARREST 8-HOUR VIOLATOR.

Port Arthur, Tex.—Through affidavits furnished the grand jury by union carpenters, the contractor in charge of a new school building at Sabine has been arrested for violating the state eight-hour law. The Carpenters' Union, it is announced, will employ counsel to assist in the prosecution of the case.

ATTENTION!

The Label Trades Department of the A. F. of L. at the last convention held in Philadelphia, decided that the only bona fide label when buying clothes is the label of the Union Garment Workers of America, and can only be procured at Jos. A. Wilner and Kassan, custom tailors, corner 8th and G sts. Northwest.

I. GANTZ, Sec. Local No. 11,
U. G. W. of A.

P. B. Suits

for Spring and Summer in all the new colorings

$15-$18-$25

Parker, Bridget & Co.

HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Where Good Things are Made to Eat.

The Washington Lunch

All Cakes and Pastries "Fresh From Our Ovens," Daily.

BROWN & STONE 1001-1227 Pa. Ave. N.W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

— TRY —

Butler's Rheumatic and Gout Remedy

also a Kidney and Heart Tonic

Price 50 cts. per Bottle

(6 BOTTLES FOR $2.50)

MANUFACTURED SINCE 1872 BY

BUTLER & FIELD, Pharmacists

Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Gayety, 9th St. bet. E & F Sts. N. W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Mid-City, - - - 7th & N Sts. N. W.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th & C Sts. N. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Belmont, - - 14th & V Sts. N. W.
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Orpheum Stanton Park, 219 4th N. E.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Peerless Park, 3104 Georgia Ave. N.W.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Empress, - 9th St. bet. D & E, N.W.
Chelsea, M St. 19 & 20, N.W. (colored)
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Wonderland Park, Fla. Ave. & 15 N.E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Liberty Park, N. Capitol & N. Y. Ave.
Liberty Theatre. N. Capitol & P St.
Blue Mouse, - 26th & M Sts. N. W.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Penn Air Dome, 9th & Pa. Ave. S. E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Lafayette - - - - 1307 E St. N. W.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Scenic Wisconsin Ave. & N St. N.W.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd

THE

Trades Unionist

Is published in the interest of the wageworkers of the District of Columbia in particular, and the labor movement of the world in general, and, Mr. Union Man, during the year 1913 placed YOUR side of the industrial battle before One Hundred and Sixty Thousand Readers. Will you help double that number for the year 1914? All that is necessary for you to do is to enroll as a subscriber, and get a friend to do the same. You can afford the price:

$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

THE TRADES UNIONIST represents the labor movement in its varied activities, according to the Declaration of Principles of the American Federation of Labor. Send in a trial subscription. Address THE

Trades Unionist

604 Fifth Street Northwest,

Voice from the Well—Help! Help! Philanthropist—Be patient, my good man. Your case will be investigated, and, if found deserving you will receive assistance in due course. —Life.

Corby's Yeast Is Union Made

The Corby Company

Washington, D. C. Station K

140 I. P. E. U.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer
Bearing the Union Label

WIENER BEER (Light) CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 ROSSLYN, VA.

ESTABLISHED 1865

Rolling Fork Malt Whisky

The Finest Malt Whisky produced. 75c Full quart only at CHRISTIAN XANDE'RS

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 27

FOLLOW THE CROWD

TO THE **SONG SHOP**

9th and D Streets N. W.

All the Latest Popular Song Hits 10 Cents per Copy

MAJESTIC THEATRE

HARRIS & GRIEVES, MGRS

John Grieves Big Burlesque Stock Company in a New Travesty Each Week

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS

TUESDAY: Waltzing Contest.
WEDNESDAY: Amateur Contest.
THURSDAY: Grocery Night.
MATINEES: Tues., Thurs., and Sat.
FRIDAY: Wrestling Contest.
SATURDAY: Chorus Girls Contest.
SUNDAY NIGHT: Special Contest.
The Best Show in the City.

PRICES: 10, 20 and 30 CENTS

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

ALLEN'S BUFFET
PAUL ALLEN, Prop. No. 2 N Street Northeast

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

P. J. McDONALD'S BUFFET
Phone Lin. 2790 643 Penn. Ave. S. E.

JOHNSON'S BUFFET
405 10th Street N. W.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

THE HOTEL LYONS
906 Penn. Ave. N. W. M. M. Lyons, Prop.

M. H. RAFTERY'S BUFFET
Phone Main 3748 1908 Penn. Ave. N. W.

THEO. I. BEUCHERT'S BUFFET
Phone Lin. 1476 623 Penn Ave. S. E.

H. J. KEOUGH'S BUFFET
1st and D Streets Northeast.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevator Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 747

JEWELER.
BENJAMIN GREENBERG, 1718 Penn. Ave. Northwest. Watches & Diamonds Specialites Phone Main 522

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty
420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. B. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. for old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Prescriptron No 2220.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

ADVERTISE IN YOUR LABOR PAPER FOR RESULTS.